PA OPINION This is an application for rezoning of a tract of land presently zoned R-6 and

R-10 on the zoning map which was adopted on November 15, 1962 as part of the western area. The tract is one of approximately fourteen acres located on Ingleside Avenue begin ning at a point approximately 140 feet west of Security Baulevard in the First District of

The petitioner proposes to develop the land for garden-type apartment use with 214 living units consisting of 98 one-bedroom apartments, 98 two-bedroom apartments. and 18 three-bedroom apartments to rent from \$120 to \$135 per month including utilities, and the plans provide for 287 parking spaces for automobiles.
The architect presented sketches of the type of structure to be used and testified that the land, from an architect's point of view, was not practicul for home subdivision because of its topography and the structure of the underlying rock. The engineer who had prepared the layout for the prop erty and had studied the topography testified that out of twenty-nine rock borings only thirteen went as deep as ten feet before hitting solid rock, and that while there was adequate provision in the area for both water and sanitary sewers it would be very expensive to install the same for any kind of development of individual homes on the property and that, according to his figures, a development cost per lot under an R-10 use would exceed \$3600 per lot plus area sewer connection charges and other items, whereas the usual maximum cost should be not more than \$2500. He further testifier that the road pattern to be used if apartments were to be built would be better and safer than anything that could be planned for individual hame construction, and that either R-6 or R-10 development was not economically feasible.

An engineer testifying for the protestants disagreed with these figures and stated that, in his opinion, the cost could be kept down to \$2560 per lot but in arriving at this figure he had made no allowance whatever for excavation or removing rock from the property, and further testified that, in his opinion, \$2800 per lot was the top cost a builder could expect to pay for this purpose. Both engineers agreed that this was a very difficult lat even for apartments but it could be so developed, with imagination, as to be eco.amically feasible for apartment use.

Guarantee Title - #65-69-R

#65-69 R.

Guarantee Title - #65-69-R

sometime in the tuture

neighborhood.

E ard, if any

will be aranted.

to feel that this case might have some nebulous effect on commercial rezoning near him at

qualified real estate appraiser and consultant, who testified that the property could be

utilized for R-10 development which is undoubtedly true if cost is not considered as a factor

but even he stated, on cross-examination, that he felt the highest and best use of this prop-

erty, in the absence of any zoning problems, would be for apartment development. He

also conceded that there is a growing need for apartments and rental housing as well as for

cottages. Protestants also called Mrs. Dorothy N. Boone, who had been a member of the County Council on November 15, 1962, as a witness to rebut Mr. Willemain's testimony as

to what occurred at the time of the adoption of the map by the County Council. Among

other things she testified that she felt that if part of the apartment zoning which appeared on

the map were withdrawn from such use by Leing put to other purposes said should be replaced under the comprehensive plan by other areas to provide necessary rental housing space.

lined above, the Board feels that there was at least some degree of error in the adoption of

the map as to this particular property; that there have been substantial changes sufficient to

warrant the granting of the application; that no harm will be done to the general welfare by

its granting; that the subject property is a logical place for the granting of apartment zoning

to fill the accepted need for said zoning in this area; and that the construction of apartments in accordance with the plans as presented by the petitioner make good common sense in every respect and will be an asset to the community. We can find no reason whatever

to substantiate the procestants' fears that this might lead to more commercial zoning in the

ORDER For the reasons set forth in the aforegoing Opinion, it is this AM day of October, 1965 by the County Board of Appeals, ORDERED that the reclassification

petitioned for, be and the same is hereby GRANTED

Through all the considerations in this case and upon the testimony as out-

The question was raised at our hearing as to whether or not the protestants were "aggrieved parties". We will not rule on this question as we feel that this is a legal question which can only properly be raised by the Circuit Court on an appeal from this

For the foregoing reasons the application for reclassification to R-A zoning

Another witness called by the protestants was C. Gordon Gilbert, an eminent

Any appeal from this decision must be in accordance with Chapter 1100. subtitle B. of Maryland Rules of Procedure, 1961 edition.

COUNTY BOARD OF APPEALS

Guarantee Title - #65-69-R

#65-69 R

Mr. W. Worthington Ewell, a traffic expert, testified as to traffic counts he had made in the vicinity and, in his opinion, the planned construction would not bring about any congestion even near to the capacity of the existing roads. He further testified that all of the land on the south side of Ingleside Avenue, opposite the property, had been acquired by the State Roads Commission as part of an interchange to be constructed between Security Boulevard and the new Route 70-N which is under construction at the time Although the land has been taken for the above mentioned interchange no construction ha been started to date, but somewhat north of the property Route 70 -N is under construction together with a large and complicated interchange with the Baltimore County Beltway.

Mr. John L. Duerr. Roads Engineer for the State Roads Commission, also testified to these facts and produced as an exhibit the State Roads plat of the proposed interchange directly south of the subject property. There will be no direct interchange between 70-N and Ingleside Avenue. The Board can find an assibility of any traffic connection which might be caused by the proposed land use although the above mentioned interchange will very soon make for substantial changes in the traffic patterns in the neighborhood.

Mr. Remard Willemain, a recognized expert in the planning field, testified, among other things, that he had investigated the subject property and had done other work in the area. He said that the Planning Board recommended and the composite comprehen sive quide plan of Baltimore County showed this property as R-A at the time of the adoption of the map and that the present comprehensive guide plan of the Planning Department also nded this land for apartment use. Directly north of the property is located a large tract upon which is St. Lawrence Church and School which would act as a permanent barrier between any further application of apartment zoning north on Security Boulevard, and that the extension of Route 70-N would got as a similar barrier to the west of the property as the State Roads Commission has a right-of-way crossing Ingleside between the Westcliffe and Strawberry Hill apartments, both located on Ingleside Avenue a short distance from the subject property. Mr. Willemain spoke of the conditions surrounding the adoption of the original map in 1962 and stated that at that time it had been requested that this property be zoned R-A which proposal was looked on with favor by the County Council but which reques was made too late so that the County Council declined to take any action for change on the map because it had already held hearings in connection with the Western Area zoning map. He expressed his opinion that the Planning office made no recommendation and presented no Information to the County Council under which it could reasonably have zoned this property as R-6 and R-10, and that apparently the Planning Department did not know what the State Roads Commission was doing and if they did they did not teil the County Council. He further testified, as a planner, that this property was absolutely no good for single family use because of the terrain, its location near heavily traveled arterial highways, not only present

Guarantee Title - #65-69-R

but planned for the immediate future, and its proximity to the City Line. He also said that the present zoning does not provide a reasonable or logical use and that at the time of the adoption of the map the Council had taken no consideration of the need of apartments in the area. He detailed in his testimony several R-A zonings within reasonable distance of the subject property and without going into detail the Board believes that the evidence supports its finding that all of the R-A zones in the area are either completely built up or under construction, or will be used for other than residential purposes; one prime example being that of a large tract (1 R-A 16) which after being zoned R-A by the County Council was acquired by the Social Security Administration for use as a parking lot. This one factor alone has emoved a good percentage of the available apartment potential from this area zoning map. A number of other areas are being used for such purposes as town houses, doctors' offices, churches and office buildings. Further testimony indicated that Security Boulevard has Baltimore Transit bus service which obviously it did not have before Security Baulevard was completed, and he felt that the construction of garden apartments at this location would have no adverse effect an either the immediate adjoining property or the community as a whole.

Mr. George E. Gavrelis, Director of Planning and Zoning, had filed comment before the Zoning Commissioner (who incidentally granted the petition for reclassification) and his comments indicated that to the best of his recollection the question of apartment zoning had come up before the County Cauncil at the time of final action on the Western Area zoning map and that the Council concurred with the concept of apartment zoning here but felt that it could not take any action since the request was made after the public hearings were closed which left the property owner no recourse other than to ask for a change by way of petition. Mr. Gavrelis testified that there have been great changes in both population and demand for rental housing in the area since the adoption of the map. The entire Planning staff, after studying this property, felt that with the expansion in the area the subject property should be properly zoned for higher densities in a residential classification. He felt that his opinion was now the same as it was at the time of the map's adoption and among other factors the basis for this opi on to put apartment zoning here would have a good relationship to other land uses; that the corridor along Security Boulevard lends itself to apartment use; that there is institutional use next door; and that in view of the continued and existing pressure for more rental housing it was a necessity that some provision be made for apartments in the area especially in the nature of moderately priced rental housing such as is proposed in the present application. He further stated that at the time of the adoption of the map the classification was related to existing road patterns which have changed greetly by the improvement of Ingleside Avenue at its crossing of Security Boulevard and its extension into Baltimore City, and that at the time of the adoption of the map Mt. Vernon Drive was only a paper street but is now used as an access road to St.

Guarantee Title - #65-69-R

\$65-6 Lawrence Church and School and other developments north of the subject tract. He state in his opinion, one zoning change does not necessarily cause other changes and probably would not in this case because of local conditions of land use.

-4-

The protestant who took the appeal from the Zoning Commissioner's granting of the petition in this case was the Rescom Land Leasing Corporation which is one of the owners of the fee simple property improved by the St. Agnes Apartments approximately orhalf mile away from the subject property. Mr. P. T. Lemmon, the President and one of owners of Rescom Land Lausing Corporation, testified very frankly that he has a special in terest in the area of the subject property because he is a substantial property owner in the Further, his experience has qualified him as an expert real estate appraiser and consultant he having served for five years as a salesman for the Roland Park Company and a the chief appraiser for the F.H.A. in Maryland for twenty-one years up to 1955, except to three years service in the Navy for whom he did real estate work in World Wor II. He nted in evidence protestants' exhibit "A", an aerial photograph taken by him of the surrounding area, which gives a very graphic picture of the land in the vicinity north of Ingleside Avenue up to the Social Security Building and the Baltimore County Beltway, but unfortunately not of the area south of Ingleside. His testimony was thoroughly frank in that he stated that all of the signs showed an increase in population calling for an increase in demand for rental housing in the area, and stated that he was not opposed to apartments on this site per se and as a matter of fact was not opposed to this particular project although he felt it would be possible to develop it for cottage use. His reason for opposing the application seemed to be that he feels that a change here might cause a chair reaction of same kind leading to further commercial zoning in the area, and that there are presently pending some other applications for zoning changes in the area which he felt might open "Pandora's Box" which might affect his own commercial land on Route 40 (1 8-M 9 near Johnnycake Road) to the east, that it would help his property by providing more customers for business use but on the other hand would hurt if it led to the opening of more commercial land which would be in competition with him. The Board does not share his fears in any of these respects as we do not believe that the granting of the within application would have any influence whatever on any other application in the entire general area and certainly could not lead to any "chain reaction" affecting the immediate adjoining properties because of the present land uses by which mun areas are currently occurried.

The only other protestant was a gentleman who lives in ϵ home three-tenth of a mile from the subject property who testified that he cannot see the subjec' property from his home except from upstairs in the wintertime. He stated that he was opposed to any change in zoning at all anywhere, and though not opposed to apartments generally seemed

PETITION FOR ZONING RE-CLASSIFICATION AND/OR SPECIAL EXCEPTION 465

TO THE ZONING COMMISSIONER OF RALTIMORE COUNTY

of Bmerica, a Maryland corporation I, or we. Sun Life Insurance Co. / legal owner. of the property situate in Baitimore. unty and which is described in the description and plat attached hereto and made a part hereof. CEL 2. hereby petition (I) that the zoning status of the herein described property he re-classified, pursuant to the Zoning Law of Baltimore County, from an ... R-6 and R-10 RA 8/24/69

Error in the Comprehensive Zoning Map.

See Attached Description

and (2) for a Special Exception, under the said Zoning Law and Zoning Regulations of Baltimor County, to use the herein described property, for

Property is to be posted and advertised as prescribed by Zoning Regulations I, or we, agree to pay expenses of above re-classification and/or Special Exception advertising posting, etc., upon filing of this petition, and further agree to and are to be bound by the zoning regulations and restrictions of Baltimore County adopted pursuant to the Zoning Law for Baltimore GUARANTSE TITLE HOLDING CORPORATION

BY SUN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERIC WE W CORFORATION
BY: KH Cluve Hofficener.
BY: Khinton Address
Middless K Martin William L. Siskind

933 Maryland National Bank Bldg. Baltimore, Maryland 21202

Protestant's Attorney

ORDERED By The Zoning Commissioner of Baltimore County, this 31st July 196. Is that the subject matter of this petition be advertised, as required by the Zoning Law of Baltimore County, in two newspapers of general circulation throughout Baltimore County, that property be posted, and that the public hearing be had before the Zoning Commissioner of Baltimore County in Room 106, County Office Building in Towson, Baltimore 2nd day of September

110.65-69-1

RES PETITION FOR DECLARSISTICATION

From R-6 and R-10 to R-0 7cm

North side of Ingleside Ave. 140' W. Security Boulevard, 1st District - Guarentee

file Holding Corporation

The potitioner has requested a reclassification, from 8-6 and 8-10 zeros to 8-A Zone of propertyplocated on the marth side of Inglaside Avenue 140 feat mest of Security Boulevard, in the First District of Baltimore Court y.

BEFORE

ZONTHS CONNESSTONE

OF

PALYTHORE COUNTY

At the time of the hearing there was a possibility that a Master Flow might be in effect within a short time after the hearing. The Master Plan is still being wards on, but the Jirottor of the Office of Planning and Zoning in a Masorantum dated December $\lambda_1 | 10 \delta_{\rm bis}|$ indicated:

"We noted in our earlier comments, the subject property rs on the Composito Gurde Plan as being appropriate for apartment The Guide Plan has been approved by the Planning Soard subject bitc hearings now being arranged".

For the above reasons the reclessification should begrante

Description of Land to be Rezoned from R-6 to R-A, Security Boulevard and Ingleside Avenue September 3, 1963

Beginning for the same at a point on the north side of Ingleside Avenue 70.00 feet wide, said point of beginning being distant 75.00 feet, measured westerly along said north side of Ingleside Avenue from 4277 the west side of Sacurity Boulevard 140.00 feet wide, said point of beginning being the end of the fourteenth or South 23° 35' 54" West 113.28 foot line of the first parcel of land described in a deed from Franklin M. Zimmerman et al to Guarantee Title Holding Corporation dated August 11, 1961, and recorded among the Land Records of Baltimore County in Liber W.J.R. 3888, folio 060, and running thence binding on the fifteenth line of the first parcel of said deed and binding on said north side of Ingleside Avenue South 64° 25° 56" West 198.00 feet, thence binding on the sixteenth line of said deed North 16° 16° 20° West 234.79 feet to intersect the second or Northeasterly 1300 foot more or less line of Zoning Area 1-R-6-28, thence binding on part of said second line of Zoning Area 1-R-6-28, as now surveyed North 66° 30° 36" East 271.68 feet to intersect the said west side of Security Boulevard, thence binding on said west side of Security Boulevard South 15° 41° 39" East 150.00 feet, thence South 23° 35° 54° West 113.28 feet to the place of beginning.

Containing 1.354 acres of land more or less.

Being part of the first parcel of land described in a deed from
Franklin M. Zimmerman et al to Guarantee Title Holding Corporation dated
August 11, 1961, and recorded among the Land Records of Baltimore County
in Liber W.J.R. 3888, folio 080.

George William Stephens, Jr., and Associates, Inc.

Description of land to be Rezened from R-10 to R-A, Security Boulevard and Ingleside Avenue

September 3, 1963

Beginning for the same at a point on the West side of Security Roulevard 140.00 feet wide said point of beginning being distant 225.00 feet measured northerly along said west side of Security Poulevard from the morth side of Ingleside Avenue 70.00 feet wide, said point of buinnine being the end of the last or 1300 foot more or less line of Zoning Area 1-R-10-14, said point of beginning being on the thirteenth or South 150 41' 39" East 199.81 foot line of the first percel of land described in a deed from Franklin M. Zimmerman et al to Guarantee Title Holding Corporation dated August 11, 1951, and recorded among the Land Records of Baltimore County in Libor W. J.R. 3888, folio 080, at a point distant 49.81 feet from the beginning of said thirteenth line, and running thence binding reversely on part of gaid last line of Zoning Area 1-R-10-14, as now surveyed South 66° 30' 36" West 271.68 feet to the end of the sixteenth or North 16° 16' 20" West 234.79 foot line of the first parcel of said deed, thence South 63° 43' 40" West continuing to bind reversely on part of the last line of said Zoning Area 1-R-10-14 as now surveyed, and binding on the last line of the first parcel of said deed in all 178.41 feet, thence binding on the first line of the first parcel said deed North 29° 31' 20" West 355.95 feet to the north side of Eberhart Avenue 30.00 feet wide, thence binding on said north side of Eberhart Avenue and binding on the second line of the first parcel of said dead South 54° 27' 20" West 392.24 feet thence binding on the third through the seventh line of the first parcel of said deed the five following courses and distances viz: first North 35° 29' 00" West 132.83 feet,

Description of Land to be Rezoned from R-10 to R-A Security Boulevard and Ingleside Avenue September 3, 1963 Sheet 2

second North 23° 57' 36" Hast 502.54 feet, third North 47° 07' 20" East 47.53 feet. fourth North 49° 55' 00° East 62.88 feet. and fifth North 57º 48° 10° East 74.77 feet to a point on the South side of Mount Vernon Drive 50.00 fest wide, thence binding on said south side of Mount Vernon Drive and binding on the eighth and minth lines of the first percel of said deed the two following courses and distances viz: first easterly along a curve to the right with a redius of 250.00 feet for a distance of 152.82 feet, said curve being subtended by a chord bearing North 82° 06' 25" East 150.45 feet, and second easterly along a curve to the left with a radius of 1250.00 feet for a distance of 325.93 feet, said curve being subtended by a chord bearing South 87° 51' 05" East 325.01 fast to intersect the West side of Security Boulevard, thence binding on said West side of Security Boulevard the four following courses and distances viz: first Southeaster/y along a curve to the right with a radius of 2940.00 feet, for a distance of 136.94 feet, said curve being subtended by a chord bearing South 17º 01' 43" East 136.94 feet, second South 15º 41' 39" East 256.93 feet, third South 12" 07' 15" East 160.30 feet, and fourth South 15° 41' 39" East 49.81 feet to the place of beginning.

Containing 11.326 acres of land more or less.

Being part of the first parcel of land described in a deed from Franklin M. Zimmerman et al to Guarantee Title Holding Corporation dated August 11, 1961, and recorded among the Land Records of Baltimore County in Liber W.J.R. 3888, folio 200.

\$ 65-69- R Gittle February 16, 1965

Noil Tabor, Esquire Noil Tribor miskind and Tribor Attornays at Law 933 Maryland National Bank Duilding Daltimoro, Haryland 21202

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RE: Rescon

I have made a cursory check of the records in Baltimore County regarding property camed by Rescon Lend Leading Corporation in the Catenaville area of Baltimore County and have found the

- 0.4043 ceres and 2.455 ceres on the north side of Sattlibero Marional Piko between Johnnyaha Bard and St. Agnes Lane, reference d.S.A. 2185, follo 25.
- 0.036 series and 3.470 series on the north side of Frederick Road opposite Thistle. A.(reference C.L.S. 3160, folio 11.
- Numerous lots in the developments known as Stonewall Fork and Cateneville Homer. These developments are in the vicinity of Frederick to the Cateners.

I have checked the sening case No. 65-69R and found that to date Rescon is the only Appallent.

I trust the shows will be of some help the you.

R. ____ Proc midw

REP: 140

followings

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT . MITCHELL AUSTRA,
ILLAM G. RAIDUEL, and
. Olles PARKER, constitute County Moard of Appe FOR PALTIMORE COUNTY GEORGE E. MELLOR, EDRIA M. MELLOR, MANDAMET HELLOR, and FARLAUD, IND., a body corpor FARLAUD, IND., a body corpor

This matter is before the Court on a Demurror of George R. Mellor, Edria H. Hollor and Hargaret Hellor, owners, and Farland, Inc., a body corporate, Intervening Appellece, to the Potition for appeal of Rescon Lend Leaning Corporation, Protestant. The appeal is from an Order of the County Board of Appeals of Baltimore County Cated October 6, 195h, in which it granted a replaceification from an "R-6" some to an "R-4" of a percel of land containing 3.3% acres cituate on the North cids of Edwardson Avenue near ito intersection with Califold Road. The Potitioners seek the replaceification and propose to erest garden-type apartments on the property

The Potition for appeal was filed by Resorm Land Leasing Corporation, one of the Protestante appearing before the County Board of Appeals, said Potition being filed enHovember 2, 1954. The Intervening Appelless on Nevember 27, 1954, interposed a Demirror to the Potation for Appeal. The specific ground of Denurrer is that the Appellant's Potition fails to allege any feats chaning that it is a party to the proceeding "who is aggrieved by the decicion of the County Board of Appeals as required by Scotion 60h of the Beltimore County Charter as referred to in Scotion 23-27 of the Haltimore County Code (1963 Supplement) and Scotion 501,4 of the Boltimore County soming regulations (Bill No. 80 passed by the County Council of Baltimore County, Ear/lend on June 10, 1950, and effective July 25, 1950). SISKIND AND TABOR

A. HEHMAN E-PENO MILLIAM L. BIBERRO MELL TABOR

.

February 24, 1965

Re: Security Boulevard Property

George William Stephens & Associates 303 Alleghany Avenue Towson, Maryland 21204

Attentions Mr. John J. Hochedor, Jr.

Dear Mr. Hocheders

As per our conversation, I am enclosing herewith Earl Frederick's title report with reference to the property eward by Rescom Land Leasing Corporation in the Canasarille area. As you know, what I would like you to do is to show these properties on a Baltimore Counplat and specifically indicate the approximate distant the property which is the subject of the scaling case.

If you need say more information, please do not hesitate to call Earl

Muil

NTHE

C. C.: R. Earl Frederick, Esquire



For the purpose of reling on the Persurer all facts alleged in the Patition for appeal ore admitted.

The inpullant's Petition for appeal consists of 6 typesmitten pages, was carefully drafted and propurably alloges all facts available to the Ampellant. The Potition alleger, energ other things, that the Appellant entate on College: (1) parcel containing approximately 5 acros of unincreved hand moned "P.-L. (Business, Local)" on the North side of Prederick Road 1500 fact Nept of Holling and being citmate 3/h of a mile from the property re-council by the County Board of Appender (2) purcel containing approximately h.5 cores somed "B.-M. (Encinoss, Major)" situate on the Morth side of Baltimere Hatianal Pike 250 feet hast of Johnnysake Road and being 1-3/4 niles from the subject property, a portion of said parcel being improved by a Cities Service gasoline station and the remaining portion being unimproved, At the time of argument, an merial photo showing the property reclassified and the properties e.med by the Appellant was exhibited to the Court without objection on the part of councel. From this sorial photo, the Court was able to observe, and it is conceded, that the properties of the Appellant cannot be seen from the property reclassified, and consequently, con on the properties of the Appellant cannot see the re-zoned property.

The cruz of the Annellant's specific priovages is set forth in paragraph 3 of the Potition for appeal and which was developed during the course of argument before the Court. The Appellant's position forming the basis were which he alleges that he is "secretoved" by the propest apartment house replausification is that the Applicants for this reclassification our adjacent land to the spartment house area which the Appellant feels at some time in the future may be reclassified for cornercial use which will preclude it from it dov-losing its existing percels of ground already classified for such business use. In other words, the Appellant is not c 'coular to the present reclassification for apartment house use but is tation objecting to what night happen in the future on the remaining tract metalized by the Pottstanors for the sportners boung replace Cleation-

The Court finds that the grievance of the Appellant, if any in fact exists, is a future grievance and not a present one. For this ressen, the

Court of Appeals of Maryland

No. 161. September Term. 1961-Filed February 8, 1965 CITY OF GREENBELT, MARYLAND PT AL.

CARL J. JAEGER, JR. Two appeals in one record from the Circu-porge's County. William B. Bowle, Judge.

mai.

Wird anieus curius filed by Robert W. Kroson, Gerold F.
Kustoseki, Richard Recker, Dennia Web, Alian York, William
Reikersder, Edward Buren, Leo C. Redegeric, Eric B. Saith,
Arthur Miller, William Derry and Robert Ode, all of Prince
George's County, Mary Inde- normath, on the brief.

George's Centry, Maryland—novants, on the brief.

Argued by Parend V. Pauere (Saisece, Claspit at Powers
on the brief), all of Upper Martheon, Maryland, for appeller.

Brief antiens centre field by the United States State of
America, Researy Clark, Assistant Attorney Greenest, Report P.

Moyets and Edward K. Clark, Attempts, Department of Pastile,
all of Washington, D. C., to the brief.

lication For Sectionalifestion As To Cos-Aggelesed

solution of the control of the contr

THE DAILY RECORD

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Argued before PRESCOTT, C. J.; HAMMOND, RORNEY, SURERT and THOMAS J. KEATING, JR. (Specially Assigned), JL.

Court cannot find that the Appellant is a party presently and currently aggricred by the decision of the County Board of Appeals. The Court does not feel that the Appellant has elleged that it "has or will suffer a private and special aroung different in character and kind from that suffered by the public generally and that the Demurrar to the Potition for appeal should be sustained. See Pattimen v. Corby, 225 Hd. 97 and cases therein cited and Marcus v. Montgarery County Council, 235 Md. 535.

The remaining allegations of the Petition for appeal criticism the precedure followed by the County Board of Appeals as a public administrative body and accort reasons why its decision should be reversed. It is not necessary to deal with these allegations since the Court complutes that the Appollent does not have the requirite legal standing to maintain

In conformity with the above Opinion, it is this 27th day of January, 1955, by the Circuit Court for Baltimore County CRDERED that the Denurror of the Intervening Appelless to the Appellent's Potition for Appell be and the same is hereby sustained without leave to mend, the costs to be paid by the Appellant.

/a/ Walter M. Jenifer Walter H. Jenifer

Dated: January 27, 1965.



LEXINGTON 9-4742

1029 SAINT PAUL STREET BALTIMORE 2. MARYLAND TY IS A PRICELESS HERITAGE

STORE MODICES 3DVA' 16ZE 4' 1622

5 January 1965

JOHN G. ROSE, Zoning Commissioner office Building

In Res Appeal - Zoning Petition No. 65-69-R Towson, Maryland 21204

Dear Mr. Commissioner:

secold.

Pattines et a. Carley, 200 and course of a lie of g. Pattines et a. Carley, 200 and course by an individual testine, a honoreware sign of the honoreware sign of the second property of the property. If the results are property of the property, if the results are property of the property, if the results are property of the property, if the results are property of the property in the left of the property of the property

You are respectfully informed that this is an appeal by Rescon Land Leasing Corporation, as an agreement Baltimore County tayanyer, from your Order, dated December 7, 1964, in the subject Petition - granting a Reclassification of zoning from Re6 and N-10 zones

You will find Rescars check in the amount of \$90.00 to the order of Salthore County-Maryland, to cover the cost of the appeal.

Your Order rests upon a so-called "Composite Guide Flam" which does not exist - either legally or in reality. Also, upon "Air Cavrells" comments - even though Mr. Also, upon "Air Cavrells" comments - even though Mr. and the prefer person and, therefore, could not be cross-marked.

Your acknowledgement of this appeal is requested.

Very truly yours.



RESCON LAND LEASING CORPORATION 1.1. Kommed.

Project Presentation

RE: PETITION OF GUARANTEE TITLE
NOLDING CORPORATION for
Reclassification from "R-6" and
"R-10" Zones to an "R-A" Zone,
N/S Ingleside Avenue, 140' West
of Security Boulevard, First
Election District of Baltimore

BEFORE THE
COUNTY BOARD OF APPEALS
OF
BALTIMORE COUNTY

No. 65-69-R

REPLY LEGAL MEMORANDUM OF GUARANTEE TITLE HOLDING CORPORATION

Protestants' Memorandum is devoted to two Issues: (i) the legal issue concerning the status of Protestants as "proper parties" in this case; and (ii) the factual issue as to whether sufficient evidence was introduced before the Board to establish "error" in the zoning map with respect to the subject property. For convenience this Reply Memorandum will deal with each of these issues in the same order thay were treated in Protestants'

i. Status of Protestants as Proper Parties.

Protestants' Memorandum seeks to sustain their position that
Rescom Land Leasing Corporation (the corporation which took the Appeal to
this Beard) and/or Mr. Geared Engel (a property owner in the neighborhood
who appeared at the hearing in opposition to the Petition for Reclassification
are proper parties. Petitioner submits that activer of them are proper
parties and that the Appeal should be dismissed for this reason.

Protestants' Memorandum further states that the Trial Memorandum previously submitted by Petitioner failed to deal with the status of Mr. Conrad Engel, a property owner in the neighborhood of the subject property, who appeared at the hearing in upposition to the Petition. The reason why Petitioner's Tail Memorandum failed to deal with the status of Mr. Engel is

that the Memorandum was prepared prior to the hearing, and Mr. Engel, who did not join in the Appeal, made his first appearance in the case at the hearing itself. As such his status is at the most that of an intervenor although no formal patition to intervenoe was filed. Since the Appeal was taken only by Rescom Land Leasing Corporation, the Appeal must perforce stand on fall proceedings on whether or not Rescom is a proper party. If the Appeal was not taken by a proper party, intervention after the expiration of the thirty day appeal period will not curethe defect. Nyburg v. Solmson, 250 Md. 190, 106 A 24 483; Window Hills Improvements Association v. Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, 195 Md. 383, 73 A 26 531. An intervenor cannot accomplish by intervention that which the party prosecuting the Appeal failed to do, namely, procure a proper "person aggrieved" to intitate the Appeal within the 30 day appeal period.

Petitioner submits that Rescom is not a proper party in this proceeding for two reasons:

1. The objection of Rescom was only as to a possible future grievance and not as to a present grievance. Mr. Lemmon, the President of Rescom, testified that his objection was not to the construction of apartments per as on the subject property, but was rather to the granting of the reclassification which would establish a precedent and be an "entering wedge" for the "breaking of the map" in future cases. This type of objection has been held insufficient to establish a proper "party aggrieved" under the statute. See Pattison v. Corby, 226 Md. 97, 172 A 2d 490, an extract from

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which is quoted on page 2 of Petitioner's Trial Memorandum. See also Judgs Jentier's Opinion in Rescom Land Leasing Corporation v. Mellor (Circuit Court for Baltimore County, Miscellaneous Docket 7, folio 435, Case No. 3119) in which the Court stated that:

"The crux of the Appellant's specific grievance is set forth in paragraph 3 of the Pettition for Appeal and which was developed during the course of argument before the Court. The Appellant's position forming the basis upon which he alleges that he is "aggrieved" by the present apartment house reclassification is that the Applicants for this reclassification own adjacent cation is that the Applicants for this reclassification own adjacent some time in the fature may be reclassified for commercial use which will preclude it from it developing its existing parcels of ground already classified for such business use. In other words, the Appellant is not objecting to the present reclassification for apartment house use, but is rather objecting to what might Pettideres for the apartment house reclassification.

"The Coart finds that the grievance of the Appellant, if any in fact desists, is a future grivance and not a present one. For this reason, the Coart cannot find that the Appellant is a party presently and currently aggrieve, by the decision of the Coanty Board of Appella. The Court does not feel that the Appellant has alleged that it "has or will suffer a private and could be sufficied by the public generally" and that he Demurers to the Petition for Appella thould be sustained.

The same objections to the status of Rescom as a proper party apply with equal pertinence to Mr. Engel. Even if he had been one of the original Appellants (which he of course was not) it is submitted that his testimony established that he had no actual objection to apartment development on the property in question; his real concern was with possible future development and consequently he is not "a party aggri vew" within the statutory definition.

 Reacom as a competitor or potential competitor to an apartment development on the tract in question is not a proper party. The only property owned by Reacom within the vicinity of the tract in question is an undivided one-half interest in the St. Agnes Apartments, approximately

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one-half mile from the site in question. The other properties owned by Rescom in the area are a mile or more away from the subject property (as shown in Petitioner's Trial Memorandum) and are too remote to enable Rescom to qualify as a proper party for purposes of this proceeding. Insofar as the St. Agnes Apartment property is concerned, Rescom is the owner of s potentially competing apartment project and its objection (if in fact it has any) to the proposed apartment development on Petitioner's property is economic in the sense that Rescom will be faced with the competition of another apartment project in the area. The Court of Appeals has held "that the prevention of competition is not a proper element of zoning" (Kreatchman v. Ramsburg, 224 Md. 209, 167 A 2d 345, 351) and one whose real concern is the prevention of competition is not a "party aggricued". See also Cook v. Normac Corporation, 176 Md. 394, 4 A 2d 747. In a very similar case to the case at bar (which did not go to the Court of Appeals) Judge Menchine ruled that corporations which owned apartment houses had no standing to file a Bill in Equity seeking to revoke a building permit for the construction of an apartment building in the vicinity. Grant Bros., Inc. v. Eleven Slade, Inc., Circuit Court for Baltimore Courty Docket 66, folio 389 Case No. 42583.

II. Error in the Comprehensive Zoning Man.

Protestants contend that there was insufficient evidence to prove original error in the classification of the subject property when the zoning area map was adopted. In support of this contention, Protestants state that Mr. Willemain's testimony to the effect that the property was erroneously

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zoned by the Gouncil when it adopted the map was based solely upon the fact that the Council was mided by the fact that part of the property across the street was designated as "RC". Zone) while actually the property was to be used for the cloverleaf of Interviates Highway I-70. This statement is a distortion of Mr. Willemain's testimony. Mr. Willemain used the example of the "RG" Zone on the southwest side of ingleside and Security Boulevard as a glaring example of the confusion in the minds of the members of the Council when they zoned certain neighboring property "RG" when in fact it had actually been in public ownership since 1999 and was not to be made available for private development. The tract which was designated "RG" on the map was in fact to be utilized for the construction of the cloverleaf intersection of the new laterstate lighway I-70. Mr. Willemain adverted to this situation as a classic example of the inadequate and erroneous information given to the coning authorities at the time the map was adopted.

The subject property lies within a few hundred feet of the cloverleaf to an important interstate highway. Definitive information from the Baltimore County Planning Staff and the State Roads Commission is a "must" insofar as such facts bear on the proper soning classificating for the property. In this case the Council was given a map showing "R-6" only, and not showing the location of the cloverleaf for this large interchange. The Council did not have any information of any definitive nature from the Planning Board to clarify or show further the timportance of the interchange or the exact location of the cloverleaf access roads. Also as a further illustration of Mr. Willemain's point, he was allowed to read into the record the comments from the Planning Staff to the Zoning Commissioner in the David Brown, soning case lavolving the southwest, comer of Inglestée and Security Boulevard,

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in which the Planning Staff declared they did not have a clear indication as to where the interchange was going nor the exact land area that was to be taken to construct the cloverleafs, and that this information was not made available to them until after the soning map was adopted. The absence of exact information concerning the interchange left the Council with a complete lack of understanding regarding the relation of the subject property to this very important interested highway. Without this information, Petitioner contends that no one could be in a position to make an intelligent decision as to the proper soning.

Mr. Willemain also Illustrated the suitability of the property for apartment classification at the time the map was adopted by referring to the fact that the Council reclassified the opposite or east side of Security Boulevard to the "RA" Zone for office use. This property encompassed a thin strip of land fronting on Social Security Boulevard for a distance of approximately one mile. The Council seemed to have no hesitation in reclassifying this property to "RA" since it had a petition requesting this change before it. The evidence presented by the Protestants through Mrs. Boone showed there was no petition before the Council concerning the subject property when the Council decided not to change its existing "R-6" and "R-10" classifications. Mr. Garvelis supported this position when he testified that if his Planning Staff had been asked its opinion as to recommending apartment aoning for the subject property at the time the Council was considering adoption of the map, it would have had no hesitation in recommending hapartment classification for this property.

Mr. Willemain also testified to the complete lack of information by the Gouncil as to the need for apartments in this area. To Illustrate, he stated that the only properties somed for apartments within a mile radius of stated that the only properties somed for apartments within a male radius of the subject property was a 26 acre parcel of land which was acquired by the Federal Government and therefore was not available for apartment development. In 1s 26 acre "RA" parcel was spparently an important factor in obtaining the zooing "balance" that was spearently an important factor in obtaining the zooing "balance" that was speared to by Mrs. 30one. The "RA" soning on the east side of Security Boulevard did not alleviate the situation in that this was specially adapted for office use and the publican requesting fits reclassification specifically asked for office use development.

Petitieners recognise the legal proposition referred to in Protestants' Memorandum that 'a winess' option is only as good as his reasons supporting that option'. Petitioners submit that this rule of law applies most strongly with respect to the testimony of Mrs. Boons, who formerly represented the Second District in the County Council. She disclosed the extent of the Council's knowledge (or lack thereof) with respect to the subject property in stating it was obtained from a "bus ride" past the property on one occasion. This visual inspection made at a single field trip seemed to be the only source of information used by the Council in determining the property on one occasion. This visual inspection made at a single field trip seemed to be the only source of information used by the Council in determining the proper classification for the subject property. She further stated that no traffic counts or studies were made available to her, that no land planning or other area studies were made available to her, that no land planning or other area studies were made available for her consideration, that no other data or expert opinions on the subject were either made available or sought by the Council. Although Mrs. Boone was of course introduced as a winess by Protestants, her testimony was welcomed by Petitioner as it disclosed

on the record the actual methods used by the Council in determining the scaling status of the subject property, and afforded the Board an unusual laright into the reasons why the Council committed "error" in this case with respect to its classification of the subject property. Mrs. Boone's testimony otther revealed that normally a change in classification was n: conderred unless the Council had before it a specific request in the form of a petition for reclassification of a particular property, and that in the case of the subject property no such pet' ion had been filedjaccordingly the Council gave no real consideration (beyond the "bus ride" field trip) to what in proper soning should be.

With regard to the location of the proposed interchange, Mrs.

Bone stated that she was shown a map with straight dotted lines purporting
to be the proposed route of interstate highway 1-70; that the msp did not
nidicate the location of the cloverleafs; that she had no idea how much acreage
was to be used for the interchange; that she had no idea of the area a
normal interchange requires; and that she was not advised as to the boundaries
of the State ownership. Mrs. Bones further stated that no studies with
regard to the need for apartments in the area were made available to her or
the Council to aid it in making a determination as to whether a proper seeing
"balance" was achieved.

On the other hand, the experts produced at the hearing by Petitioner, vis: Dr. Worthington Ewell, a traffic expert; Mr. Willemain, a planning expert; and Mr. Hocheder, an engineering expert all cumulatively showed that the Gouncil was in error in not reclassifying the subject property to

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"RA", and that its haphazard, uninformed and unscientific method of determining its proper zoning classification amounted to mere guesswork rather than a mature, informed judgment. If the Council had sought advice of its own staff of experts, it would have been aware of Mr. Gavrelis' conwith the concept of "RA" zoning for the subject property

The Petitioners do not contend that the present classification a to an unconstitutional confiscation of their property as Protestants! Mem randum seems to imply. Of course, Petitioners do not have to show that property. All that need be established by a preponderance of the evidence is that an "error" or "mistake" was made in the adoption of the zoning classification for this property when the map was adopted. Overton v. Board of County Commissioners, (1961) 225 Md. 212, 170 A. 2d 172.

The purpose of Mr. Hocheder's testimony was not (as Protestants imply) to prove an unconstitutional confiscation, but was rather intended to illustrate the adaptability of the land for apartment zoning, particularly in view of the glaring need in the community for additional apartment development. The topography of the property and its proximity to both an in ent development rather than for the development of detached homes As a matter of fact, Mr. Pohmer, the Protestants' expert, stated that should the lot development cost reach \$2800,00 per lot it would not be possible to construct detached houses on the site. Mr. Pohmer's own testimony revealed that in his opinion the development cost per lot was at least \$2560.00. Moreover, his testimony revealed some question as to whether

he attributed any "cost" factor resulting from the proven rock condition, nor did his estimate include the cost of crossing Social Security Boulevard with additional \$300.00 or \$400.00 "cost" per lot above his \$2560.00 estimate, which in his own coinion would cross the "point of no return" and make a housing development of detached houses on individual lots unsound, if not impossible. On the other hand, Mr. Hocheder's testimony was that the individual lot development cost would be in excess of \$3600.00, which if true single family residences unsound.

CONCLUSION

For the reasons set forth above it is submitted (i) that Rescom Land Leasing Corporation does not qualify as a proper "party aggrieved" within the meaning of Baltimore County Zoning Regulations 500, 10; (ii) moreover, of failure to have a proper party file the Appeal within the 30 day period; (iii) even if Mr. Engel had been a Co-Appellant along with Rescom, his testimony establishes that he is not an "aggrieved party" within the meaning of the Ordinance; and (iv) there was ample evidence before the Board to show that a "mistake" had been made in the adoption of the map with respect to the subject property. Petitioner submits that for all of these reasons the applica-

> Respectfully submitted William L. Staking By William sichil

August 6. 196

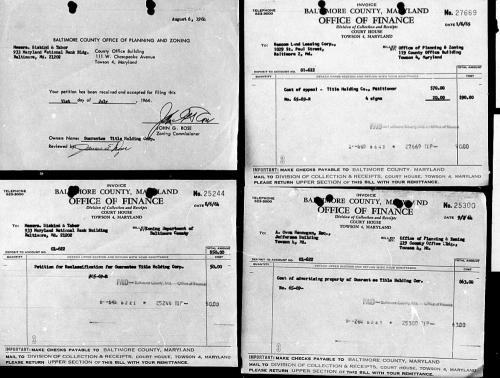
BALTIMORE COUNTY OFFICE OF PLANNING AND ZONING

Heesers, Statist & Tabor 933 Maryland Stational Bank Bldg. Baltimore, His. 21202 111 W. Chesopeoke Avenue Towson 4, Maryland

petition has been received and accepted for filling this

BALLIORE COUNTY, MARILAND OFFICE OF FINANCE No. 25244 DATE 6/6/64 rision of Collection and Receip COURT HOUSE TOWSON 4, MARYLAND

DEPOSIT TO A	00622	\$50,00
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BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND

INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE TO John G. Rose, Zoning Commissioner Date December 17 1964

FROM George E. Gavrelis, Director

SUBJECT... Petition #65-69-R

This memorandum confirms our discussion with respect to the subject petition. As noted in our earlier comments, the subject property appears on the Composite Guide Plan as being appropriate for apartment uso. The Guide Plan has been approved by the Planning Board subject to public hearings-now being arranged.

CEORGE E. GAVELIS, Director Office of Planning and Zoning



DEC -1 %4

CERTIFICATE OF POSTING OF DEPARTMENT OF BALTIMORE COUNTY

Date of Posting Jan 23 1965 Posted for appeal Petitioner Guarantie Atte Holding Corp. Location of property N/s Duglinde are 1140' Wof Secunty Blood Location of Signal Mrs In fluids lives 145 W. J. Security Most.

3. E. Bland Fred Eblahant lives 3 W/3 Security March 5 9 mounts. P 5/3 mount versen Mr. opp is South died End Clush Red Date of return Jan 28 1965

4 Signs

CERTIFICATE OF POSTING

Townen, Maryland

Date of Posting ... August 15. 1964 Posted for: Petition.for...Baclassification.from...8-6.& B-10.to R.&. Petitioner: Gusrantae Title Holding Corp. Location of property: R/S. Ingleside Ave. 1401. W. of Security Blvd. Location of Signr (1) M/S, inclinate Ave. 150: N of Sacurity Blwd. (2) N Bead and Eberher: Na. (3) Intersection of Mt. Vernon Dr. & Lexington Dr. (4). MOD. N. of Indication Dr. Schurity Blwd.

Date of return: August 20 1964

CENTIFICATE OF POSTING ZONING DEPARTMENT OF BALTIMORE COUNTY

District 1 at Posted for: Petition for Backassification from Bra & B-10 to R.A. Petitioner: Querantee Title Holding Corp.

Location of property: M/S Ingle-14s Ave. 1405. W. of Sacurity Blvd.

Location of Signr (1) R/S Inglanide Arc. 1501 M of Sanurity Blrd. (2) M Read and Eberhart Rd. (5) Intersection of Mt. Vernon Dr. & Lexington Dr. (4) 1001. 3 nf. Ingleside. on My Negurity Divd.

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

TO Mr. John C. Rose, Zoning Correlationer Date August 17, 1966.

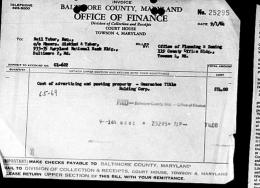
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infrancay, September 2, 196h (10:30 A.M.)

The staff of the Office of Flamming and Zoning has reviewed the subject patition for reclassification from R-6 and R-10 to R-4 soning. It has the following advisory comments to make with respect to pertinent planning factors:

- It is the recollection of the writer that the question of sparkers soming on the subject truck had ones up before the Gounty Council at the time it was taking final action on the Nestern Flanning Area Zoning ings. The is the Turther recollection of the writer that the Council concurred with the concept of the truck that the concept concept of the truck o





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CRIGINAL OFFICE OF THE BALTIMORE COUNTIAN

CATONSVILLE, MD. August 171964

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, that the annexed advertisement of John G. Rose, Zoning Commissioner of Baltimore County

was inserted in THE BALTIMORE COUNTIAN, a group of three weekly newspapers published in Baltimore County, Maryland, once a week for One Week MICE STORE WEEK before the 17th day of August, 1964, that is to say the same was inserted in the issues of

Aug ust 13, 1964. THE BALTIMORE COUNTIAN

> By Paul J Morgan Editor and Menager

Tokey Risy ... The Brown Inc -HEMIS'S ENGINEERS INSPECTORS FALTIMORE MARYLAND 21209 0 August 5, 1964 Woodcrest Construction Company Box 2534 Arlington Station Baltimore 15, Maryland Re: Auger Borings-Ingleside Avenue and Security Gentlemen. Listed below please find the results of the Auger Borings taken at the above mentioned job. Boring No. Visual Classification 0-3.0'-Reddish brown clay (Decomposed rock) Encountered refusal at 3' Boring dry upon completion 0-2.0'-Weddish brown clay (Decomposed rock) Encountered refusal at 2' Boring dry upon completion 0-6.8 -Reddish brown clay (Decomposed rock) Encountered refusal at 6.8 Boring dry upon completion 0-6.8'-Reddish brown clay (Decomposed rock) Encountered refusal at 6.8' Boring dry upon completion

0-6.8'-Reddish brown clay (Decomposed reak) Encountered refusal at 6.8' Boring dry upon completion 0-10.0'-Reddish brown clay (Decomposed rock) Boring dry upon completion

0-2.0'-Brown decemposed rock Encountered refusal at 2.0' Bez ng dry upon completion

(Continued on Page 2)

---Wooderest Construction Company Boring No. Visual Classification 0-10'-Reddish brown clay, trace of boulders and decomposed rock Boring dry upon completion 20 21 0-1.5'-Reddish brown clay (Decomposed rock) Encountered refusal at 1.5' Boring dry upon completion 0-3.0'-Reddish brown clay (Decomposed reek) Encountered refusal at 3' Boring dry upon completion 23 0-10.0'-Reddish brown clay (Decomposed rock) Boring dry upon completion 0-4'-Reddish brown elsy (Decomposed rock) Encountered refusal at 4' Boring dry upon completion 0-10'-Reddish brown elay (Decomposed rock) Boring dry upon completion 0-10.0'-Reddish brown clay (Decomposed reck) Boring dry upon completion 0-10.0'-Reddish brown clay (Decemposed reck) Boring dry upon completion 0-10.0'-Reddish brown elay (Decemposed rock) Boring dry upon completion 0-10.0'-Reddish brewn clay (Decomposed reck) Boring dry upon completion PENNIMAN & BROWNS, INC.

George W. Fields

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Woodsrest Construction Company Boring No. Visual Classification y-10.0'-Reddish brown clay & boulders Buring fry upon completion 0-2.5'-Brown decomposed rock Encountered refusal at 2.5' Boring dry upon completion 0-2.5'-Brown decomposed rock Encountered refusal at 2.5' Boring dry upon completion 0-3.0'-Brown decomposed rock, small boulders incountered refusal at 3' Boring dry upon completion 0-10.0'-Reddish brown clay and boulders 12 (Decomposed rock) Boring dry upon completion 0-10.0'-Reddish brown clay and boulders (Decomposed rock) Boring dry upon completion 0-10.0'-Reddish brown clay and boulders (Decomposed rock) 0-1.0'-Brown decomposed rock & boulders Encountered refusal at 1' Boring dry upon completion 0-1.2'-Brown decomposed rock, small boulders Encountered refusal at 1.2' Boring dry upon completion

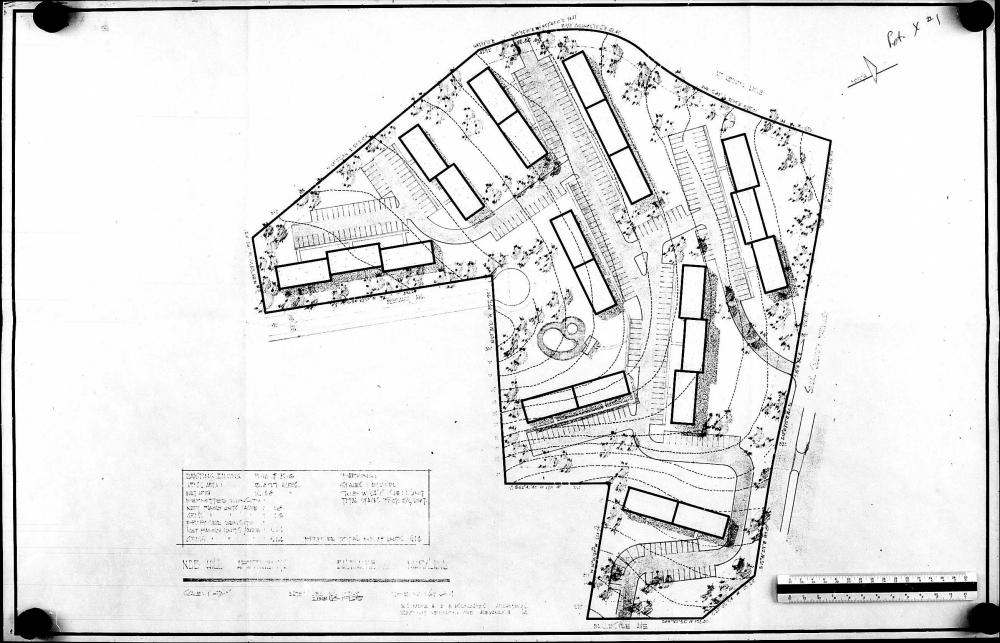
0-4.0'-Reddish brown clay (Decomposed rock) 4.0'-Encountered refusal Boring dry upon completion 0-2.0'-Brown decomposed rock, small boulders Encountered refusal at 2' Boring dry upon completion

0-10'-Reddish brown elsy, boulders (Decomposed rock) Boring dry upon completion

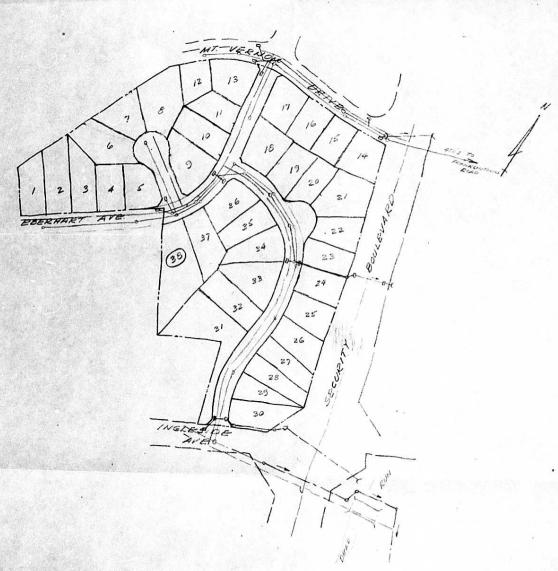
PUBLICATION OF CERTIFICATE

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(Continued on Page 3)



Cx 4 #4



STANDARD LAYOUT 38 LOTS 4-R-6 34-R-10

