: BEFORE THE CLINTY BOARD OF APPEALS OF BALTIMORE COUNTY

: Case No. R-83-59-XA

:::::::

Upon review of this amended petition for reclassification, subject to a specific revised site plan, and following review by the Baltimore County Planning Board, the parties appeared in open hearing before Acting Chairman William R. Evans on September 25, 1984. Having considered the matter, the County Board of Appeals of Baltimore County, this 9th day of October \_\_\_, 1984, ORDERS that:

- 1. So much of the subject property as is designated "Phase I" on the revised plat accompanying the petition for reclassification and submitted at the hearing be, and hereby is, GRANTED a rezoning classification from D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 to D.R. 3.5, subject to compliance with said revised site plan pursuant to Section 2-58.1(n) of the Baltimore County Code; and
- The balance of the subject property shown on said revised site plan (including all but "Phase I") be, and hereby is, DENIED a zoning reclassification from D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 to D.R. 3.5; provided, that such denial is without prejudice, under the circumstances of this case, to the filing by Petitioner of a new petition for reclassification within eighteen months of this Order if such petition is filed after the effective date of the 1984 Comprehensive Zoning Maps; and
- 3. The special exception for a trailer park be, and hereby is, GRANTED as to the portion of the property designated as "Phase 1 on the aforesaid revised site plan; and
- 4. The special exception for a trailer park for the balance of the property (including all of the property except "Phase I") be, and

IN THE CIPCUIT COURT

FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY

AT LAW

Misc. No. 84M222

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP FOR REZONING FROM D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 to D.R. 3.5; FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR FOR A VARIANCE PROM SECTIONS 414.4 and 414.5 F THE B.C.Z.R. NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE 785' E. OF EASTERN AVE., 15th District

Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA

1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Upon the foregoing Petition for Limitation of Record, it is, this 20 day of Jeda . 1984, by the Circuit Court for Baltimore County, ORDERED, that leave be granted to include only the transcript of May 29, 1984 in the record in the above case, and to exclude the transcript of earlier hearing days.

> - - - y Test Per Glaria Brate

Deputy Clerk

hereby is, declared moot, so that there is no prejudice to any of the parties in the event of the filing of a future petition for special exception; and

- 2 -

5. The variances from Section 414.5 of the Baltimore County Zoning Regulations to reduce the space between trailers from the required twenty-five feet to fifteen feet, and from BCZR Section 414.4 to reduce the required seventy-five foot setback from boundary lines to fifteen feet be, and hereby are, GRANTED as to "Phase I" subject to compliance with the aforesaid revised site plan, and be, and hereby are, declared moot as to the remainder of the property (all of the property except "Phase I") without prejudice to the parties in the event of a future petition for variance; and

6. This Order supersedes the previous Orders of the County Board of Appeals of Baltimore County dated October 4, 1983 and May 29, 1984.

Any appeal from this decision must be in accordance with Rules B-1 through B-13 of the Maryland Rules of Procedure.

> COUNTY BOARD OF APPEALS OF BALITIMORE COUNTY

CONSENTED TO AS TO FORME JOHN B. GONTRUM ATTORNEY FOR THE PETITIONER

DEPUTY PEOPLE'S COUNSEL

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP FOR REZONING FROM D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 to D.R. 3.5; FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR A MOBILE HOME PARK; AND FOR A VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS 414.4 and 4.4.5 OF THE B.C.Z.R. NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE

785' E. OF EASTERN AVE.. 15th District Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA

. . . . . . .

Upon the foregoing Petition for Extension of Time to File Transcript of Proceedings, it is hereby ORDERED this 2 day of Jal, 1984. that the time for filing in Court the transcript of proceeding before the Board of Appeals is hereby extended until September 24, 1984.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT

FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY

AT LAW

Misc. No. 84H222

the at it may also in the Por Glaria Butta IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP FOR REZONING FROM D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 to D.R. 3.5; FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR A MOBILE HOME PARK: AND FOR A VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS 414.4 and 414.5 OF THE B.C.Z.R. NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE 785' \* E. OF EASTERN AVENUE, 15th DIST.

COUNTY BOARD OF APPEALS BALTIMORE COUNTY NO. R-83-59-XA

BEFORE

. . . . .

This case comes before the Board in order that an amended plan become part of the record.

On May 29, 1984, the Board ordered acceptance of an amended plan which had been reviewed and approved by the County Review Group at public hearing. Subsequently, an appeal was noted by People's Counsel.

Petitioners have requested with the consent of People's Counsel that our May 29, 1984, order be amended and the plat and plan transmitted to the Director of Planning to be distribuled to the Planning Board for action within forty-five (45) days pursuant to Section 2-58.1 (m) of the Baltimore County Code.

The Board feels that the plan has been well considered by the proper Baltimore County departments including the Department of Planning and approved by them, but believes that Petitioner's request is not objectionable.

It is, therefore, this \_\_\_\_ 26th day of July, 1984, by the County Board of Appeals ORDERED, that the amended plan be referred to the Director of Planning for transmittal to the Planning Board for consideration within forty-five (45) days of the date hereof and further Ordered that this case shall remain

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP FOR REZONING FROM D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 to D.R. 3.5; FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR A MOBILE HOME PARK; and FOR A VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS 414.4 and 414.5 OF THE B.C.Z.R. NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE 785' E. OF EASTERN AVE.,

15th DISTRICT PHYLLIS C. FRIEDMAN, PEOPLE'S COUNSEL - APPELLANT

Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA

CERTIFICATE OF NOTICE

Mr. Clerk:

Pursuant to the provisions of Rule B-2(d) of the Maryland Rules of Procedure, William T. Hackett, William R. Evans, and Patricia Phipps, constituting the County Board of Appeals of Baltimore County, have given notice by mail of the filing of the appeal to the representative of every party to the proceeding before it; namely, Robert J. Romadka, Esq., and John B. Gontrum, Esq., 809 Eastern Blvd., Baltimore, Md. 21221, Counsel for Petitioner, and Phyllis C. Friedman, Court House, Towson, Md. 21204, People's Counsel for Baltimore County, a copy of which Notice is attached hereto and proyed that it may be made a part thereof.

> Jone Holmen County Board of Appeals of Baltimore County Rm. 200, Court House, Towson, Md. 21204

IN THE

CIRCUIT COURT

FOR

BALTIMORE COUNTY

Misc. Doc. No.

File No. 84-M-222

AT LAW

open until such time that the amended plan has been reviewed by this Board with the Planning Board's comments and reviewed in public hearing.

> COUNTY BOARD OF APPEALS OF BALTIMORE COUNTY

Lodge Forest Partnership Case No. R-83-59-XA

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the aforegoing Certificate of Notice has been mailed to Robert J. Romadka, Esq. and John B. Gontrum, Esq., 809 Eastern Blvd., Baltimore, Md. 21221, Counsel for Petitioner, and Phyllis C. Friedman, Court House, Towson, Md. 21204, People's Counsel for Baltimore County, on this 26th day of June, 1984.



### County Board of Appeals of Baltimore County Room 200 Court Mouse (Hearing Room #218) Towson, Margland 21204 (301) 494-3180

May 21, 1984

#### NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT

NO FOSTPONEMENTS WILL BE GRANTED WITHOUT GOOD AND SUFFICIENT REASONS. REQUESTS FOR POSTPONEMENTS MUST BE IN WRITING AND IN STRICT COMPLIANCE WITH BOARD RULE 2(6). ABSOLUTELY NO POSTPONE-MENTS WILL BE GRANTED WITHIN FIFTEEN (15) DAYS OF SCHEDULED HEAR-ING DATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULE 2(c), COUNTY COUNCIL BILL \$59-79

CASE NO. R-83-59-XA

LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP

NW/S Dundee Village Circle 785' E. of Eastern Ave.

15th District

Re: Amended Plan

Counsel for Petitioner

People's Course!

ASSIGNED FOR:

TUESDAY, MAY 29, 1984, at 9:30 a.m.

cc: Robert J. Romadka, Esq.

John B. Gontrum, Esq.

Phyllis C. Friedman

Bd. of Education

A. Jablon

J. Dyer

N. Gerber

J. Hoswell

June Holmen, Secy.

NO APPEAL HAVING BEEN FILED, CASE WAS CLOSED ON NOVEMBER 7, 1983

MAY 29, 1984, CASE REOPENED TO RECEIVE REVISED PLAN

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#### County Board of Appeals of Baltimore County Room 200 Court Mouse Comenn, Maryland 21204 (301) 494-3180

May 29, 1984

Robert J. Romadka, Esquire John B. Gontrum, Esquire 809 Eastern Boulevard Baltimore, Md. 21221

> Re: Case No. R-83-59-XA Lodge Forest Partnership

Dear Mr. Romadka and Mr. Gontrum:

Enclosed herewith is a copy of the Opinion and Order passed today by the County Board of Appeals in the above entitled

Very truly yours,

Administrative Secretary

Encl.

cc: Phyllis C. Friedman Board of Education

A. Jablon J. E. Dyer

N. E. Gerber J. G. Hoswell

IN THE MATTER OF		IN THE CIRCUIT COURT
THE APPLICATION OF LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP		FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY
FOR REZONING FROM D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5		AT LAW
to D.R. 3.5; FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR	:	Misc. Bocket No. 16
A MOBILE HOME PARK; AND FOR A VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS		Folio No. 217
414.4 and 414.5 OF THE B.C.Z.R.	3.20	File No. 84-M-222
NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE	night a	File 110
785' E. OF EASTERN AVE., 15th District	:	
Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA	•	
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NOTICE OF APPEAL

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Please note an appeal to the Circuit Court for Baltimore County from the Opinion and Order of the County Board of Appeals of Baltimore County, under date of May 29, 1984, permitting the smended plan to be received into the records of the above-captioned matter.

> Phyllis Cole Friedman People's Counsel for Baltimore County

Peter Max Zimmerman Deputy People's Counsel Rm. 223, Court House Towson, Maryland 21204 494-2188

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 25 day of June, 1984, a copy of the foregoing Notice of Appeal was served on the Administrative Secretary, County Board of Appeals, Room 200, Court House, Towson, ID 21204; and that a cony thereof was mailed to Robert J. Romadka, Esquire, and John B. Contrum, Esquire, 809 Eastern Blvd., Baltimore, MD 21221.

Peter Ha Lemener

BEFORE IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF COUNTY BOARD OF APPEALS LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP FOR REZONING FROM D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 to D.R. 3.5: BALTIMORE COUNTY FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR A MOBILE HOME PARK: AND FOR A VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS NO. R-83-59-XA 414.4 and 414.5 OF THE B.C.Z.R. NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE 785' E. OF EASTERN AVENUE, 15th DIST. 

#### OPINION AND ORDER

This case comes before the Board in order that an amended plan may become part of the record. The came came before the Board in October, 1983, and a special exception for a Mobile Home Park was granted with certain restrictions, One of the restrictions was that the plan must meet with the approval of the County Review Group.

The plan was presented to the County Review Group and was amended by the County Review Group to significantly reduce the density and to increase the wetlands setbacks. All Baltimore County departments approved the amended plan. The Board will especially note that the County Review Group hearings are public hearings, and that the Office of Planning of Baltimore County is always represented.

The Board feels that the plan has been well considered by proper Baltimore County departments and approved by them, and input from citizens was received during the County Review Group hearings. Therefore, the Board is of the opinion that this amended plan meets all the restrictions and will be accepted as a part of the record.

It is therefore, this 29th day of May, 1984, by the County Board of Appeals, ORDERED that the amended plan be received into the records of case No. R-83-59-XA.

> COUNTY BOARD OF APPEALS OF BALTIMORE COUNTY

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT THE APPLICATION OF FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 Misc. Docket No. FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR A MOBILE HOME PARK; AND FOR A VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS 414.4 and 414.5 OF THE File No. NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE 785' E. OF EASTERN AVE.,

Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA 111111

IN THE MATTER OF

FOR REZONING FROM

to D.R. 3.5:

15th District

#### PETITION ON APPEAL

The People's Counsel for Baltimore County, Protestant below and Appellant herein, having heretofore filed a Notice of Appeal from the Opinion and Order of the County Board of Appeals of Baltimore County, under date of May 29, 1984, in compliance with Maryland Rule B-2(e), files this Petition on Appeal setting forth the grounds upon which this Appeal is taken, viz:

The County Board of Appeals had no jurisdiction to consider or approve the amonded plan because it failed to refer said plan to the Baltimore County Planning Board for review under Section 2-58.1(m) of the Baltimore County Code (1978, 1981 Cum. Supp.), and therefore their Order passed herein is illegal, arbitrary, and capricious.

> Alle ale Freedman Phyllis Cole Friedman People's Counsel for Baltimore County

Peter Max Zimmerman Deputy People's Counsel Rm. 223, Court House Towson, MD 21204 494-2188

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND

INTER-OFFICE CURRESPONDENCE

Mr. Mcreen E. Gerber, Director TO Office of Plenning and Zoning....

Date July 25, 1984.....

FROM .... County Board of Appeals .....

SURJECT .... Case No. R-83=59-YA w Lodge Forest Partnership

The hearing on the above entitled case was held on Tuesday, May 29, 1984 at 9:30 a.m., for the Board to consider Petitioner's request to asend the site plan as originally approved in connection with the above entitled case. Therefore, in open hearing on this date the new plat was received by the Board. In compliance with the provisions of Bill #46-79, we

are forwarding the smended material to you for appropriate action.

William T. Hackett, Chairses

- 2 -

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 25 day of June, 1984, a copy of the foregoing Petition on Appeal was served on the Administrative Secretary, County Board of Appeals, Room 200, Court House, Towson, MD 21204; and that a copy thereof was mailed to Robert J. Romadka, Esquire, and John B. Gontrum, Esquire, 809 Eastern Blvd., Baltimore, MD 21221.

> Peter Hos Commercer Peter Max Zimmerman



County Board of Appeals of Baltimore County Room 200 Court Mouse Comeon, Margland 21204 (301) 494-3180 June 26, 1984

Robert J. Romadka, Esq. John B. Gontrum, Esq. 809 Eastern Blvd. Baltimore, Md. 21221

Re: Case No. R-83-59-XA Lodge Forest Partnership Gentlemen:

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with the Rules of Procedure of the Court of Appeals of Maryland, that an appeal has been taken to the Circuit Court for Baltimore County from the decision of the County Board of Appeals rendered in the above matter.

Enclosed is a copy of the Certificate of Notice.

Very truly yours,

June Holmen, Secretary

J. Dyer N. Gerber J. Hoswell Bd. of Education

- 2 -

Peter Max Zimmerman Deputy People's Counsel Rm. 223, Court House Towson, MD 21204 494-2188

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 25 day of June, 1984, a copy of the foregoing Petition for Extension of Time to File Transcript of Proceedings was served on the Administrative Secretary, County Board of Appeals, koom 200, Court House, Towson, MD 21204; and a copy thereof was mailed to Robert J. Romadka, Esquire, and John B. Contrum, Esquire, 809 Eastern Blvd., Baltimore, MD 21221.

Peter Max Zimmerman

County Board of Appeals of Baltimore County Room 200 Court Mouse Coisson, Margland 21204 (301) 494-3180 June 26, 1984

Phyllis C. Friedman People's Counsel for Baltimore County Court House

Towson, Md. 21204

Lodge Forest Partnership

Dear Mrs. Friedman:

Re: Case No. R-83-59-XA

In accordance with Rule B-7 (a) of the Rules of Procedure of the Court of Appeals of Maryland, the County Board of Appeals is required to submit the record of proceedings of the zoning appeal which you have taken to the Circuit Court for Baltimore County in the above matter within thirty days.

The cost of the transcript of the record must be paid by you. Certified copies of any other documents necessary for the completion of the record must also be at your expense.

The cost of the transcript, plus any other documents, must be paid in time to transmit the same to the Circuit Court not later than thirty days from the date of any petition you might file in court, in accordance with Rule B-7 (a).

Enclosed is a copy of the Certificate of Notice; also invoice covering the cost of certified copies of necessary documents.

Very truly yours,

June Holmen June Holmen, Secretary

Enc!

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP FOR REZONING FROM AT LAW D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 Misc. No. 84M222 FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR A MOBILE HOME PARK; AND POR A VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS 414.4 and 414.5 OF THE NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE 785' E. OD EASTERN AVE., 15th District Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA

ORDER

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Upon the foregoing Petition for Extension of Time to File Transcript of Proceedings, it is hereby ONDERED this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 1984, that the time for filing in Court the transcript of proceedings before the Board of Appeals is hereby extended until September 24, 1984.

JUDGE



# Baltimore County, Maryland PEOPLE'S COUNSEL OLD COURT HOUSE TOWSON, MARYLAND 21204

PHYLLIS COLE FRIEDMAN Propir's Country PETER MAX ZIMMERMAN Deputy Pupil's Control

RECEIVED BOARD OF

"EL 494-2100

RE: Lodge Forest Partnership, Petitioner Zoning Case No. R-83-59-XA Ckt. Ct. Misc. No. 84M222

Gentlemen:

Enclosed please find:

Robert J. Romadka, Esquire

John B. Gontrum, Esquire

809 Eastern Blvd. Baltimore, MD 21221

> 1. Petition for Extension of Time to File Transcript of Proceedings.

June 26, 1984

- 2. Proposed Order for Extension of Time.
- 3. Petition for Limitation of Record.
- 3. Proposed Order for Limitation of Record.

We would be willing to cooperate in having the appeal heard as expeditiously as possible. In this connection, we request that you agree to our Petition for Limitation of Record. If this is not in dispute, we are hopeful that we can obtain the transcript of the final day of hearing promptly.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to call me.

Very truly yours,

Peter Max Zimmerman Deputy People's Counsel

Enclosures

PMZ:sh

IN THE MATTER OF

to D.R. 3.5;

B.C.Z.R.

15th District

THE APPLICATION OF

D.R. 16 and D. 1. 5.5

FOR RELONING FROM

FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR A MOBILE HOME PARK; AND

NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE

Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA

1 1 1 1 1 1 1

PETITION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME TO FILE TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

this Court, pursuant to Maryland Rule B7(b), for an extension of time

County Board of Appeals and in support of this Petition states:

above-entitled case, because of experience and the length of the

for filing the transcript of proceedings until September 24, 1984,

time to prepare the transcript of proceedings.

minety days after the Perition on Appeal was filed.

within which to file the transcript of proceedings before the Baltimore

Carol Ann Beresh, Court Reporter for the County Board of Appea.

at the time of the first four days of hearing before said Board in the

voluminous transcript, will need an additional sixty-day extension of

WHEREFORE, Appellant prays this Honorable Court to extend the time

People's Counsel for Baltimore County, Appellant herein, petitions

785' E. OF EASTERN AVE.,

414.4 and 414.5 OF THE

FOR A VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP FOR REZONING FROM AT LAW D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 to D.R. 3.5; Misc. No. 84M222 FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR A MOBILE HOME PARK; AND FOR A VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS 414.4 and 414.5 OF THE B.C.Z.R. NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE 785' E. OF EASTERN AVE., 15th District Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA

PETITION FOR LIMITATION OF RECORD

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People's Counsel for Baltimore County, Appellant herein, requests leave to limit the record as follows:

- 1. The appeal involves a limited question of jurisdiction concerning an amended plan or documentation in connection with this zoning reclassification.
- 2. To determine the merits of the appeal, it is not necessary for the Court to read the transcript of the first four days of hearing because these concerned the original plan and would unnecessarily confuse and add to expense on appeal.
- 3. It is necessary and appropriate for this appeal that the Court review simply the transcript of proceedings for May 29, 1984, upon the amended plan, together with the pertinent documentation otherwise on file at the County Board of Appeals.
- 4. Moreover, by so appropriately limiting the record on appeal, the Court Reporter will be able to prepare the transcript far more promptly, so that the record will be transmitted as expeditiously as possible. In the absence of such limitation, it will surely take

5. It is in the interest of justice that the record be so limited and transmitted to the Court in such reasonable fashion.

- 2 -

Phylias Cole Friedman People's Counsel for Baltimore County

Phylles Olo Freder

People's Counsel for Baltimore County

Phyllis Cole Friedman

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT

FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY

AT LAW

Misc. No. 84M222

Peter Max Zimperman Deputy People's Counsel Rm. 223, Court House Towson, MD 21204 494-2188

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 25 day of June . 1984, a copy of the foregoing Petition for Limitation of Record was served on the Administrative Secretary, County Board of Appeals, Room 200, Court House, Towson, MD 21204; and a copy thereof was mailed to Robert J. Romadka, Esquire, and John B. Gontrum, Esquire, 809 Eastern Elvd., Baltimore, MD 21221.

Peter Max Zimmerman

ningty days to obtain the record.

THE APPLICATION OF LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP FOR REZONING FROM D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5  to D.R. 3.5; FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR A MOBILE HOME PARK; AND FOR A VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS 414.4 and 414.5 OF THE B.C.Z.R. NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE 785' E. OF EASTERN AVE., 15th District  Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA	IN THE MATTER OF							IN THE CIRCUIT COU
D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5  to D.R. 3.5;  POR SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR : Hisc. No. 84M222  A MOBILE HOME PARK; AND  FOR A VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS : 414.4 and 414.5 OF THE  B.C.Z.R. : NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE  785' E. OF EASTERN AVE., : 15th District :: Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA	THE APPLICATION OF LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP			1				FOR BALTIMORE COUNT
FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR : HISC. NO. 043222 A MOBILE HOME PARK; AND FOR A VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS : 414.4 and 414.5 OF THE B.C.Z.R. : NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE 785' E. OF EASTERN AVE., : 15th District :: Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA	D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5			:				AT LAW
POR A VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS : 414.4 and 414.5 OF THE B.C.Z.R. : NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE 785' E. OF EASTERN AVE., : 15th District : Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA	FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR			:				Hisc. No. 84M222
B.C.Z.R. : NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE 785' E. OF EASTERN AVE., : 15th District : Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA	FOR A VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS							
785' E. OF EASTERN AVE., : 15th District : Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA	B.C.Z.R.			ŧ				
Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA	785' E. OF EASTERN AVE.,			ż				
Zoning File No. R-83-59-XA	1340 2404444			:				
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ORDER			-	-	and the			

This \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 1984, by the Circuit Court for Baltimore

County, ORDERED, that leave be granted to include only the transcript

of May 29, 1984 in the record in the above case, and to exclude the transcript of earlier hearing days.

JUDGE

PEOPLE'S COUNSEL FOR : IN THE CIRCUIT COURT
BALTIMORE COUNTY, : FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY

Plain iff/Appellant : AT LAW

v. : Misc. #84-M-222

LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP, :

Defendant/Appellee

#### STIPULATION TO CONSENT DECREE

The parties both agree that protracted litigation on the issues raised in this appeal would not be productive. Therefore, Defendant/Appellee, Lodge Forest Partnership, agrees that this matter should be remanded to the County Board of Appeals of Baltimore County for the purpose of referring the amended petition for reclassification to the Baltimore County Planning Board pursuant to Section 2-58.1(m) of the Baltimore County Code (1978, 1981 Cum. Supp.). This will remove any jurisdictional question and enable a more expedited resolution of the merits of the case. This satisfies Plaintiff/Appellant's concerns, so that this Stipulation to Consent

Fobert J. Romadka

Decree is appropriate.

RECEIVED BOARD OF

> John B. Gontrum 809 Eastern Boulevard Baltimore, MD 21221 686-8274 Attorneys for Defendants/

Appellees

Phyllis Cole Friedman
People's Counsel for Baltimore County

Peter Max Zimmerman Deputy People's Counsel Rm. 223, Court House Towson, MD 21204 494-2188

BALTIMORE COUNTY
OFFICE OF PLANNING AND ZONING
TOWSON, MARYLAND 21204
494-3211

NORMAN E. GERBER
DIRECTOR

September 5, 1984

Mr. William T. Hackett, Chairman County Board of Appea's Baltimore County, Maryland 21204

> RE: Zoning Reclassification CR-83-59-XA Lodge Forest Partnership/ Biscayne Bay Village

Dear Mr. Hackett:

At a special meeting on August 30, 1984, the Pianning Board voted to recommend that the petitioner's request be granted for a portion of the property shown on the amended plan. The Board adopted the findings of the Director of the Office of Planning and Zoning; i.e., that the current development proposal does not meet the criteria set forth by the new State legislation governing "Critical Areas" (Section 8-1813 of Chapter 794, Laws of 1984). There is, however, one portion of the property that has been recommended for approval and identified as "Phase 1" on the attached plan.

In addition to the aforementioned plan, a copy of the Director's statement of findings has been enclosed. This 4-page report sets forth the detailed recommendation of the Director and the Planning Board.

The Planning staff offers whatever additional assistance you may require in your consideration of this amended request.

Sincerely,

Norman E. Gerber, Director
Office of Planning and Zoning

NEG/JGH/sf

encl.

cc: Robert J. Romaiks, Esq. and John B. Gontrum, Esq. 809 Eastern Boulevard Baltimore, Maryland 21221

Phyllis Cole Friedman, Esq. People's Counsel STATEMENT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE OFFICE OF PLANNING AND ZONING

Report to the Planning Board - Biscayne Bay Village Petition No. CR-83-59-XA - Critical Area Findings The Chesapeake Bay Critical Areas Commission Legislation Requirements

#### STATEMENT OF REQUIRED PLANNING BOARD ACTION:

The ag Board is being asked to forward a recommendation to the Baltimon. Board of Appeals regarding the rezoning classification request on Petition No. CR-83-59-XA Lodge Forest Partnership, Cycle III, Item 4, Amended Plans. The Planning Board is reviewing an amended plan which it has previously approved. The Board must consider the effect that this development will have on the environmental quality of the Chesapeake Bay.

#### DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

Biscayne Bay Village is a proposed mobile home development of approximately 330 residences, to be built on about 50 acres. The proposal comprises the unbuilt portion of the original Dundee Tillage Apartment complex. The new development would be bounded by Saltpeter Creek on three sides with the fourth side being adjacent to the apartment complex.

### HISTORY

The und-veloped portion of the site was formerly zoned D.R.16 and was subdivided for over 900 apartment units. In October, 1983, at the request of the
petitioner, the County Board of Appeals, with the recommendation of the
Baltimore County Planning Board, rezoned the property to D.R.3.5 and granted
a Special Exception for a mobile home park. On May 2, 1984, the County Review
Group approved the project. The CRG plan contains approximately 100 fewer
dwellings. The County Board of Appeals approved the CRG plan on May 29, 1984.
On June 25, 1984, the People's Counsel appealed the County Board of Appeal's
decision to the Circuit Court of Baltimore County, contending that Section 2-58.1

AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

: AT LAW

V. : Misc. #84-M-222

LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP,

Defendant/Appellee
:::::::

CONSENT DECREE

PEOPLE'S COUNSEL FOR

Plaintiff/Appellant

BALTIMORE COUNTY,

Upon consideration of the Stipulation to Consent Decree

filed in the above case, it is, this 25th day of Sulfanore.

1984, by the Circuit Court for Baltimore ounty, ORDERED, that
this case be and hereby is, remanded to the County Board of Appeals
of Baltimore County so that the amended petition for reclassification
may be processed and referred to the Baltimore County Planning Board
and further reviewed according to the procedure set forth in Section
2-58.1(m) of the Baltimore County Code (1978, 1981 Cum. Supp.).

JUDGE Stehan

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT

FOR BALTIMORE COUNTY

### County Board of Appeals of Baltimore County Room 200 Court Nouse Coteson, Margland 21204 (301) 494-3180

July 26, 1984

Robert J. Romadka, Esquire John B.Gontrum, Esquire 809 Eastern Boulevard Baltimore, MD 21221

> Re: Case No. H-83-59-X# Lodge Forest Partnership

Dear Sirs:

Enclosed herewith is a copy of the Order passed today by the County Board of Appeals in the above entitled case.

Very truly yours,

Edith T. Eisenhart
Administrative Secretary

Encl.

cc: Phyllis Cole Friedman Board of Education Arnold Jablon James E. Dyer Norman E. Gerber James G. Hoswell

the development has been designed so as to protect those identified habitats whose loss would substantially diminish the continued ability of the populations of the affected species to sustain themselves.

- 3 -

This section governs all subdivisions that had not applied for a record plat as of June 1, 1984. Biscayne Bay Village is such a project and, thus, is subject to the requirements outlined.

### FINDING

The Director of the Office of Planning and Zoning finds that the development, as currently proposed, does not meet the criteria set forth by the new State legislation (Section 8-1813). The development fails to minimize either point or non-point water pollution. There will be dramatic increases in sediment, phosphorus, nitrogen and biological oxygen demand. Significant increases in toxic heavy metals including lead and zinc will also occur. This failure is particularly significant in light of the sensitive environmental characteristics of Saltpeter Creek.

The Director further finds that the project will disrupt the habitats that wildlife and fish depend upon for breeding, feeding, protection, or migrational purposes, such that certain species will not be able to sustain viable populations in the area. The development will substantially diminish the site's plant habitats, which include wetlands, forests, submerged aquatic vegetation, and an "old field community".

In addition to the adverse impacts created by construction, approximately 650 to 1,000 new people within this environmentally sensitive area will continually threaten the environmental quality.

The Planni g Director finds that an area (as shown on the accompanying map) should be restricted from development. This is the area needed to be set aside in order to protect the environment and still allow reasonable development. This includes a setback of a minimum of 300 feet from the edge

- 2 -

of the Baltimore County Code required that the amended plan be transmitted to the Planning Board for its recommendation before the County Board of Appeals could consider the current request. On July 26, 1984, with the consent of the petitioner's attorneys and the People's Counsel, the Circuit Court remanded the Zoning case to the County Board of Appeals. On July 26, 1984, in open hearing, the County Board of Appeals forwarded the amended plan for appropriate action.

CHESAPEAKE BAY CRITICAL AREAS COMMISSION LEGISLATION

On June 1, 1984, the Chesapeake Bay Critical Areas Commission Legislation was enacted. The Chesapeake day Critical Areas Commission Legislation designates a "critical area" of land around the Chesapeake Bay and its tidal tributaries that measures, with a few exceptions, 1,000 feet from the shoreline or the landward edge of State wetlands. The law also establishes a Critical Areas Commission charged with overseeing development in this area. This is to be done principally by defining criteria and guidelines for locally developed and implemented land use programs that will direct growth so that it minimizes solverse impacts on water quality and also conserves fish, wildlife, and plant habitats. This process, culminating in an approved local protection program, will take at least four years to complete from June 1, 1984, the date of the law's enactment. During this time, certain interim protection measures are required of local governments and they are contained in Section 8-1813. This section requires that in order for any subdivision plat, zoning amendment, variance, or special exception in the critical planning area to be approved, the appropriate County approving agency must specifically find that:

the proposed development will minimize adverse impacts on water

quality that result from point or nonpoint pollution; and

the applicant has identified fish, wildlife, and plant habitat

which may be adversely affected by the proposed development; and

of the shore and/or wetland, plus approximately two-thirds of the identified "old field" community. Informal discussions have taken place between the Director and staff of the Office of Planning and Zoning with representatives of the developer and it has been agreed that there is an area which is suitable for development. This area is shown on the accompanying map as Phase 1. This area contains approximately 106 mobile homes. It requires no change on the plan as presented to the County Review Group. The developer will be able to proceed to develop Phase 1. Phase 2 can also be built without harm to the environment. However, the road and lot arrangement will need to be rearranged This finding will permit the developer to proceed with a reasonable project that has been previously recognized by the Planning Board as providing needed housing while at the same time protecting the Critical Area of the Chesapeake Bay. Subsequent amendments to this plan will require additional review by the Planning Board and County Review Group.

#### RECOMMENDATION

The Director of the Office of Planning and Zoning recommends that the Baltimore County Planning Board ratify his finding and forward same to the Baltimore County Board of Appeals. That is: the Board of Appeals should continue to grant the rezoning and special exception as shown on the accompanying map for Phase 1. The Planning Board takes note of the need to move ahead due to the 45 day limit imposed by the Baltimore County Code. We recognize that subsequent changes may result in the need for further Planning Board and CRG review.

5/21/84 - Notified of hearing to accept new plan set for TUESDAY, MAY 29, 1984 at 9:30 a.m. Robert J. Romadka, Esq. John B. Gontrum, Esq.

Phyllis C. Friedman

9/6/84 - Above notified of hearing on REVISED PLAT set for WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1984 at 10 a.m. Charged

9/13/84 - Above notified of hearing to accept new plat plan set for TUESDAY, SEPT. 25, 1984 at 9:30 a.m.

CASE NO CR-83-59-XA

ASSIGNED FOR:

cc: Robert J. Romadka, Esquire

Phyllis Cole Friedman

Board of Education

Arnold Jahlon

James E. Dyer

Norman E. Gerber

James G. Hoswell

John B. Gontrum, Esquire

# Baltimore County, Maryland

PEOPLE'S COUNSEL RM. 223, COURT HOUSE TOWSON, MARYLAND 21204 494-2188

#### PHYLLIS COLE FRIEDMAN People's Counsel

PETER MAX ZIMMERMAN Deputy People's Counsel

October 3, 1984

The Honorable William R. Evans, Acting Chairman County Board of Appeals Room 200, Court House Towson, Maryland 21204

> RE: Lodge Forest Partnership, Petitioner - Zoning Case No. R-63-59-XA

Dear Chairman Evans:

We are in receipt of the proposed "Opinion" prepared by Petitioner in the above case, and it is unacceptable. At the conclusion of the hearing on September 25, 1984, the Board instructed that an Order be prepared accurately to reflect the result. There was no evidentiary hearing upon which findings of fact or detailed conclusions of law might be drawn.

In our view, furthermore, some of the statements in the proposed Opinion are wrong. To facilitate a proper resolution of this proceeding, and in the hope of avoiding another appeal, I have drafted the enclosed Order, which I am circulating to the Petitioner at the same

Peter Max Zimmerman

Deputy People's Counsel

Enclosure & cc: Robert J. Romadka, Esquire

O PMZ:sh

Edith T. Eisenhart, Adm. Secretary

County Board of Appeals of Baltimore County

Cowson, Maryland 21204

(301) 494-3180

September 13, 1984

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT

NO POSTPONEMENTS WILL BE GRANTED WITHOUT GOOD AND SUFFICIENT

REASONS. REQUESTS FOR POSTPONEMENTS MUST BE IN WRITING AND IN

STRICT COMPLIANCE WITH BOARD RULE 2(b). ABSOLUTELY NO POSTPONE-

MENTS WILL BE GRANTED WITHIN FIFTEEN (15) DAYS OF SCHEDULED HEAR-

ING DATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULE 2(c), COUNTY COUNCIL BILL \$59-79

15th DISTRICT

RE: AMENDED PLAN

Room 200 Court Mouse (Hearing Room #218)

LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP

785' E. OF EASTERN AVENUE

NW/S OF DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE

TUESDAY. SEPTEMBER 25, 1984 at 9:30 a.m.

Counsel for Petitioner

. . .

People's Coursel



County Board of Appeals of Baltimore County Room 200 Court House Towson, Margland 21204 (301) 494-3180

October 9, 1984

Robert J. Romadka, Esquire and John B. Gontrum, Esquire 809 Eastern Blvd. Baltimore, Md. 21221

> Re: Case No. CR-93-59-XA Lodge Forest Partnership

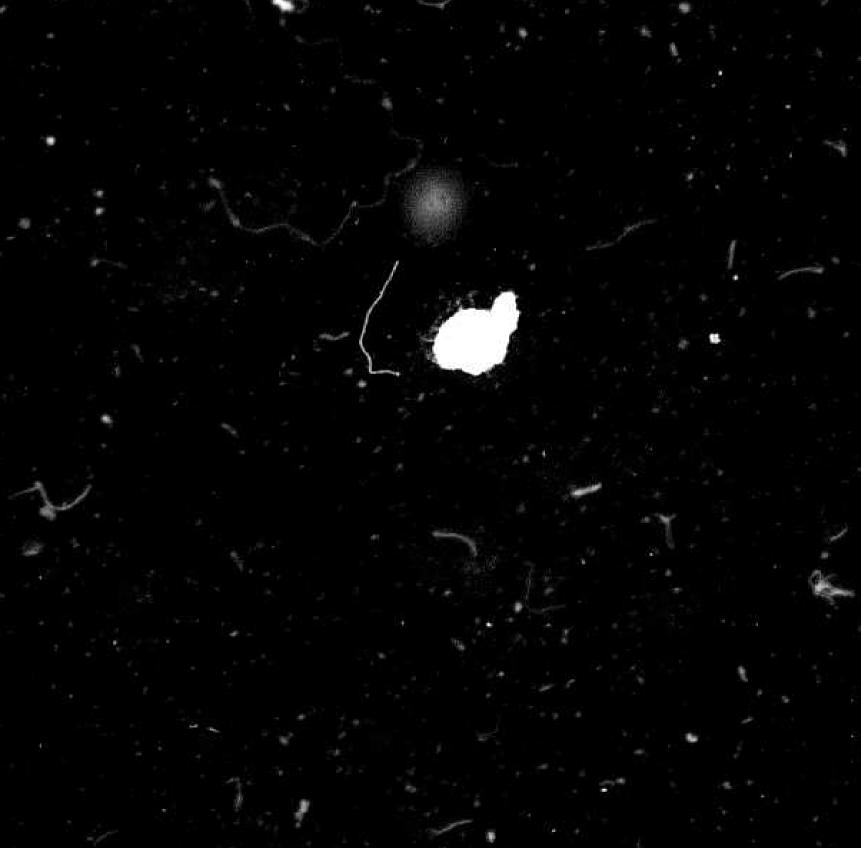
Dear Sirs:

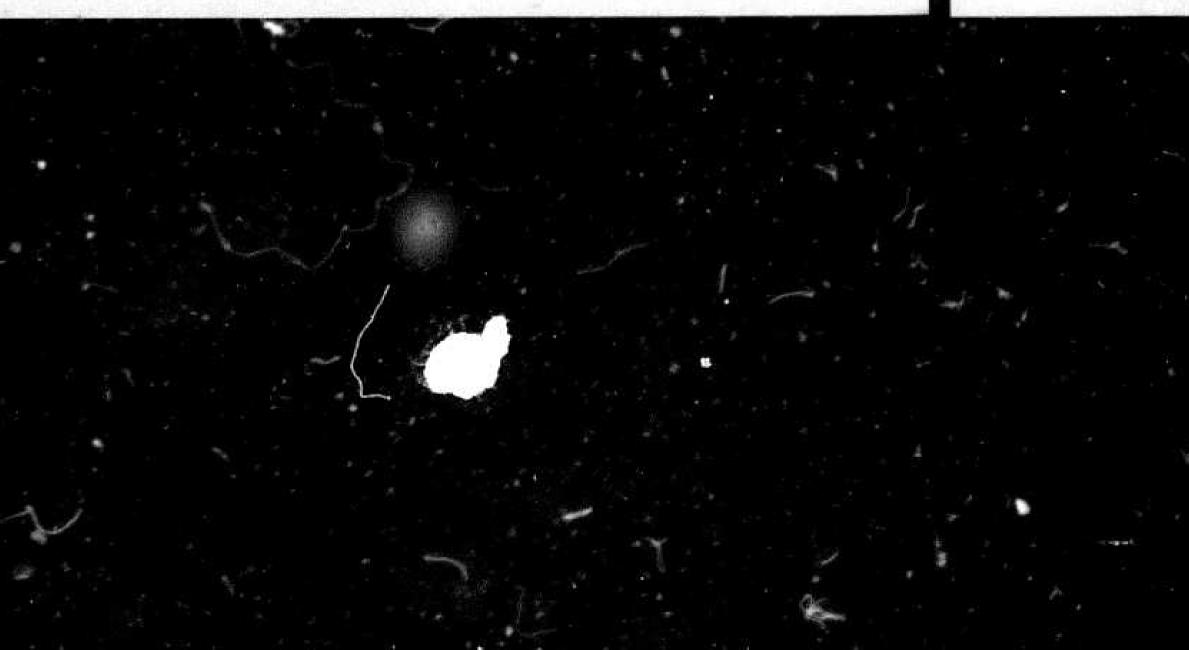
Enclosed herewith is a copy of the Order passed today by the County Board of Appeals in the above entitled case.

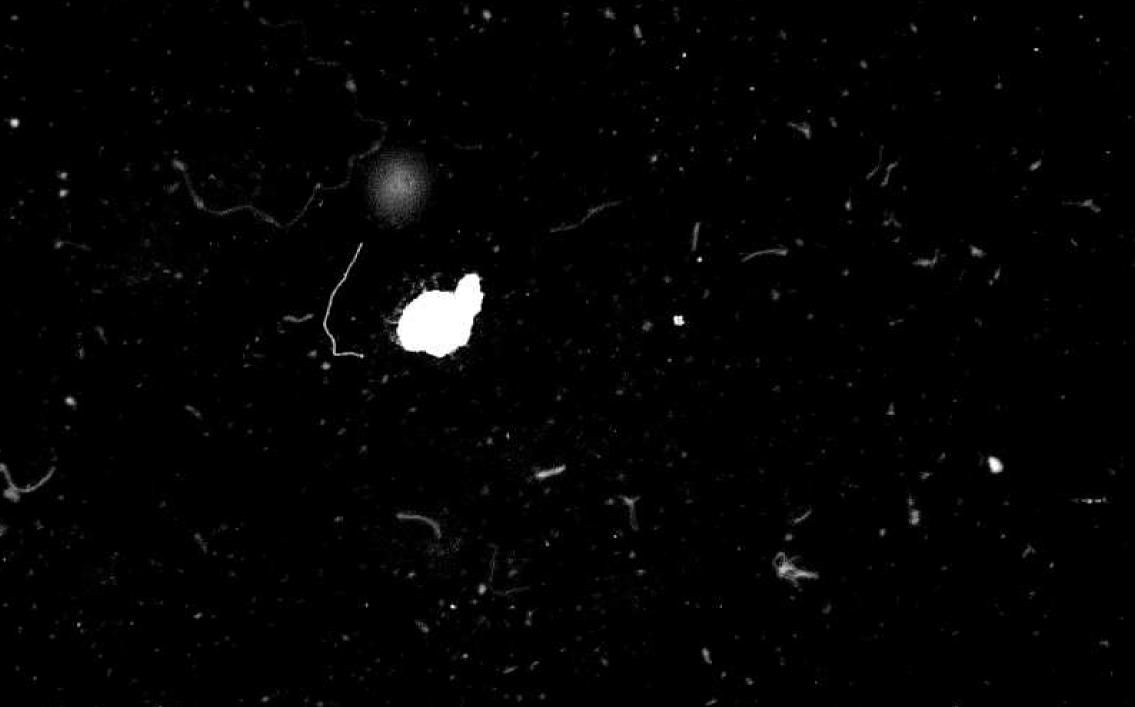
Very truly yours,

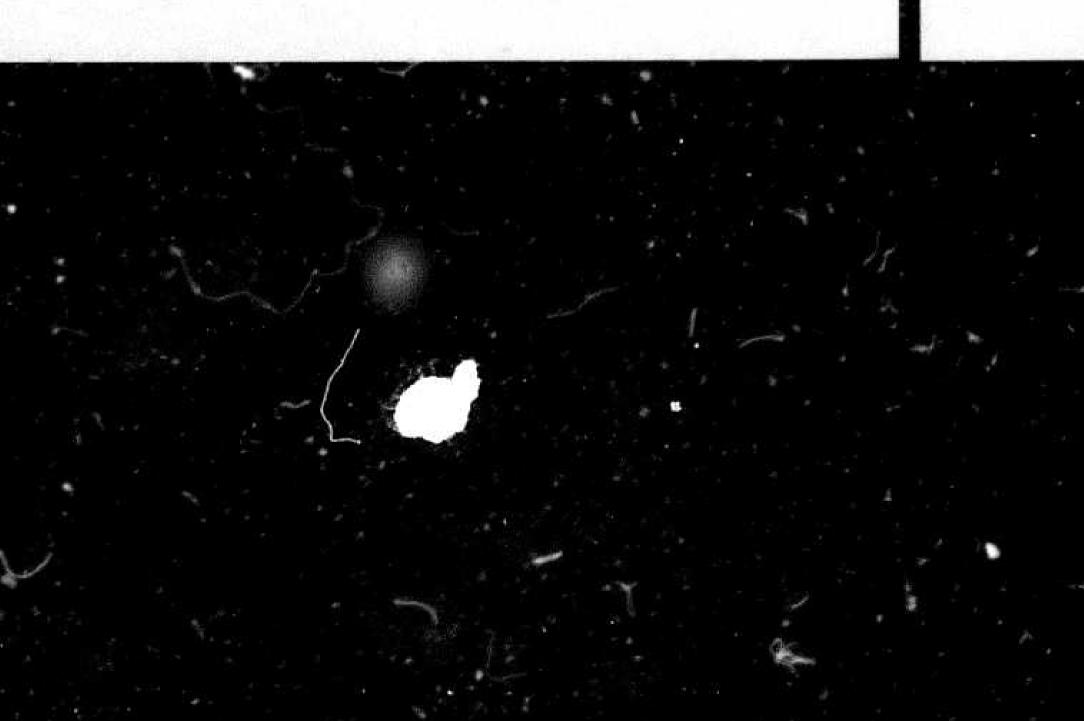
Encl.

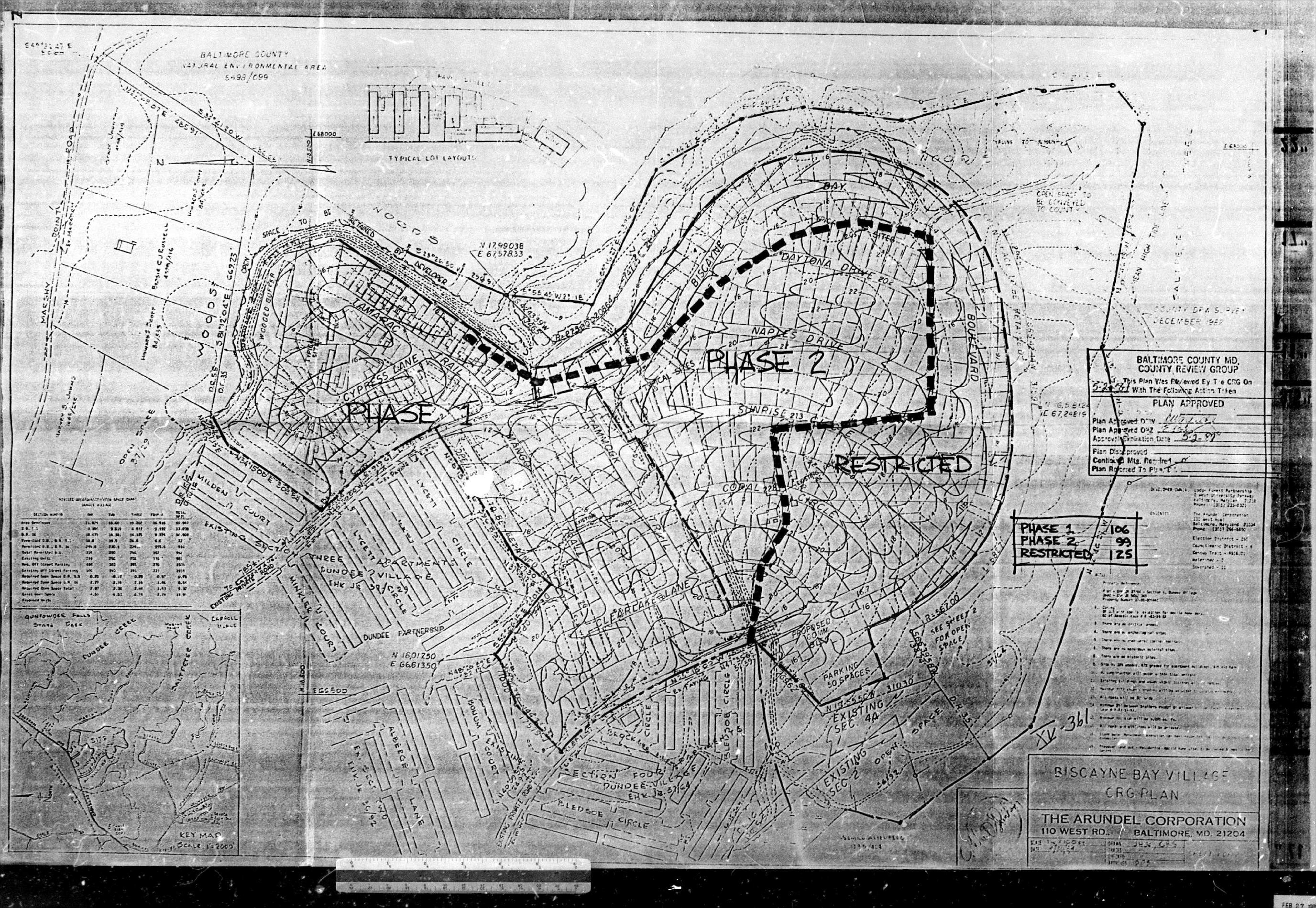
cc: Phy!'is C. Friedman Board of Education Arnold Jabion James E. Dyer Norman E. Gerber James G. Hoswell











# PETITION FOR ZONING RE-CLASSIFICATION SPECIAL EXCEPTION AND/OR VARIANCE

TO THE COUNTY BOARD OF APPEALS OF BALTIMORE COUNTY:

The undersigned, legal owner(s) of the property situate in Baltimore County and which is described in the description and plat attached hereto and made a part hereof, hereby petition (1) that the zoning status of the herein described property be re-classified, pursuant to the Zoning Law

of Baltimore County, from an D.B.16 & D.R. 5.5 zone to an D.R. 3.5 zone, for the reasons given in the attached statement; and (2) for a Special Exception, under the said Zoning Law and Zoning Regulations of Baltimore County, to use the herein described property, MOBILE HOME PARK

and (3) for the reasons given in the attached statement, a variance from the following sections of the Zoning Law and Zoning Regulations of Baltimore County

414.4 to reduce required seventy-five (75) feet setback from boundary lines to a minimum of fifteen (15) feet

414.5 to reduce space between trailers for the required twenty-five (25) feet to fifteen (15) feet

Property is to be posted and advertised as prescribed by The Baltimore County Code.

or we, agree to pay expenses of above Re-classification, Special Exception and/or Variance, posting etc., upon filing of this petition, and further agree to and are to be bound by the zoning regulations and restrictions of Baltimore County adopted pursuant to the Zoning Law for Baltamore

Contract Purchaser:	Legal Owner(s):	100 - 127 Well of W
(Type or Print Name)	Henry J. Knoht (Type or Print Name)	.4
Signature	Signature	
Address	for Lodge Forest Partne (Type or Print Name)	ership
City and State	ck J.I (Zen -5 ) Signature	//
Attorney for Petitioner:		
Robert J. Romadka/John B. Gontrum (Type of Print Name)	Address	Phone No.
Signature	City and State	
809 Eastern Boulevard	Name, address and phone number of leg- tract purchaser or representative to be	
Baltimore, MD 21221 City and State	Name	
Attorney's Telephone No : 686-8274	Address	Phone No.

BALTIMORE COUNTY ZONING PLANS ADVISORY COMMITTEE



PETITION AND SITE PLAN

EVALUATION COMMENTS

# BALTIMORE COUNTY ZONING PLANS ADVISORY COMMITTEE

May 3, 1982

COUNTY OFFICE BLEG. Towson, Maryland 21204 Robert J. Romadka, Esquire John B. Contrum. Esquire

809 Eastern Boulevard efficholas B. Commidari Chartenan |

Baltimore, Maryland 21221 RE: Item No. 4 - Cycle III

Gentlemen:

Bureau of Engineering Department of Traffic Indimmering State Would Commission Purman of Fire Prevention Health Department

MEMBERS

Project Flanning Building Department Boord of admostree Romand Administration

Reclassification, Special Exception, and Variance Petitions This combination hearing has been timely filed with the Board

Petitioner - Henry J. Knott

of Appeals for a public hearing within the April - October '82 reclassification cycle (Cycle III). It has been reviewed by the soning office as to form and content and has also been reviewed by the Zoning Plans Advisory Committee. The review and enclosed comments from the Committee are intended to provide you and the Board of Appeals with an insight as to possible conflicts or problems that could arise from the requested reclassification or uses and improvements that may be specified as part of the request. They are not intended to indicate the appropriateness of the zoning action requested.

If it has been suggested that the petition forms, descriptions, briefs, and/or the site plans be amended so as to reflect better compliance with the soning regulations and commenting agencies' standards and policies, you are requested to review these comments, take your own judgement as to their accuracy and submit the necessary amendments to this office before May 31. In the event that any requested amendments are not received prior to this date, the petition will be advertised as originally submitted.

Located on the north side of Dundee Village Circle approximately 5 feet south of Eastern Avenue in the 15th Election District, the subject property, consisting of 62.70h acres, is currently vacant and was proposed to be part of the overall development of Dundee Village. which exists to the west. To the north and fronting or Marshy Point Road are dwellings, while a nursery exists to the east.

This combination hearing is necessitated as a result of your client's proposal to develop the property as a trailer park and to allow the ailers to be located closer to the boundary and in relation to each other than allowed. The proposed trailer park encompasses the majority of what was approved as Section h of Dundee Village. In reviewing the site plan, the approved development plan and through conversation with your engineer, it appears that this part of the proposed development has been divided into three sections of which only a part (Section 4-A-1) has been developed with apartments. The overall calculations should be

Item No. 4 - Cycle III Petitioner - Henry J. Knott Reclassification. Special Exception. and Variance Petitions

revised to reflect the total parking required and provided for the entire development. In addition, since . 346 acres has been transferred from the open space in Section 4-A-I to the proposed trailer ; ark, this will change all of the calculations for this section and should be reflected on the revised chart.

If the petition is granted a revised development plan for Section 4 must be submitted. In keeping with this and because the !imits of the trailer park would now become the tract boundary for Dundes Village, it should be reflected on revised site plans that all existing apartments are located at least 35 feet from this boundary line. If this is not the case a variance will be required.

In order to determine whether the proposed development will be affected by the residential transition requirements (Bill #121,-81), all dwellings within 300 feet and all vacant lots of two acres or less within 250 feet of the subject property must be indicated on the revised site plans. This pertains to the properties abutting the proposed trailer park to the north along Marshy Point Road and to the east. If the transition area covers any part of the subject property, this may alter the final layout of the proposed park.

At the time of this writing, the comment: from Mr. Jack Wimbley. Current Planning, were not available. However, I spoke to him, and he stated that all applicable subdivision regulations will have to be satisfied. In keeping with this it appears that the record plat, reflecting the revision to Section 4, may have to be re-recorded as well as maintaining other requirements. I suggest that you contact him at 494-3335 in order to ascertain more detailed comments.

In view of the enclosed comments from the Planning Office, concerning the

environmental impact statement that you submitted with this petition, and the Health Department, I will await your response to these, and the direction in which you wish to proceed with the petition. In reviewing the petition forms, it appears that Henry J. Knott signed the forms for Lodge Forest Partnership. However, all material that has been distributed thus far indicates Mr. Knott as the legal owner. If he is in fact, not the legal owner, please advise me, and I will have this reflected on all future correspondence.

In view of the fact that this is a complex development and other changes may be required at some stage in any future review process, I strongly suggest that this be noted at the public hearing. I feel that it would be in your client's best interest to request that if any order is written, granting this petition, that it allow you some flexibility in making changes to the final site plan.

Prior to making the revisions requested above, I suggest that your engineer arrange a meeting with me in order to discuss this development and other changes that may be necessary. You may contact me at 494-3391.

> Very truly yours. Neston Danwoden WICHOLAS B. COMMODARI, Chairman Zoning Plans Advisory Committee

> > ZONING DEPARTMENT

Date April

Enclosures

cc: John Hocheder, Arundel Corp., 110 West Rd., Baltimore, Md. 21204

BALTIMORE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS TOWSON, MARYLAND 21204

> HARRY I PISTEL P E pril 6, 1982

Mr. William T. Hackett, Cha. Board of Appeals Court House Towson, Maryland 21204

> Re: Item #4 Zoning Cycle III (April-October 1982) Property Owner: Henry J. Knott N/ES tundee Village Cir. 785° S. of Eastern Ave. Existing Zoning: DR 16 & DR 5.5 Proposed Zoning: DR 3.5 Acres: 62.358

Dear Mr. hackett:

DIRECTOR.

BARC-Form 1

The following comments are furnished in regard to the plat submitted to this office for review by the Zoning Advisory Committee in connection with the subject item. General:

District: 15th

Subdivision and resubdivision of property within Baltimore County is subject to Baltimore County Subdivision Regulations.

This property is a portion of the overall property depicted on "Record Plat -Section Four Fundee Village", recorded E.H.K., Jr. 37, Folio 64.

Baltimore County highway and utility improvements are not directly involved.

The Developer proposes to extend private roads, water mains and sanitary sewerage within this site from the private roads, water mains and sanitary sewerage constructed in conjunction with the development of existing sections of Dundee Village.

Development of this property through stripping, grading and stabilization could result in a sediment pollution problem, damaging private and public holdings downstream of the property. A grading permit is, therefore, necessary for all grading, including the stripping of top soil.

Drainage studies, storm water management drawings and sediment control drawings will be necessary to be reviewed and approved prior to the recording of any record plat or the issuance of any grading or building permits.

Item #4 Zoning Cycle III (April- october 1982) Property Owner: Henry J. Knott Page 2 April 6, 1982

General: (Cont'd)

5 00 5

The Petitione: must provide necessary drainage facilities (temporary or permanent) to prevent creating any nuisances or damages to adjacent properties, especially by the concentration of surface waters. Correction of any problem which may result, due to improper grading or improper installation of drainage facilities, would be the full responsibility of the Petitioner.

in accordance with the drainage policy, the Petitioner is responsible for the total actual cost of drainage facilities required to carry the storm water run-off through the property to be developed to a suitable outfall.

Open stream drainage requires a drainage reservation or easement of sufficient width to cover the flood plain of a 100-year design storm. However, a minimum width of 50 feet is required.

Pertions of this property are below elevation 10 (Baltimore County Datum).

This office has no further comment in regard to the plan submitted for Zoning Advisory Committee review in connection with this Item 4 Cycle III (April-October 1982).

Very truly yours,

RAM: EAM: FWR: SS

cc: Jack Wimbley Catherine Warfield

Z-NW Key Sheet 17-19 NE 44-46 Pos. Sheets NE 5 K & L Topo 83 & 91 Tax Maps

Maryland Department of Transportation State Highway Administration

Lowell K. Bridwell N. S. Cattrider

March 19, 1982

Mr. William Hackett, Chairman Board of Appeals County Office Building Towson, Maryland 21204

Attention: Mr. N. Commodari



Dear Mr. Hackett:

Re: RE-Classification Petitions Cycle III - 1982 Meeting of March 16, 1982 ITEM: #4 Property Owner: Henry J. Location: NE/S Dundee Village Circle 785' S. of Eastern Avenue (Route 150) Existing Zoning: D.R. 16 & D.R. 5.5 Proposed Zoning: D.R. 3.5 Special Exception for mobile home park Acres: 62.358 District: 15th

The existing entrances from Eastern Avenue are acceptable. however, the proposed 427 lots added to the existing 981 units could conjest the highway. The subject section of Eastern Avenue aside from the immediate Dundee Village frontage consists of two narrow lanes with no shoulders. Considerable highway improvements will be required to accomodate the increase in traffic.

> Very truly yours, Charles Lee, Chief Bureau of Engineering Access Permits

CL:JM:maw

By: John Meyers

cc: Mr. J. Wimbley Mr. G. Wittman

> My telephone number is (301) 659-1350 Teletypewriter for Impaired Hearing or Speech 383-7555 Baltimore Metro — 565-0451 D.C. Metro — 1-800-492-5062 Statewide Toll Free P.O. Box 717 / 707 North Calvert St., Baltimore, Maryland 21203 - 0717

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND \_\_\_\_ APR 20 82 4

INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

NICK COMMODARI, Chairman Zoning Advisory Committee TO Zoning Office

PAUL J. SOLOMON, Head FROM Environmental Planning Section, OPZ

SUBJECT Galway Bay Environmental Impact Statement

This statement does not meet the requirements of an environmental impact statement (as required by Aprindix F, Sec. 2-58.1(1)(1) and (2), Baltimore County Zoning Regulations) because it is not a comprehensive study which accurately discloses the environmental consequences or enhancement of the proposed action. It does not adequately discuss the impact of the proposed development to existing conditions. Comparisons to other proposed and approved plans for this site are alternatives, not existing conditions. There are many properties in the county which are recorded and not developed.

For a comprehensive outline of points to consider when preparing an EIS, the applicant may wish to refer to the EIS guideline prepared for the Department of Housing and Urban Development (entitled: Interim Guide for Environmental Assessment, HUD field office edition, 1975). The EIS should include at-a-minimum information and technical data on the following relevant environmental components:

1. Geology

3. Special Land Features (wetlands, coastal zone, shoreline) 4. Water

5. Biota 6. Climate and Air

7. Energy

8. Services

9. Safety

Physiological well-being 11. Sense of Community (homogeneity, diversity, and

community stability) 12. Psychological well-being

13. Visual quality

14. Historic and Cultural Resources

In particular, existing conditions and impacts should be discussed relative to the adjacent community of people in Dundee Village, the plans of the Dundee-Saltpeter Creek Natural Environmental Area, other adjacent property owners and users of adjacent state waters: and secondary impacts of this development on the quality of life of the existing community residents.

Although engineering design descriptions appear adequate to describe the proposed action, natural resource data is not adequate to permit a careful assessment of environmental impact of this action. April 16, 1982

We must insist that the applicant employ a professional who has competence (as required by the zoning code) in evaluating community impacts and quantifying natural resource trade-offs which will occur as a result of the proposed action.

The following comments are directed at the only statement of impact found on Page 18 of the report.

Without considering a no-build alternative, it is impossible to assess the future or present impacts of this proposed project.

The EIS contains no quantitative evidence that impacts from the proposed development will "clean up the environment."

The use of poor conservation practices by past landowners is irrelevant to this project, particularly since the EIS offers no evidence that these conditions still exist and are attributable to this piece of land. This irrelevant point does not warrant one-third of the applicants' impact conclusions.

The EIS does not identify the source of the so-called "attractive nuisances" and offers no evidence to suggest that these five problems exist on this site. Unattended vacant land in the State of Maryland is not an attractive nuisance.

Current evidence from the professional staff of the Urban Wildlife Research Center and the Maryland Save-Our-Streams program suggests that the stated conclusions about displacement of desirable wildlife and changes in runoff are unfounded.

No alternatives to the proposed action to reduce or eliminate impacts are presented as required in Item #4 of the EIS definition of the Zoning Code. Environmental impacts and costs of these alternatives should be discussed.

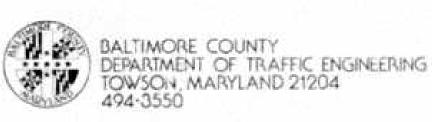
Long-term environmental effects of the proposed action are not stated as required in Item #5 of the EIS definition of the Zoning

Any irreversible or irretrievable commitment of resources that might result from the proposed action or curtail the beneficial use of the existing environment is not stated as required in Item #6 of the EIS definition of the Zoning Code.

In conclusion, this EIS is inadequate based on the various comments specified herein.

PJS:vh

cy: Norman E. Gerber Robert W. Marriott, Jr. Herbert P. Bangs Jim Hoswell



STEPHEN E. COLLINS DIRECTOR

March 29, 1982

Mr. William Hackett Chairman, Board of Appeals Office of Law, Courthouse Towson, Maryland 21204

Cycle III - 1982, Meeting of March 16, 1982 Item No. 4 Property Owner: Henry J. Knott Location: NE/S Dundee Village Circle 785' S. of Eastern Avenue Existing Zoning: D.R. 16 & D.R. 5.5

Proposed Zoning: D.R. 3.5

Special Exception for mobile home park Acres: 62.358

District: 15th

Dear Mr. Hackett:

The proposed rezoning from D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 to D.R. 3.5 with a special exception for a mobile home park should reduce the overall traffic from this site.

Sincerely.

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND

INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

Applicable Codes: Baltimore County Building Code as adopted by

subject to compliance to Section 519.1 as smended in Bill #4-82.

become subject to the above Building Code and its' restrictions.

The main areas where conflict would occur is when units are placed

of mother unit or structure, when legally permitted within 3'-0"

within six feet (6'-0") of an interior lot line, or within twelve(12')

of an interior lot line. Openings in an exterior wall are prohibited.

Also, the fact that mobile homes are not normally manufactured with

exterior walls which could survive a one hour fire test which would

which determine the above problem areas are as listed:

Section 110.6 Prohibition of Waiver.

Section 1403.1.1 Fire Resistance Ratings.

Section 1402.2 Unclassified Uses.

Section 519.1 Flood Areas.

Mobile Homes.

Section 503.2 Interior Lot Line Restrictions.

permit placement with 6'0" as described above. The sections of code

One - Fire Separation.

Separation".

Definition - Page 29 "Pire Separation, Exterior Fire

Type LB Construction, Exterior Wall Line.

Bill #1-82. Effective 3-26-82

Portions of this site appear to be in tidal imundation areas

Mobile homes when placed on a permanent foundation would

Mr. William Hackett, Chairman

Department of Permits & Licenses

Property Owner: Henry J. Knott

FROM Charles E. Burnham, Plans Review

SUBJECT Cycle III Zoning, 1982

Comments "h"

Board of Appeals

Date April 6, 1982

Engineering Associate II

MSF/rlj

BALTIMORE COUNTY

FIRE DEPARTMENT TOWSON MARYLAND 21204 825-7310

PAUL H REINCKE CHIEF

April 6, 1982

Hotomon

Phylironmental Planning Sec.

Mr. William Hammond cc: William Hackett Coming Commissioner Chairman of Board of Appeals Office of Planning and Zoning Baltimore County Office Building Towson, Maryland 21204

Attention: Nick Commodari, Chairman Zoning Plans Advisory Committee

RE: Property Owner: Henry J. Knott

Location: "'S Dundee Village Circle

Zoning Agenda: Meeting of March 16, 1982 Item No.:

Gentlemen:

JK /mb/ cm

Pursuant to your request, the referenced property has been surveyed by this Bureau and the comments below marked with an "X" are applicable and required to be corrected or incorporated into the final plans for the property.

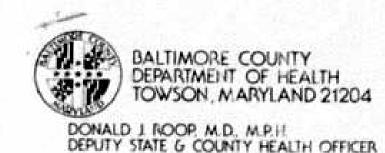
- (X) 1. Fire hydrants for the referenced property are required and shall be located at intervals or \_\_\_\_\_ feet along an approved road in accordance with Baltimore County Standards as published by the Department of Public Works.
- ( ) 2. A second means of vehicle access is required for the site.
- ( ) 3. The vehicle dead end condition shown at

EXCEEDS the maximum allowed by the Fire Department.

- (X) 4. The site shall be made to comply with all applicable parts of the Fire Prevention Code prior to occupancy or beginning of operation. (See Attachment)
- ( ) 5. The buildings and structures existing or proposed on the site shall comply with all applicable requirements of the National Fire Protection Association Standard No. 101 "Life Safety Code", 1976 Edition prior to occupancy.
- ( ) 6. Site plans are approved, as drawn.
- ( ) 7. The Fire Prevention Bureau has no comments, at this time.

H K. 4/7/62 Approved: Leonge M Wesoma Fire Prevention Bureau Special Inspection Division

TB:98



April 7, 1982

Mr. William Hackett, Chairman Board of Appeals Court House Towson, Maryland 21204

Dear Mr. Hackett:

Mr. William Hammond

Zoning Commissioner

April 6, 1982

Page two

Comments on Item #4, Cycle III Meeting, March 16, 1982, are as follows:

Property Owner: Henry J. Knott Location:

NE/S Dundee Village Circle 785' S. of Eastern Avenue

Existing Zoning:

D.R. 16 & D.R. 5.5 D.R. 3.5

Special Exception for mobile home park

Acres: District: 15th

Proposed Zoning:

Metropolitan water and sewer are proposed.

The owner must contact Wetlands Permits Division, Water Resources Administration and Army Corps of Engineers to have the limits of the Tidal Wetlands identified. No construction, grading or filling will be allowed In the areas identified as Tidal Wetlands.

There is an abandoned dug well in the vicinity of the proposed clubhouse that must be properly back filled and scaled prior to the issuance of any building permit for the site.

Review of the plan submitted revealed that several of the proposed variances of distance requirements are not in conformance with the Maryland State Department of Health and Mental Hygiene Regulations Governing Construct tion, Equipment, Sanitation, Operation and Maintenance of Mobile dome Parks; Commar 10.16.02. More specifically, the owner is proposing 30' right br W.y while the aforementioned regulations mandates a mi 'mum of 40' right of way. The owner proposes a minimum distance of 15' from the trailers to the effector boundary of the park while the State regulations require a 20' minimum to distance.

Comment #4. Each mobile home shall be located at least 25 feet from

40' X 80' minimum width.

any park property boundary line abutting upon a public

street or highway and mobile homes shall not be located

permanent building according to NFPA 501A-1975. Section

3-2 and Section 10-1.3., also tee turnarounds shall be

closer than 10 feet from any other mobile home or

Mr. William Hackett, Chairman Page 2 April 7, 1982

The proposed minimum distance between trailers is 15' while the State regulations require a minimum distance of 20'.

It is, therefore, recommended that the owner contact Ms. Judith Lewis, Chief of Recreational Sanitation, Division of General Sanitation, State Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, 383-2909, for purposes of requesting a review of the plans and proposed variances of the State regulations.

Very truly yours.

LJF/als

cc: Mr. Henry J. Knott Ms. Judith Lewis

DEPARTMENT OF PERMITS & LICENSES

TED ZALESKI JA

Mr. Villian E. Rammond, Loning Commissioner Office of Plauning and Zoning County Office Building Towers, Naryland

(Retyped)

October 14. 1982

Dear Mr. Hammond

Comments on Item # | Toming Advisory Committee Meeting

Property Owner Henry Ja Knoffaled Cirofest 85.5 of Eastern Avenue Proposed Soning: D.R. 16 & D.R. 5.5 IR 3.5 special exception for Mobile Home Park

District? - 358

The items checked below are applicable;

- X A. All structure shall conform to the Baltimore County Building Gode 1981/ Council Bill b-82 State of Maryland Code for the Handicapped and Aged: and other applicable Codes.
- X B. A building and other miscellameous permits shall be required before beginning
- C. Residential: Three cuts of construction drawings are required to file a purmit application. Architect/Engineer seal is/is not required.
- X D. Commercial: Three sets of construction drawings with a Maryland Registered Architect or Engineer shall be required to file a parmit application.
- E. An exterior wall erected within 6'0 of an adjacent lot line shall be of one hour fire resistive construction, no openings permitted within 3'-0 of lot lines. A firewall is required if construction is on the lot line, See Table 601, line 2, Section 1407 and Table 1402.
- 7. Requested variance conflicts with the Bultimore County Building Code.
- G. A change of occupancy shall be applied for, along with an alteration permit application, and three required sets of drawings indicating how the structure will meet the Code requirements for the proposed change. Drawings may require a professional seal.
- H. Before this office can comment on the above structure, please have the owner, thru the services of a Registered in Maryland Architect or Engineer certify to this office, that, the structure for which a proposed change in use is proposed can comply with the height/area requirements of Table 505 and the required construction classification of Table 501.
- XI. Commutes No indications has been made that anyone has recognized the fact that nearly one hundred of these spaces and the club house are below or partly below the tidal flood innudation level. Please be advised that some of these units are at elevation h. Please

be construed as the full extent of any permit. If desired, additional information may be obtained by visiting Room #122 Written. (Plans Review) at 111 Vest Chesapsake Ave., 21204

CEStrej

POMM 01-82

Section/s \_\_\_\_\_\_

sorte Section 519 of an amonded by Sill and profess to the removal other comments submitted to the office of Planning and Zoning and are not intended to still stand as

Charles E. Burnhau, Unies

# BALTIMORE COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Robert Y. Dubel, Superintendent

Towson, Maryland - 21204

Date: 3/22/82

Mr. Walter Reiter Chairman, Board of Appeals Baltimore County Office Building 1111 West Chesapeake Avenue Towson, Maryland 21204

Zoning Cycle #111

RE: Item No: 4 Property Owner: Henry J. Knott Location: N/E/S Dundee Village Circle; 785' S. of Eastern Ave. Present Zoning: DR 16 and DR 5.5 Proposed Zoning: DR 3.5

School Situation Sept. 1981

School School	Enrollment	Capacity	Over/Under
Chase Elementary	359	471	- 112
Oliver Beach Elementary	370	358	+ 12
Seneca Elementary	431	506	- 75
Middle River Junior	1186	1174	+ 12
Perry Hall Senior	1819	1910	- 100

Student Yield Wit					Existing Zoning	And	Proposed Zoning (est.)
	Elementary fro	om	72	to	258		149+
	Junior High fro	Om.	65	to	113		107+
	Senior High fro	om :	30	to	102		64+

Very truly yours, Wm. Nick Petrovich, Assistant Department of Planning

is absolutely unsuitable to any sort of residential development let alone the planned residential community which Petitioner proposes. Consequently, we wish to add as additional error, failure of the County to provide for suitable residential classifications in the area in which a special exception could be given for a mobil home park.

RECLASSIFICATION PETITION BEFORE THE FROM D-16 and DR 5.5

to DR 3.5 BOARD OF APPEALS

With Special Exception

Mobile Home Park

RECLASSIFICATION PETITION

With Special Exception

and Variances for a

Mobile Home Park

Known as Galway Bay Park

FROM D-16 and DR 5.5

to Do 3.5

filed in this case.

and Variances for a

Known as Galway Bay Park Stem #4. Cycle III

BALTIMORE COUNTY

BEFORE THE

BOARD OF APPEALS

BALTIMORE COUNTY

SUPPLEMENTAL MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF ZONING RE-CLASSIFICATION, SPECIAL EXCEPTION AND VARIANCE

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

This Memorandum is being filed to supplement rather than to change or delete portions of the previous Memorandum filed in this case.

It is clear from a review of the comprehensive Zoning Maps that no provision has been made for a mobil home park in the subject area. The Baltimore County Zoning Regulations indicate that mobil home parks are permissible only by means of special exception in certain designated zones. No residential zones which would permit a mobile home park exist within a mile of the subject property. Not only has there been a failure to provide for mobile home park zoning in the area which Petitioner seeks re-classified, but also there has been a failure to provide for any feasible mechanism whereby a special exception can be obtained for a mobile home park in the area. Nearby property which is zoned MH and ML is currently under heavy industrial use for quarry operations and

SERVICE MARKETANIO

is absolutely unsuitable to any sort of residential development let alone the planned residential community which Petitioner proposes. Consequently, we wish to add as additional error, failure of the County to provide for suitable residential classifications in the area in which a

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RECLASSIFICATION PETITION

BEFORE THE

BOARD OF APPEALS

PROM D-16 and DR 5.5 to DR 3.5

With Special Exception

Mobile Home Park

and Variances for a

Known as Galway Bay Park BALTIMORE COUNTY

. . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

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ATTORNEY AT LAW CREEK, HARRIANS

> RECLASSIFICATION PETITION BEFORE THE

PROM D-16 and DR 5.5 to DR 3.5

BOARD OF APPEALS

With Special Exception

and Variances for a

Mobile Home Park

Known as Galway Bay Park BALTIMORE COUNTY

MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF ZONING RE-CLASSIFICATION, SPECIAL EXCEPTION AND VARIANCE

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

In assigning zoning classifications of D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5. to the subject site in the comprehensive map process the County council committed reversible error. The assumptions of development and needs in the neighborhood of the subject site on which the classification were based were erroneous. The Baltimore County Master Plan for 1979-1990 contained erroneous information on development in the vicinity of the subject site. Economic assumptions and forecasts of available housing have been shown to be erroneous since the Map was adopted. Finally, failure of the Council to provide for mobile home housing in the comprehensive map process despite a recognized need for this housing constituted reversible error.

Changes in the neighborhood of the subject site have occurred since adoption of the maps. These changes include extensive development in the area and up-grading of public facilities as well as the economic changes which have effected the ntire housing business.

ROBERT J. HOMADKA ..... ....

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

SUPPLEMENTAL MEMORANDUM

IN SUPPORT OF ZONING RE-CLASSIFICATION, SPECIAL EXCEPTION AND VARIANCE

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This Memorandum is being filed to supplement rather

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ROBERT J. ROMADKA STORIUS AT LAW ERROR. MARYLAND

variances from setback requirements are sought to enhance variety in the housing alternative offered and to conform to an optimal developmental scheme. Failure to approve the requested variances would result in unreasonable hardship not only on the developer but also on the owners of the mobile home units.

#### I. STATEMENT OF FACTS

The subject property is located in the Fifteenth Election District in Baltimore County and contains sixty-two and one-half (62.5) acres more or less. No structures exist on the site, but it is improved by public water and sewer. The property is part of property currently known as Section Four of Dundee Village. A record plat, among the land records of Baltimore County in Plat Book E.H.K., Jr.37, page 64, depicts and includes the subject site. The property lies between Saltpeter Creek on the South and the Dundee Village apartments on the North. Access to the property is obtained from Dundee Circle off of Old Eastern Avenue extended

The general neighborhood of the propert; contains various zoning classifications and uses. Although the Baltimore County Master Plan, 1979-1990 (hereinafter referred to as "Master Plan"), refers to the area as rural and agricultural, land use and zoning classifications are much more intense. The zoning classification surrounding the property is D.R.5.5. This classification exists all along the southern side of Old Eastern Avenue with the exception of a few small areas of BL classification. The northern side of Old Eastern Avenue also contains substantial D.P.5.5 zoning, but nearby are large tracts classified BM, MH-IM, and ML-IM, and ML-BM.

The extension of public water and sewer along Old Eastern Avenue has effectively opened this section of the Eastern Avenue corridor for development. Since 1980 when the

the orientation of mobile homes. 3 Master Plan at 16.

The need for practical affordable housing is greater in the vicinity of the proposed mobile home park than in other areas of the county. The Master Plan projected a 98% increase in housing in the Chase-Bird River area over the next ten (10) years. 3 Master Plan 33. Both the 1980 Census Report and the Master Plan indicate, however, that most of the existing families in the area have low-to-moderate incomes, and that over half of the dwelling units in the area are not owner-occupied. 3 Master Plan 24, 33-34. If the Master Plan's assumption that the price of housing demand for owner-occupied units is twice the annual household income, then clearly mobile home units are the only alternatives for most of the people drawn to the area who seek a form of home ownership.

- B. ERROR or CHANGE
- I. STANDARD

County Council Bill 46-79 set forth the criteria by which a re-classification may be obtained:

- (1) That there has occurred a substantial change in the character of the neighborhood in which the property is located since the property was last classified, or that the last classification of the property was established in error; and (Bill No. 46079),
- (2) That the prospective relassification of the property is warranted by that change or error. Any finding of such a change or

Comprehensive Zoning Map was adopted, large developments of townhouses have started off of Eastern Avenue extended and Graces Quarters Road. Actually, there is no rural zoning within fifteen hundred (1500) feet of Old Eastern Avenue until its intersection with Ebenezer Road. The Gunpowder State Park and the United States Military reservation property account for the vast majority of the rural zoning classifications and uses in the area. Of course, those areas are eliminated totally from any potential growth or development.

Almost fifty-four (54) acres of the subject site is classified as zone D.R.16. The remaining 8.787 acres is classified as zone D.R.5.5. It is located between a fully developed apartment complex and a large nursery zoned D.R. 5.5. At one time the subject parcel was utilized as a stock farm, but much of the top soil has been lost; and the property is covered by scrub grass, weeds and brush. A third of the property has been graded for development. The current zoning classification and recorded plat provide for over nine hundreed (900) apartment dwelling units on the subject property.

#### PROPOSED USE

The proposed use of a mobile home park exists as a permitted use only by means of special exception. No zoning classification permits a mobile home park without a special exception, and in no event may a mobile home park be built in a D.R.16 or a D.R.5.5 zone. The development plan attached to the application proposes a mobile home park use with provision for at least four hundred twenty-seven (427) lots, or less than one-half (1/2) of the currently allowed number of apartment units. The typical mobile home lot is designed to accommodate a trailer fourteen (14) wide by seventy (70) feet long, and a parking area. All lots are sized greater than the minimum required by the Baltimore County Zoning Regulations

error and any finding that the prospective reclassification is warranted may be made only upon consideration of factors relating to the purposes of the zoning regulations and maps, including, but not limited to, all of the following: Population trend; availability and adequacy of present and proposed transportation facilities, schools, recreational facilities, and other public facilities, compatibility of uses generally allowable under the prospective classification with the present and projected development of character of the surrounding area; any pertinent recommendation of the planning board or office of planning and zoning; and consistency of the current and prospective classifications with the master plan, the county plan for sewerage and water-supply facilities, and the capital program (bill No. 46-79).

In addition to the legislated standards, standards promulgated by the courts must also be considered. For example, the courts have applied a more liberal standard when the re-classification is from one residential class to another than when the property is sought to be re-classified to an altogether different use. See Missouri Realty, Inc. v. Ramer 216 Md 422 at 449, 140 A 2d 655 at 658 (1957); Tennison v.Shomette, 38 Md App.1, 379 A. 2d 18 at 190 (1977). Other court decisions have added to the scope of error and change.

may exist when "the assumptions or premises relied upon by the Courcil at the time of the comprehensive zoning were invalid."

Boyce v. Sembly, 25 Md. App. 43 at 50, 334 A. 2d 137 at 142 (1975). Error may also exist if "at the time of the comprehensive zoning the Council failed to take into account then existing facts, or projects or trends which were reasonably foreseeable of fruition in the future, so that the Council's action was premised initially on a misapprehension".

People's Counsel for Baltimore County v. Williams, 45 Md. App. 617, 415 A. 2d 585 at 588 quoting Boyce v. Sembly, 25 Md. App. 43, 334 A. 2d 137 (1975). This error may be shown by showing the mistaken premises considered by the Council such as

(hereinafter referred to as "B.C.F.R."), section 414.2. In addition, space is allocated to open space, particularly along the waterfront of Saltpeter Creek. Natural screening and fencing will be provided in and about the site in addition to existing plantings.

Two variances are sought in the proposed plan from the B.C.7.R., section 414.4. This variance is necessary because of the hardship presented in utilizing and adapting the available space in an optimum configuration with the requisite setbacks. The other variance requested is also from a setback requirement. It is requested that a variance be given from Section 414.5 requiring a twenty-five (25) feet setback between trailers. Although the typical lot configuration will be in compliance with this requirement, a variance is sought to allow mobile home owners a choice of lot design and the option of adding an Expando Room onto the units. Failure to allow the variance would create a hardship not only for the developer but also for the unit owners who may desire variety and additional living area.

#### II. DISCUSSION

### A. NEED FOR MOBILE HOME FACILITIES

The need for additional mobile home parks in Baltimore County is great. The Master Plan stated in 1979 that there existed virtually no for-sale housing production under \$30,000.00 in Baltimore County. 3 Master Plan at 10. Mobile home units typically cost \$20,000.00 to \$30,000.00. The Master Plan went on to state that "roughly 15,750 households will be required by their low incomes to find alternative housing sources." Certainly, low cost apartment units have virtually become non-existent with the high interest rates facing developers in recent years.

in Baltimore County. The Master Plan states: "Mobile homes have the potential to satisfy a large portion of the demand for lower priced units, but zoning policies in Pultimore County and the rest of the region have restricted this source of lower cost housing." 3 Master Plan at 10. There are no known mobile home parks in Baltimore County with less than full occupancy. There has been no new park development in the past fifteen (15) years. Consequently, newcomers to the housing market, or those home buyers who have had to scale down their potential investment due to interest rates and inflation, have been unable to break into the existing market for mobile homes.

Mobile homes are under-util zed as a housing resource

Mobile home parks appeal to a large variety of people. Ease of maintenance and upkeep is of particular appeal to the elderly. Young couples are attracted to mobile homes because of their appeal as a "starter home" where the pros and cons of home ownership are first discovered. Mobile homes also attract middle-aged couples whose children have grown and may not be accustomed to the emptiness of a large house or may want the feedom to travel more without the worry of home maintenance.

Although the affordable cost of mobile homes is certainly attractive, it often is not a major criterion in the selection of the mobile home alternative. Many people now living in mobile home parks have previously owned more expensive housing but have grown weary of mowing yards or cleaning many rooms or lonely in the vastness of large homes after children have grown and moved away. These people, however, currently have no open alternative other than apartment dwelling which involves a wholly different lifestyle from home ownership.

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mistakes in the Master Plan or "by producing evidence that the Council failed to make any provision to accommodate a project, trend or need which if (sic), itself, recognized as existing at the time of the comprehensive zoning." Boyce v. Sembly, 25 Md. App. 43, 334 A. 2d 137 at 143 (1975).

Error or mistake may also be demonstrated by showing that events occurring after adoption of the Maps have shown the premises on which the Maps were based to be incorrect.

People's Counsel for Beltimore County v. Williams, 45 Md. App. 617, 415 A. 2d 585 (1980). In Mayor and Council of Rockville v. Stone 271 Md. 655, 319 A. 2d 420 (1959) stated:

On the question of original mistake, this Court has held that when the assumption upon which a particular use is predicated proves, with the passage of time, to be erroneous, this is sufficient to authorize a rezoning.

Id., 271 Md. 655 at 622, 319 A./ 2d 536, 571 (1974)

Obviously, the distinction between mistake or error and change begins to blur when factors occurring after the adoption of the Map are related to assumptions on which the Map was based.

change in the neighborhood obviously depends on what one defines the neighborhood to be. Obviously, in rural areas the neighborhood may be defined as a much larger area than in City urban locales. In this case the Master Plan has designated an area known as Bird River-Chase as an area with a stable self-image and an area for which planning may be viewed as a unit. 3 Master Plan 93. Indeed, throughout the Master Plan the community known as "Bird River-Chase" "thin which the subject property is located, is viewed as a comprehensive planning unit. It is reasonable, therefore, to adopt the county's own designation of neighborhood in resolving the question of change.

II. ERROR IN CURRENT CLASSIFICATION

The County Council committed erro: with respect to the classification of the subject site in that its conclusions were based on inaccurate premises. The Master Plan on which the Council relied inaccurately portrayed the area along Eastern Avenue in the Bird River-Chase area as relatively undeveloped with few or inadequate public services. See 1 Master Plan at 10, 16, 50-51. On the contrary, the area along Eastern Avenue is highly developed with a much more than adequate complement of public services. The Master Plan's utility section, for instance, noted that the sewerage facilities had large excess capacity, yet the Land Use volume failed to accurately characterize the area.

The Council in its deliberations, therefore, did not have an accurate portrayal of the actual growth of the vicinity of the subject property. The Council also lacked an accurate portrayal of the services available to the subject property. As the <u>Boyce</u> case stated, these inaccurate premises

may, and here do, constitute reversible error.

Other premises on which the Council relied have also been shown to be in error. At the time of the adoption of the maps the high interest rates were thought to be a short term aberration. The housing market was believed to be in temporary recession, and relier was foreseeable. Not even the Master Plan foresaw the extended slump of the housing industry or the impact of high interest rates.

Over the last two years the interest rates have stabilized at the inordinate high levels of two (2) years ago. As a result there has been a tremendous slump in available new housing. Consequently, although the demand for housing has increased as projected, the availability of housing has disappeared. The assumptions before the Council at the time of adoption of the Map with respect to available new housing

ROTERT J. ROMADKA

HOBERT J. RONADKA ATTOMNEY AT LAW ESSEE, MARTLAND

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ATTORNEY AT LAW

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have been proven erroneous. The need for alternative mobile home housing has increased much more than could have been anticipated.

The Council committed reversible error because it failed to foresee the trend then existent of diminishing housing availability. The Council's provision for mobile home housing, or lack of provision for it, was based, therefore, on a misapprehension of the tremendous growth in the need for such housing. See Mayor and Council of Rockville v. Stone, supra. Failure to even consider the impact of long-term high interest rates constitutes reversible error in the Council's deliberations with respect to residential zoning.

If the Master Plan's assertions, and those of the 1980 Census, are correct, then in the Bird River-Chase area the need is not for high cost housing or expensive apartments but rather for affordable housing appealing to a broad spectrum of potential home buyers. The Council failed to provide this alternative in the map process, and failed to recognize the obvious advantages of the subject site in meeting this need, and this constitutes reversible error.

The Council at the time of their consideration of the Master Plan recognized that mobile home parks were needed, but they failed to provide a zoning mechanism whereby mobile home parks could necessarily occur in selected areas. Only by means of a Petition for Re-classification and Special Exception can both the zoning and the use be considered at the same time. There is no opportunity in the comprehensive map process for mobile home park use to be considered. Only a few selected zone classifications may even accommodate mobile home use but even then only with a special exception. Nowhere does the use exist as of right. The Council, therefore, has committed reversible error by failing to provide for a recognized need. Boyce v. Sembly, supra. It is clearly

unreasonable to recognize that a need exists for a particular form of housing, to recognize that there is a great shortage of that housing and then to provide no outlet in the map process whereby the need can be met.

The subject site offers an ideal location for location of a mobile home park. It is located in a rapidly developing area, fully served by public facilities, yet one which also offers some of the advantages of rural living. Development of the subject property as a well-landscaped, aesthetically pleasing mobile home park would make a proper transition from high-density apartments to lesser-developed adjacent property. The number of units assigned to the subject site would be halved with a corresponding reduction in the demand for public services. Most importantly, development of the subject site as a mobile home park would recognize the great demand for such housing in that community, and would correct the errors in failing to provice this use in this area.

Since the adoption of the Map in 1980, rapid and significant changes have occurred in the immediate neighborhood of the subject property. Economic factors, of course, represent one change. The rapid development of the Graces Quarters area represents another significant change which impacts on the appropriate use of the rest of the area.

III. CHANGES IN NEIGHBORHOOD

One of the goals enunciated in the Master Plan is to provide a mix of housing opportunities. This area of the county, however, is polarizing in its housing construction. If a proper mix is to be achieved, and housing needs in the area are to be met, then wobile home parks should be considered as a viable concept in this area. The changes which have occurred in the neighborhood confirm the need for

ROBERT J. ROMADKA

ATTORNEY AT LAW

RE: PETITION FOR RECLASSIFICATION : BEFORE THE COUNTY BOARD OF APPEALS

D.R. 3.5 Zone PETITION FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION PETITION FOR VARIANCES OF BALTIMORE COUNTY NE/S of Dundee Village Circle, 785' S of Eastern Ave., 15th District

LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP. : Case No. R-83-59-XA (Item 4, Cycle III) Petitioner

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### ORDER TO ENTER APPEARANCE

To the Honorable, Members of Said Board:

from D.R. 16 & D.R. 5.5 to

Pursuant to the authority of Section 524, 1 of the Baltimore County Charter, I hereby enter my appearance in this proceeding. You are requested to notify me of any hearing date or dates which may be now or hereafter designated therefor, and of the passage of any preliminary or final Order in connection therewith.

Peter Max Zimmerman Deputy People's Counsel

John W. Hessian, III People's Counsel for Baltimore County Rm. 223, Court House Towson, Maryland 21204 494-2138

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 10th day of August, 1982, a copy of the foregoing Order was mailed to Robert J. Romadka, Esquire, and John B. Gontrum, Esquire, 809 Eastern Boulevard, Baltimore, Maryland 21221, Attorneys for Petitioner.

ROBERT J. ROMADKA

ATTORNEY AT LAW

ERSER, MATTLAND

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF COUNTY BOARD OF APPEALS LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP FOR REZONING FROM OF D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 to D.R. 3.5: BALTIMORE COUNTY FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR A MOBILE HOME PARK: AND FOR A VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS NO. R-83-59-XA 414.4 and 414.5 OF THE BALTIMORE COUNTY ZONING REGULATIONS NE/S DUNDEZ VILLAGE CIRCLE 785' E. OF EASTERN AVENUE 15th DISTRICT

OPINION

This case comes before the Board of Appeals on a petition for a reclassification of some 62.5 acres of land from D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 to D.R. 3.5, a request for a special exception to allow this parcel to be developed as a Mobile Home Park, and also a request for variances from Sections 414.4 and 414.5 of the Baltimore County Zoning Regulations. The subject property is located on the northeast side of Dundee Village Circle 785 feet east of Eastern Avenue in the Fifteenth Election District of Baltimore County. Parts of three days of hearings were required for presentation of all the testimony and evidence pertinent to this hearing.

As the situation now exists, the Petitioner has 54- acres of land zoned D.R. 16 and 8.5- acres zoned D.R. 5.5 upon which some 900- residential units could be erected. He is requesting D.R. 3.5 zoning for the entire 62.5 acres, which would permit the erection of some 220- residential He is also, however, requesting a special exception to permit the development of this parcel as a mobile home park containing some 420- residential units. The variances requested have to do with portions of the proposed mobile home park that Petitioner's plat show to be closer to the boundary line than the 75 feet required in Section 414.4 of the Baltimore County Zoning Regulations, and the request that a variance from Section 414.5 of the Baltimore County Zoning Regulations requiring 25 feet between each unit be granted to allow modern day mobile homes with "tip outs" to be situated on each lot should the owner of same so desire.

The entire parcel is now undeveloped with municipal water, sewerage and storm water drains presently existing. either abutting or very near to a tidal estuary known as Saltpeter Greek.

the mobile home park, and the characteristics of the subject site as described in the accompanying environmental impact statement, make it an ideal location for this facility.

#### C. VARIANCES

Two variances have been sought with respect to the proposed project. Denial of the variances would create unreasonable hardship not only for the developer but also for the residents of the park. Contrary to some opinion, mobile home parks offer substantial variety in actual accommodations. Failure to grant the variance from the side yard setback requirements will significantly detract from the outward aesthetic appearance of the development by enforcing a sameness in lot size and unit placement. It also will lessen the variety of options that the unit owner will have in selection of the unit and planning of the living area. Finally, it will eliminate the availability of units to those families who may have more than a couple members such as young families seeking starter homes with one or two children.

The variance requested of fifteen (15) feet from the required seventy-five (75) feet boundary setback is not a major request in terms of zoning conformity. The development plan indicates only one (1) location where a variance of this magnitude is requested. However, failure to grant this variance would result in tremendous development problems in achieving an appropriate lay-out of streets, lots and open space. Due to the configuration of the subject site, and its relation to the existing apartment units, the variance becomes a necessity to achieve appropriate design. This variance, therefore, is also respectfully requested.

#### D. CONCLUSION

ATTORNEY AT LAW

It is, therefore, requested that the zoning classifications on the subject site be changed from D.R. 16 and ROBERT J. ROMADKA D.R. 5.5 to D.R. 3.5 with a special exception for a mobile

home park and that the variances mentioned be granted for the reasons heretofor mentioned and for such other and further reasons as will be presented at the time of hearing on this matter.

809 Eastern Boulevard Baltimore, Maryland 21221 686-8274

ROBERT J. ROMADKA ATTERNET AT LAW ESTEE. MATTLEUS

LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP - #R-83-59-XA

As a result of this, the Baltimore County Health Department and the Bureau of Environmental Services have evidenced concern about the possible effect this proposal would have upon this estuary and its associated tidal wet lands.

Testimony and evidence were presented to this Board for Petitioners by James F. Knott, property owner, who described in detail his proposed use of the property and entered the latest plat showing same.

Mr. Barry Gossett, a partner in the Williams Estates who are the owners of a large mobile home park containing some 391 units developed in 1971, the newest mobile home park in Baltimore County, testified as to the need for more such parks and the practicality of the requested variance from Section 414.5 of the Baltimore County Zoning Regulations.

Mrs. Alberta Pugh, representing the Middle River Council of Civic Associations, testified that the Council she represents was in favor of this proposal rather than the now allowable 9002 residential units. She also stated that Baltimore County should be especially vigilant in its protection of the nearby wet lands.

Captain Joseph Kelly, Baltimore County Fire Department, testified that the proposal meets all Baltimore County Fire Department standards.

Charles H. Shinham, a civil engineer, testified at length as to the present condition of the property, the various elevations above sea level thereon, and the effect this proposal, in his opinion, would have on the estuary and wet lands.

All of the above testified that, in their opinion, all the requirements of Section 502.1 of the Baltimore County Zoning Regulations have been complied with. This basically concluded the direct testimony in support of Petitioner's case. The Board, in this Opinion, will not attempt to summarize this lengthy testimony but will allow the record to so speak, however, we will note that all of this testimony and evidence was carefully evaluated in this Opinion and in the Order to follow.

Baltimore County presented Ms. Janice Outen, a water quality planner, who expressed concern about the effect the proposal could have on the estuary and wet lands. She especially noted the proximity of the property to the estuary and wet lands, the importance of protecting these

LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP - #R-83-59-XA

assets and recommended & 90 foot buffer between development and the wet The testimony of Paul J. Soloman, Head, Environmental Planning Section, Office of Planning and Zoning for Baltimore County, was received in letter form dated July 18, 1983, and reiterated in detail the above noted This basically concluded all the testimony in this case.

After careful consideration of all this testimony and evidence. the Board must now address the specific issues before it. The first of these issues is the request for reclassification from D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 This request for a reduction in density is of itself unusual, the normal request being from lesser to greater density. The Board must, however, find evidence of change in the neighborhood or error in the present classification to grant the change.

There is ample evidence of need for this type housing, both from testimony and from the Master Plan, but need is not a criterion authorizing the requested change. To charge that the County Council erred in not reclassifying this particular parcel to allow for a mobile home park when the need exists virtually County wide is unrealistic, expecially when the said parcel was not an issue during the 1980 map process. There is, however, significant evidence before this Board showing a change in the neighbor-The mure fact that this request is before the Board evidences change in the neighborhood. The Petitioner now has, by right, the ability to construct some 900 units on his holdings but instead requests the right to construct only 400° units. This certainly indicates that the need for D.R. 16 density units, usually town houses or garden apartments, that existed when the D.R. 16 density was granted no longer exists, and the testimony today indicated a total lack of available moderate cost mobile home space in the area, all existing mobile home parks being fully occupied and having "waiting lists" for prospective tenants. These two conditions, when considered together, constitute change in the character of the neighborhood since the D.R. 16 zoning was applied, and this criterion grants this Board the right to grant the requested reclassification. The Board is also cognizant of the fact that this reduction in density is advantageous to Baltimore County due to the fact that it reduces the traffic potential

and reduces the demands placed upon the water and sewer services already present. For all these reasons, the Board is of the opinion that the request for the change in zoning classification from D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 to D.R. 3.5 should be granted and will so order.

Accompanying the petition for reclassification is a request for a special exception for a mobile home park or as referred to in Section 414 of the Baltimore County Zoning Regulations, a "Trailer Park". If all the requirements of Section 502.1 are complied with, the Board has no choice but to grant the special exception. If, however, any section is not complied with, the Board has no choice but to deny the requested special exception.

Only Section 502.1.a appears to be in question. Baltimore County evidences extreme concern over the detrimental effect the proposal, as presented, would have on the estuary and associated wet lands. The evidence indicated that no matter whether 900- units would be built in clusters or separately, a great amount of impervious surface from roofs, parking areas and other paved areas will result. Likewise, if the parcel is developed into 400 individual home sites a great amount of impervious surface from roofs, driveways, patios, etc. will be generated. If this special exception be granted, all these considerations will be evaluated in the CRG process prior to allowing development. Bill No. 56-82, Article IV. Section 22-37-DEVELOPMENT POLICIES - Sub-section (B) states:

> " (B) THESE REGULATIONS ARE INTENDED TO PROTECT AND PROMOTE PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE AND TO ENSURE PROVISION FOR PUBLIC FACILITIES, SERVICES AND AMENITIES. TO THIS END, THESE REGULATIONS ARE DESIGNED AND INTENDED TO INSURE THE SAFETY, ADEQUACY AND CONVENIENCE OF PRO-POSED PROVISIONS FOR THE FOLLOWING: "

Then Sub-sub-section (4) of the above quoted Sub-section (P) states:

" (4) PREVENTION OF ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION AND PROMOTION OF ENVIRONMENTAL ENHANCEMENT. INCLUDING ADEQUACY OF LANDSCAPING AND ENERGY CONSERVATION MEASURES, AND OF PROTECTION OF FLOODPLAINS, STEEP SLOPES, WATERSHEDS, WETLANDS, VEGETATION, OTHER NATURAL FEATURES, AND HISTORICAL SITES OR AREAS."

Bill No. 56-82 specifically addresses all these concerns. Any alterations, changes, or restrictions deemed necessary by any Baltimore County authority having expertise in these specific matters must be incorporated onto the

IN RE: PETITION FOR

RECLASSIFICATION AND

SPECIAL EXCEPTION

BOARD OF APPEALS

BEFORE THE

BALTIMORE COUNTY

CASE NO.: R-83-59-XA

# 

NOW COMES Lodge Forest Partnership, by and through its attorneys, Robert J. Romadka and John B. Gontrum, and moves to strike Exhibit No. 1 of the comments of Paul Solomon, Head of Environmental Planning Section of the Office of Planning and Zoning, and in support thereof says as follows:

MOTION TO STRIKE

- 1. That Exhibit No. 1 is an inter-office paper, not necessarily reflective of the position of the Office of Planning and Zoning, and in apparent contradiction to the statement of the Director of Planning and Zoning.
- 2. That Attachment A hereto, correspondence dated June 1, 1982, makes clear that the Office of Planning and Zoning does not consider any proposal acquisition of the property as a factor in this case and, therefore, not material or relevant to it.
- 3. That the September 20, 1982, review appears in large part to be merely a justification for said acquisition, particularly in light of the section entitled "Conformance with County Land Use Planning" which really discusses the proposal acquisition in direct conflict with the Director's opinion that this is not relevant.
- 4. That as the comments contain factual conclusions now eleven (11) months old relating to the proposed acquisition and now hopelessly outdated and prejudiced, this Review should be stricken as prejudiced and immaterial to any issue now pending before this Board.

LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP - #R-83-59-XA

final plat before recordation of said plat, and the development must comply with this final recorded plat. With this consideration in mind, the Board is persuaded that all requirements of Section 502.1 will be met and will, therefore, grant the requested special exception.

There is also before this Board two requests for variances, one from Section 414.4 and one from Section 414.5. Section 307 of the Baltimore County Zoning Regulations defines the conditions under which variances may be granted or denied. The request for variance from Section 414.4 is to reduce the setback requirement from 75 feet to a minimum of 15 feet. The Board can find no practical difficulty or unreasonable hardship to allow the minimum of 15 feet. A careful study of the proposed plat shows that the purpose of this valiance is merely to increase the available number of sites. There are, however, several points on the plat at which the 75 foot requirement is only reduced to 60 feet, more or less. To maintain the 75 foot requirement at these small points does result in practical difficulty and unreasonable hardship, and the s. ty foot setback would grant relief without substantial Injury to public he lith, safety and general welfare. The Board will, therefore, grant a variance from Section 414.4 from the required setback of 75 feet to 60 feet, and will so order.

The request for a variance from the requirement of Section 414.5 of 25 feet between trailers to 15 feet is somewhat unusual as it is not a definitive request, but merely a general relief requested to allow a mobile homeowner to purchase a "tip out" for his trailer if he so desires. To deny this option to the homeowner would be a practical difficulty and an unreasonable hardship, and since the proposed sites exceed County area standards and since at least 15 feet must still be maintained between trailers, the granting of this relief would not create substantial injury to the public health, safety or general welfare and, therefore, the Board will grant the requested variance from Section 414.5.

WHEREFORE, Petitioners pray that Attachment A of the comments of Paul Solomon be stricken from the record and consideration of the Board in this case.

ROMADKA, GONTRUM, HENNEGAN & FOOS 809 Eas ern Boulevard Baltimore, Maryland 21221 Phone: 686-8274

Attorneys for Petitioners

### COTTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the aforegoing Motion to Strike was mailed this 2 day of John W. Hessian, III, Esquire, People's Counsel, Room 223, Court House, Tow on, Maryland 21204.

LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP - #R-83-59-XA

### ORDER

For the reasons set forth in the aforegoing Opinion, it is this 4th day of October, 1983, by the County Board of Appeals, ORDERED that the reclassification from D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 to D.R. 3.5 petitioned for be and the same is hereby GRANTED; and it is

FURTHER ORDERED that the special exception for a Trailer Park petitioned for, be and the same is hereby GHANTED, subject to final approval and compliance with all CRG requirements; and it is

FURTHER ORDERED that the variance from Section 414.4 of the Baltimore County Zuning Regulations petitioned for, to reduce the required 75 foot setback from boundary lines to 15 feet be and the same is hereby DENIED, but in lieu thereof a variance from the required 75 foot setback to a 60 foot setback be and the same is hereby GRANTED: and it is

FURTHER ORDITED that the variance from Section 414.5 of the Baltimore County Zoning Regulations petitioned for to reduce the space between trailers from the required 25 feet to 15 feet, be and the same is hereby GRANTED.

Any appeal from this decision must be in accordance with Rules B-1 thru B-13 of the Maryland Rules of Procedure.

COUNTY BOARD OF APPEALS OF BALTIMORE COUNTY

COUNTY BOARD OF APPEALS Room 219 Court House

494-3180

June 3, 1983 Hearing Room 218

#### NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT

CASE NO. R-83-59-XA

15th District

to D.R. 3.5 Variance from Sections 414.4 and 414.5 of Z.R.

Assigned for hearing on Tuesday, June 14, 1983, at 10 a.m. has been POSTPONED by the Board at the request of People's Counsel (due to illness).

cc: Robert J. Romadka, Esq.

Counsel for Petitioner

J. W. Hessian, Esq.

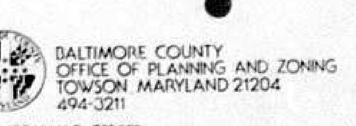
People's Counsel

W. E. Hommond

J. E. Dyer

J. G. Hoswell

June Holmen, Secretary



DIRECTOR

June 1, 1982

Robert J. Romadka, Esquire 809 Eastern Boulevard Baltimore, Maryland 21221

> Re: 7 oning Reclassification Petition Cycle III, Item 4: Knott Property

Dear Mr., Romadka:

This office is processing the zoning reclassification petition for the Knott property in Dundee Village. As part of the review process, the planning staff identified this parcel of land as part of the proposed acquisition for the Dundee/Saltpeter Creeks Natural Environmental Area.

Although the staff is cognizant of the fact that the proposed acquisition cannot be considered a factor in determining any governmental action on the subject petition, this office believes it an appropriate time to identify the proposed acquisition

For detailed information, please contact Paul Solomon (494-3521) of my staff,

Director of Planning and Zoning

NEG:JGH:slc

cc: J.G. Hoswell Paul Solomon, Chief **Environental Studies Section** 

WERT J. ROMADKA

SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR BEFORE THE BOARD MOBILE HOME PARK VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS OF APPEALS 414.4 and 414.5 OF ZONING REGULATIONS OF BALTIMORE COUNTY LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP CASE NO.: R-83-59-XA NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE 785' E OF EASTERN AVENUE \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* SUMMONS

Please issue a summons for the following witnesses:

Ian J. Forrest Baltimore County Health Department Bureau of Environmental Services Room 416 County Courts Building 401 Bosley Avenue Towson, Maryland 21204 Baltimore County

Captain Joseph Kelly Sry 3-14-12 Boltimore County Department of Permits and Licenses Planning Group Special Inspection Division County Office Building Towson, Maryland 21204 Baltimore County

Appeals, Room 219, Court House, Towson, Maryland 21204, on Wednesday, March 16, 1983, at 10:00 a.m. and on Wednesday, March 23, 1983, at 11:00 a.m. to testify for the Petitioner in the above-captioned case.

NON SUNT

Mr. Sheriff:

Rustin Marriage

POBERT J. ROMADKA

Edith T. Eisenhart, Adm. Secretary, Board of Appeals

Towson, Md. 21204

LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP

NE/S Dundee Village Circle 785' E. of Eastern Avenue

Reclassification from D.R. 16 & D.R. 5.5 Special Exception for Mobile Home Park

John B. Gontrum, Esq. . . .

Board of Education

N. E. Gerber

Kindly have said persons appear before the County Board of

NON EST

ENERHER:

THEY IN.

809 Sastern Boulevard Baltimore, Maryland 21221 Phone: 686-8274 Attorneys for Petitioner

HOSERT J. ROMADKA BUSES. MARTLAND

BEFORE THE BOARD FE: SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR MOBILE HOME PARK OF APPEALS VARIANCE FROM SECTIONS \* 414.4 and 414.5 OF OF BALTIMORE COUNTY ZONING REGULATIONS CASE NO.: R-83-59-XA LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP

NE/S DUNDEE VILLAGE CIRCLE \* 785' E OF EASTERN AVENUE

\*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\*

Please issue a summons for the following witness:

Robert A. Morton, Chief Department of Public Works Public Services Bureau County Office Building Towson, Maryland 21204

Kindly have said person appear before the County Board of Appeals, Room 219, Court House, Towson, Maryland 21204, on Wednesday, March 16, 1983, and March 23, 1983, at 10:00 a.m. to testify for the Petitioner in the above-captioned case.

CHARLES H. HICKEY, JR.

OF BALTDADOR COLLARY

809 Eastern Boulevard Baltimore, Maryland 21204 Phone: 686-8274 Attorneys for Petitioners

Robert J. Romadka

#### CERTIFICATION OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this The day of March, 1983, a copy of the aforegoing Summons was mailed to J.W. Hessien, Esquire, People's Counsel.

Mr. Sheriff:

Please serve the above summons

PAGE THREE

ROBERT J. ROMADKA

ATTORNEY AT LAW EVEL MARYLAND

> the two following courses and distances viz: (1) S 520 06' 15" E 240.14' and (2) N 37° 13' 12" E 127.30' thence continuing on the south side of the Section Three and on the north side of Section Four N 580 15' 00" E 396.80' to the northeast side of Dundee Village Circle thence binding on the northeast side of said Dundee Village circle as now constructed 30' wide the two following courses and distances viz: (1) northwesterly along a curve to the left with a radius of 919 67' for a distance of 291.87' said curve being subtended by a chord bearing N 35° 24' 30" W 290.64' and (2) N 44° 33' 00" W 80.64' to the place of beginning.

> > Containing 62.358 Acres of Land more or less.

Together with a small portion of Open Space Area recorded with Section 4A-I containing 0.35 Acres of land more or less and being more particularly described as follows: Beginning for the same at the end of the first or N 17° 37' 28" E 409.54' line of said Open Space Area as shown on the Plat entitled "Record Plat - Section Four Dundee Village" revised July 15, 1974 and recorded among the Plat Records of Baltimore County in Plat Book EHK JR 37, Folio 64 and running thence binding on said Open Space S 890 48' 00" W 154.28' thence by a line of division S 25° 18' 00" E 215.74' to intersect the first line of said Open Space and being on the remainder of said first line N 170 37' 28" E 205.21' to the place of beginning.

# BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND

#### INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

Date May 26, 1982 Nicholas Commodari Zoning Office SUBJECT Item No. 4 - Cycle III

> Please be advised that the owner of the above property is Lodge Forest Partnership and not Henry Knott, as originally

co: Mr. James G. Hoswell John W. Hessian, III, Esquire

DESCRIPTION OF PART OF SECTION FOUR DUNDER VILLAGE TO BE RECLASSIFIED FROM DR 16 & 5.5 TO DR 3.5 WITH SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR TRAILER PARK B.C.Z.R.

Beginning for the same on the northeast side of Dundee Village Circle at a point distant 785'+ measured along the said northeast side of said Dundee Village Circle from the south side of Eastern Avenue 80' wide as shown on a plat entitled "Record Plat - Section Three Dundee Village" dated May 11, 1973 and recorded among the Plat Records of Baltimore County in Plat Book EHK JF 37, Folio 29 the coordinates of said point being N 18174.57 E 66992.50 as shown on said plat and running thence and binding on the north side of Section Four Dunder Village the four following courses and distances viz: (1) N 34° 15' 00" E 303.84' (2) N 66° 57' 13" E 99.24' (3) S 81° 12' 04" E 669.23' and (4) N 32° 49' 07" E 485.91' to the center of Marshy Point Road, 30' wide, thence binding on the center of said road \$ 490 32' 47" E 30.00' thence binding on the east side of said Section Four the three following courses and distances viz: (1) S 320 41' 20" W 936.68' (2) S 23° 26' 50" W 296.91' and (3) S 5° 55' 45" W. 231.18' to the waters of Saltpeter Creek thence binding on Saltpeter Creek the ten following courses and distances viz: 11) S 65° 16' 27" E 396.00' (2) S 31° 46' 27" E 264.00' (3) S 10° 46' 27" E 165.00' (4) S 6° 13' 33" W 264.00' 75) S 130 46' 27" E 396,00' Y6) S 00 46' 27" E 181.56' (7) 8 52° 13' 33" % 132.00' (8) N 79° 46' 13" W 594.00' (9) S 78° 13' 33" W 280, 50' and (10) N 72° 46' 27" W 410,00'

REVISED PLANS

DESCRIPTION OF PART OF SECTION FOUR DUNDER VILLAGE TO BE RECLASSIFIED FROM DR 16 & 5.5 TO DR 3.5 WITH SPECIAL EXCEPTION FOR TRAILER PARK B.C.Z.R.

Beginning for the same on the northeast side of Dundee Village Circle at a point distant 785' + measured along the said northeast side of said Dundee Village Circle from the south side of Eastern Avenue 80' wide as shown on a plat entitled "Record Plat - Section Three Dundee Village" dated May 11, 1973 and reco ded among the Plat Records of Baltimore County in Plat Book EHK JR 37, Follo 29 the coordinates of said point being # 18474.57 E 66992.50 as shown on said plat and running thence and binding on the north side of Section Four Dundee Village as shown on a plat entitled "Record Plat Section Four Dundee Village" dated November 2, 1973 and revised July 15, 1974, to show outlines of Section 4-A said plat being recorded among the Plat Records of Baltimore County in Plat Book EHK JR 37, Folio 64, the four following courses and distances viz: (1) N 34° 15' 00" E 303.84' (2) N 66° 57' 13" E 99.24' (3) S 81° 12' 04" E 669.23' and (4) N 32° 49' 07" E 485.91' to the center of Marshey Point Road, 30' wide, thence binding on th center of said road S 49° 32' 47" E 30.00' thence binding on the east side of said Section Four the three following courses and distances viz: (1) S 32° 41' 20" W 936.68' (2) S 23° 26' 50" W 296.91' and (3) S 50 55' 45" W 231.18' to the waters of Saltpeter Creek thence binding of Saltpeter Creek the ten following courses and distances viz:

PAGE TWO

(1) S 65° 16' 27" E 396.00' (2) S 31° 46' 27" E 264.00' (3) S 10° 46' 27" E 165.00' (4) S 6° 13' 33" W 264.00'

(5) S 13° 46' 27" E 396.00' (6) S 0° 46' 27" E 181.50'

(7) S 52° 13' 33" W 132.00' (8) N 79° 46' 13" W 594.00'

(9) S 78° 13' 33" W 280.50' and (10) N 72° 46' 27" W 410.00' to the east side of Section 4A-I Open Space Area as shown on the hereinbefore mentioned Record Plat - Section Four, revised July 15, 1974 thence binding on said Open Space Area the four

following courses and distances viz: (1) N 17° 37' 28" E 409.54' (2) S 89° 48' 00" W 354.11' (3) N 40° 01' 57" W 363.08' and (4) N 00 12' 00" W 150.02' to the south side of Section 4-I thence

binding on the south side of said Section 4A-I the two following courses and distances viz: (1) N 890 48' 00" E 292,17' and (2) N 47° 35' 05" E 52.39' to the centerline of Dundee Village Circle thence binding on the centerline of said Dundee Village

Circle as now constructed 30' wide the two following courses and distances viz: (1) N 25° 18' 00" W 285.03' and (2) northwesterly along a curve to the left with a radius of 881.47' for a distance of 377.47' said curve being subtended by a chord bearing

N 37° 34' 04" W 374.59' thence leaving said road and binding on the south side of the aforementioned Section 4A-I the three following courses and distances viz: (1) N 40° 09' 52" E 24.99'

(2) N 68° 56' 33" E 278.50' and (3) N 48° 20' 39" E 32.12' to intersect the southwest side of Section 3 Open Space Area as shown on the aforementioned plat entitled Record Plat - "Section

Three Dundee Village" and running thence binding on said Open Space

PETITION FOR CONDITIONAL RECLASSIFICATION, SPECIAL EXCEPTION AND VARIANCES

15th Election District

ZONING:

Petition for Conditional Reclassification, Special Exception

and Variances

Northeast side of Dundee Village Circle, 785 ft. South LOCATION:

from Eastern Avenue

DATE & TIME:

Thursday, September 16, 1982 at 10:00 A. M.

Room 218, Courthouse, Towson, Maryland PUBLIC HEARING:

The County Board of Appeals for Baltimore County, by authority of the Baltimore County Charter will hold a public hearing:

> Petition for Conditional Reclassification from a D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 zone to a D.R. 3.5 zone; Special Exception for a trailer park (mobile home park); and Variances to reduce required 75 ft. setback from boundary lines to a minimum of 15 ft. and to reduce space between trailers for the required 25 ft. to 15 ft.

The Zoning Regulation to be excepted as follows: Sections 414.4 and 414.5 - distance from boundary lines for trailers and distance between trailers

All that parcel of land in the Fifteenth District of Baltimore County

Being the property of Lodge Forest Partnership, as shown on plat plan filed with the Zoning Department.

Hearing Date: Thursday, September 16, 1982 at 10:00 A.M. Public Hearing: Room 218, Courthouse, Towson, Maryland

> BY ORDER OF WILLIAM T. HACKETT, CHAIRMAN COUNTY BOARD OF APPEALS OF BALTIMORE COUNTY

following courses and distances viz:

road and binding on the north side of Section Four the six

the seven

DUNDEE VILLAGE

thence binding

following courses and distances viz:

(1) N 17° 37' 28" E 204.33' (2) N 25° 18' W 215.74'

and distances viz: (1) N 25° 18' 00" W 285,03' and

(3) S S9° 48' 00" W 199.83" (4) N 40° 01' 57" W 363.08'

(5) N 0° 12' 00" W 150.02' (6) N 89° 48' 00" E 292.17' and

(7) N 47° 35' 05" E 52.39' to the centerline of Dundee Village

Circle thence binding on the centerline of said Dundee Village

Circle as now constructed 30' wide the two following courses

(2) northwesterly along a curve to the left with a radius of

881,47' for a distance of 377,47' said curve being subtended

by a chord bearing N 370 34' 04" W 374.59' thence leaving said

PAGE TWO

(3) N 48° 20' 39" E 32,12' (4) S 52° 06' 15" E 240,14'

%1) N 40° 09' 52" E 24.99' Y2) N 68° 56' 33" E 275.50'

(5) N 37° 13' 12" E 127.30' and (6) N 58° 15' 00" E 396.80' to the northeast side of Dundee Village Circle thence binding on the northeast side of said Dundee Village Circle as now

constructed 30' wide the 'wo following courses and distances viz: (1) northwesterly along a curve to the left with a radius of

919.67' for a distance of 291.87' said curve being subtended by \ a chord bearing N 35° 24' 30" W 290.64' and (2) N 44° 33' 00"

w 80.64' to the place of beginning. Containing 62.70! Acres of land more or less.

ROBERT J. ROMADKA ATTORNEY AT LAW BD9 EASTERN BOULEVARD O commin Francia, Successed ESSEX. MARYLAND 21221

ABBODIATES CHARLES E. FODS. III JOHN B MINTOUR ALTRED M. WALRES

686-8274

April 13, 1982

William T. Hackett, Chairman Zoning Board of Appeals Room 200 Old Court House Towson, Maryland 21204

> RE: Re-classification of Galway Bay Park

Dear Chairman Hackett:

I have enclosed herewith a Supplemental Memorandum filed on behalf of the Petitioner, Henry Knott, in the above referenced case. A review of the comprehensive zoning maps of the area brought to our attention an additional fact which although mentioned in our prior Memorandum, was not discussed as fully as it should have been. Although we feel that the Memorandum on file contains ample reasons for reversal of re-classification, we wish the additional reasons for re-classification to be brought to the Board's attention as well as the attention of any one else reviewing the Petition.

Thank you very much for your consideration. \_

John B. Gontrum

JBG: klg

cc: Mr. Henry Knott

5/2/82 - Letter to forwary . W. Commodores



Baltimore County, Maryland

PEOPLE'S COUNSEL RM. 223, COURT HOUSE TOWSON, MARYLAND 2:204

JOHN W. HESSIAN, III People's Countel PETER MAX ZIMMERMAN Deputy People's Counsel

TEL. 494-2188

June 2, 1983

The Honorable William T. Hackett, Chairman County Board of Appeals Room 200, Court House Towson, Maryland 21204

> RE: Lodge Forest Partnership, Petitioner Zoning Case CR-83-59-XA (Item 4, Cycle III)

Dear Mr. Hackett:

The above case was continued to Tuesday, June 14th. The Petitioner wanted the continuance in order to review more detailed Health Department comments on its plans prior to closing its case.

In turn, the People's Counsel's case will include testimony pertaining to health and environmental matters. Two of the witnesses who have been present at the previous hearings and will testify in this case are James G. Hoswell and Paul J. Solomon.

Unfortunately, we have just learned that Mr. Solomon suffered an accident over the Memorial Day weekend and currently is in the hospital in Pennsylvania. We do not know his precise condition. Nor do we know when he will be released. At the same time, Mr. Hoswell is being treated for a condition in his knee, although we do not yet have the precise diagnosis. Nor do we know whether an operation will be required or when.

The Health Department comments have recently come out, and in view of the current disabilities of our witnesses, we have not had an opportunity to analyze the comments and properly prepare for the June 14th hearing. In order to avoid problems, and at the same time assure a fair proceeding for all parties, we request that the case be postponed to a mutually a reeable date as soon as reasonably possible considering the course of the above unforeseen medical situation.

cc: Robert J. Romadka, Esquire John B. Gontrum, Esquire Office of Planning & Zoning Pp. per Hode # - 9/3/83

Very truly yours, Peter Max Zimmerman Deputy Feople's Counsel

494-3180

County Board of Apprels Room 200, Court House Towson, Maryland 21204

June 17, 1983

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT

CONTINUED HEARING

NO POSTPONEMENTS WILL BE GRANTED WITHOUT GOOD AND SUFFICIE REASONS. REQUESTS FOR POSTPONEMENTS MUST BE IN WRITING AN STRICT COMPLIANCE WITH BOARD RULE 2(b). ABSOLUTELY NO POSTPONE-MENTS WILL BE GRANTED WITHIN FIFTEEN (15) DAYS OF SCHEDULED HEARING DATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULE 2(c), COUNTY COUNCIL BILL \$59-79

CASE NO. R-83-59-XA

LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP

For reclassification from DR 16 & DR 5.5 to DR 3.5 " SE - Mobile Home Park " Variance from Sections 414.4 and 414.5 of Z.R.

NE/S Dundee Village Circle 785' E. Eastern Ave.

15th District

ASSIGNED FOR:

TUESDAY, JULY 12, 1983 at 10 a.m.

John B. Gontrum, Esquire

cc: Robert J. Romadka, Esquire

John W. Hessian, III, Esquire

People's Countel

Coursel for Petitioner

Mr. W. E. Hammond Mr. J. E. Dyer Mr. N. E. Gerber Mr. J. G. Hoswell

**Board of Education** 

Edith T. Eisenhart, Adm. Secretary

494-3180

County Board of Appeals Room 200, Court House Towson, Maryland 21204 March 23, 1983

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT

CONTINUED HEARING

NO POSTPONEMENTS WILL BE GRANTED WITHOUT GOOD AND SUFFICIENT REASONS. REQUESTS FOR POSTPONEMENTS MUST BE IN WRITING AND IN STRICT COMPLIANCE WITH BOARD RULE 2(b). ABSOLUTELY NO POSTPONE-MENTS WILL BE GRANTED WITHIN FIFTEEN (15) DAYS OF SCHEDULED HEARING DATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULE 2(c), COUNTY COUNCIL BILL \$59-79

CASE NO. R-83-59-XA

LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP

NE/S Dundee Village Circle 785' E. of Eastern Avenue

15th District

Reclassification from D.R. 16 & D.R. 5.5 to D.R.3.5 Special Exception for Mobile Home Park Variance from Sections 414.4 and 414.5 of Z.R. TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 1983 at 10 a.m.

ASSIGNED FOR

cc: Robert J. Bomarka, Esquire

John B. Gontrum, Esquire

John W. Hessian, III, Esquire

People's Counse!

Counsel for Petitioner

Board of Education

W. E. Hammond

J. E. Dyer

N. E. Gerber

J. G. Hoswell

August 10, 1908

Robert J. Romolha, Rogalro John B. Gentrem, Esquire 809 Barters Boulevard Baltimore, Maryland 21221

> NOTICE OF HEARING Ros Potttiene for Conditional Recisentianties, Special Resortion and Variances NE/S Dandoo Villago Cir., 788' S from Eastern Avount Lodge Forest Partnership - Petitioners Case (CR-83-99-XA Bom 64

10:00 A. M. PLACE: Room 218, Courthouse, Towson, Maryland ees People's Councel

> William T. Hackett, Chairman County Board of Appeals

1/27/83 - Everyone in file notified of hearing set for Wed., March 16, 1983, at 10 a.m. 4 (2)

3/23/83 - All in file notified of CONTINUED HEARING set, for TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 1983 at 10 a.m.

6/17/83 - All notified of CONTINUED HEARING set for TUESDAY, JULY 12, 1983 at 10 a.m.

494-3180

County Board of Apprais Room 219, Court House

Towson, Maryland 21204 January 27, 1983

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT

NO POSTPONEMENTS WILL BE GRANTED WITHOUT GOOD AND SUFFICIENT REASONS. REQUESTS FOR POSTPONEMENTS MUST BE IN WRITING AND IN STRICT COMPLIANCE WITH BOARD RULE 2(b). ABSOLUTELY NO POSTPONE-MENTS WILL BE GRANTED WITHIN FIFTEEN (15) DAYS OF SCHEDULED HEAR-ING DATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULE 2(c), COUNTY COUNCIL BILL "108

CASE NO. R-83-59-XA

LODGE FOREST PARTNERSHIP

NE/S Dundee Village Circle 785' E of Eastern Avenue

15th District

D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5 to D.R. 3.5 Special Exception for Mobile Home Park Variance from Sections 414.4 and 414.5 of Zming Regulations

2nd dat e added

3/8/83

ASSIGNED FOR:

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 1983, at 10 a.m. and WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23, 1983 of 11 a.m. cc: Robt. J. Romadka, Esq. Counsel for Petitioner

John B. Gantrum, Esq.

People's Counsel J. W. Hessian, Esq.

. . .

Board of Education W. E. Hammond

J. E. Dyer

N. E. Gerber

J. G. Hoswell

County Board of Appeals of Baltimore Tounty Room 200 Court Mouse Comson, Margland 21204 (301) 494-3180 October 4, 1983

Robert J. Romadka, Esquire John B. Gontrum, Esquire 809 Eastern Boultward Baltimore, Md. 21221

> Re: Case No. R-83-59-XA Lodge Forest Partnership

October 14, 1983

Baltimore County Board of Appeals

Recently I read in a Mednesday evening

This section has two large mobile home

adjoins fundee Village and the Baltimore County

Board of Ampeals should have consulted the Fire

past. Also, the newspaper article made a state-

Middlesex and Essex areas which is approximately

The Bengies Chase community does not need

Sincerely,

of Bengies Chase Area

this 62 acre mobile home park, it is just money

7 miles from the proposed new mobile home park,

Since Alberta Pugh is in favor of a new mobile home park, perhaps they should locate it in her

Department and the Police Department regarding the many problems they have had there in the

ment that Alberta Pugh testified in favor of

this zoning change. Mrs. Pugh represents the

paper dated October 12, 1983, that a zoning

change was made by Baltimore County Zoning

Board for 62 acres in the Bengies Chase Area

parks now. The proposed 62 acre development

County Office Building

Towson, Marvland 21204

for a 427 mobile home park.

Gentlemen:

neighborhood.

to the big man.

Dear Sirs:

Enclosed herewith is a copy of the Opinion and Order passed today by the County Board of Appeals in the above entilled case.

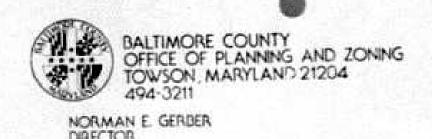
Very truly yours,

Encl.

cc: Alberta Pugh John W. Hessian, III, Esq. Mr. J. E. Dyer Mr. A. E. Jablon Mrs. J. Jung Mr. N. E. Gerber Mr. J. G. Hoswell Board of Education

Edith T. Eisenhart, Adm. Secretary

June Holmen Secretory



July 18, 1983

Mr. William T. Hackett, Chairman Mr. William R. Evans, Member Ms. Joanne L. Suder, Member Baltimore County Board of Appeals Room 200, Baltimore County Court House Towson, Maryland 21204

Dear Board Members:

I am writing to you at this time to provide environmental and environmental-related information to the Board in regard to Case No. R-83-59-XA, Lodge Forest Partnership, under an agreement among the Board and the parties to this case.

I have visited the subject property several times within the last year and am quite familiar with the area in general. On several occasions, I have taken boat trips into Saltpeter Creek to familiarize myself with shoreline uses, water quality, and aesthetic values in particular. I have reviewed and commented on the petitioner's EIS and site plan exclusive of petitioner's Exhibit #9, a sitegrading plan which was not available at the time. (Attached is a copy, referenced as Exhibit #1, of my project review which was prepared for the Baltimore County Office of Planning and Zoning.) Since the completion of this written review, I have received additional information regarding this petition.

Based on water quality, general environmenta, land use, and aesthetic considerations, the shoreline of the Bay estuaries should be protected from intense or otherwise potentially degrading uses. Such a concept is consistent with the Baltimore County Master Plan and the Coastal Zone Management Program. (See Exhibit #2.) Intense urban uses such as that being proposed here should be located well inland from shoreline areas. Less intense uses such as public open space, agriculture, or clustered residential uses should be located as part of a transition zone between the intense or heavily developed interior sites and the environmentally sensitive shoreline areas.

The development plan, including the site's grading plan, submitted by the petitioner as part of this petition is flawed with respect to its impact on the shallow estuary of Saltpeter Creek, wetlands, woodland protection, and general visual or aesthetic considerations. The development plan will result in an overdevelopment of the site. This overdevelopment requires an extensive regrading of the site in order to meet the County elevations and federal flood

to 15 feet. The petitioner submitted a detailed site plan as part of the zoning petition. If the zoning request is granted by the Board of Appeals, the petitioner is required to develop the subject property in conformance with the site plan. If afterwards changes are made on the site plan as part of the County's development approval process, the validity of the zoning approval would be questionable since their approval was contingent on strict compliance with the site plan a bmitted as part of the petition. Description of Proposed Mobile Home Community and Analysis of Its Conformance to County Environmental Requirements

The site proposed for this mobile home community is located along Fastern Avenue just west of Chase, Maryland to the rear of the existing apartment complex known as Dundee Village. The site consists of 62.36 acres of mostly old fields along with some woodland bordering Saltpeter Creek to which the tract extends. The entire site has considerable frontage and drains into Saltpeter Creek. This site is level to slightly rolling. A relatively small portion of the site has been graded. A storm drain system traverses the site, transporting stormwater from Dundee Village to Saltpeter Creek.

The site plan contains 427 individual lots. Of these 101, 

Mr. William T. Hackett, Chairman

Mr. William R. Evans, Member Ms. Joanne L. Suder, Member Baltimore County Board of Appeals Page 2

insurance requirements with respect to tidal flooding. The regrading of the site based on a review of the petitioner's grading plan will result in the destruction of a large portion of the site's existing woodlands. In addition, the massive earth moving or regrading as proposed creates the potential for massive erosion and sedimentation problems. (The County's sediment control requirements only reduce sedimentation up to 70 percent.)

The intensive and extensive nature of the development will leave the site largely impervious. The dramatic increase in stormwater volumes and peak flows, coupled with the "urban-related pollutants" which typically are generated on such a site, will adversely impact the wetland areas and the water quality and biota of Saltpeter Creek. These shallow, estuarine areas simply cannot assimilate the expected increase in pollutants. The dissolved oxygen (DO) level of the estuary will decline while the biological oxygen demand increases due to nutrient overenrichment. Additionally, various toxic substances will flow into the estuary from parking lots and other impervious area. The 208 Water Quality and related studies have documented the significant number of types and concentrations of the various pollutants typically generated from this type of development.

The Chesapeake Bay Study has concluded that the Bay is in a state of decline as measured particularly by reduced dissolved oxygen (DO) levels, nutrient overenrichment, loss of aquatic vegetation and increases in toxic substances.

As planned, the site does not allow for infiltration of stormwater which would be the most desired form of stormwater management. If the site plan was based on clustering as permitted and encouraged by the existing DR-16 zoning, infiltration would be a more workable option.

In conclusion, while I recognize and support the need for mobile home communities in Baltimore County, this particular proposal poses a number of potentially serious environmental consequences. These problems can be substantially reduced if the area below elevation 10' were left in a natural state (instead of being filled), regrading significantly reduced or eliminated, and infiltration utilized as the major technique of stormwater management.

Sincerely,

PJS:vh Attachment: Exhibits 1 and 2

cy: Peter M. Zimmerman, Deputy People's Counsel

Oced lie

Environmental Planning Section

July 18, 1983

Mr. Robert J. Romadka Attorney-at-Law 809 Eastern Boulevard Baltimore, Maryland 21221

or almost 25 percent are entirely or partially below elevation 10 feet. Based on current County development requirements, these lots cannot be developed since all land below the elevation 10 feet is subject to severe tidal flooding. Some moderate tidal flooding is predicted in areas above the 10-foot elevation based on mapping provided by the Federal Flood Insurance Program.

Stormwater management facilities are not presently shown or the plan. However, current County stormwater management regulations require stormwater management facilities in tidal areas "where found necessary to protect the environment as determined by other County agencies or the State of Maryland." A suitable stormwater management facility is necessary in order to protect Saltpeter Creek from degradation. Towards this end, infiltration should be featured as a key design feature.

While most of the site contains soils with few development limitations, the Othello soils and, to some degree, the Woodtown soils require special consideration in the design and construction phases of the development in order to minimize problems associated with a high water table and poor drainage and permeability.

The site plan submitted as part of the zoning proceedings

REVIEW OF GALWAY BAT -

A PROPOSED MOBILE HOME COMMUNITY

IN EASTERN BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND

Baltimore County Office of Planning and Zoning September 20, 1982

will not be reviewed at this stage by the various County agencies charged with assuring conformance with County requirements such as those dealing with traffic, water and sewer, rediment control, and other provisions relating to health, safety, and general welfare. This review process will commence at the time the site plan is formally submitted for approval as part of the County's development approval process.

## Conformance With County Land Use Planning

The proposed development of the site is not consistent with the Baltimore County Master Plan which designates this area as public open space. In addition, and consistent with the Master Plan, the County and the State of Maryland have included the subject tract as part of an estuarine natural environmental area since the inception of the Coastal Zone Management Program in Maryland. A sum of \$2,750,000 is now available for the purchase of a significant portion of the nearly 1,200 acres to be acquired. A recent staff acquisition priority recommendation has placed the subject tract as the number two priority following the purchase of the Marshy Point peninsula. However, this staff report is strictly unofficial. It is now under review by the County administration and other County agencies. The

Introduction

The purpose of this review is to:

- (1) describe the zoning petition submitted by the Arundel Corporation to the Baltimore County Board of Appeals;
- (2) describe the proposed development project and analyze its conformance to certain County environmental requirements;
- (3) and determine consistency with County planning.

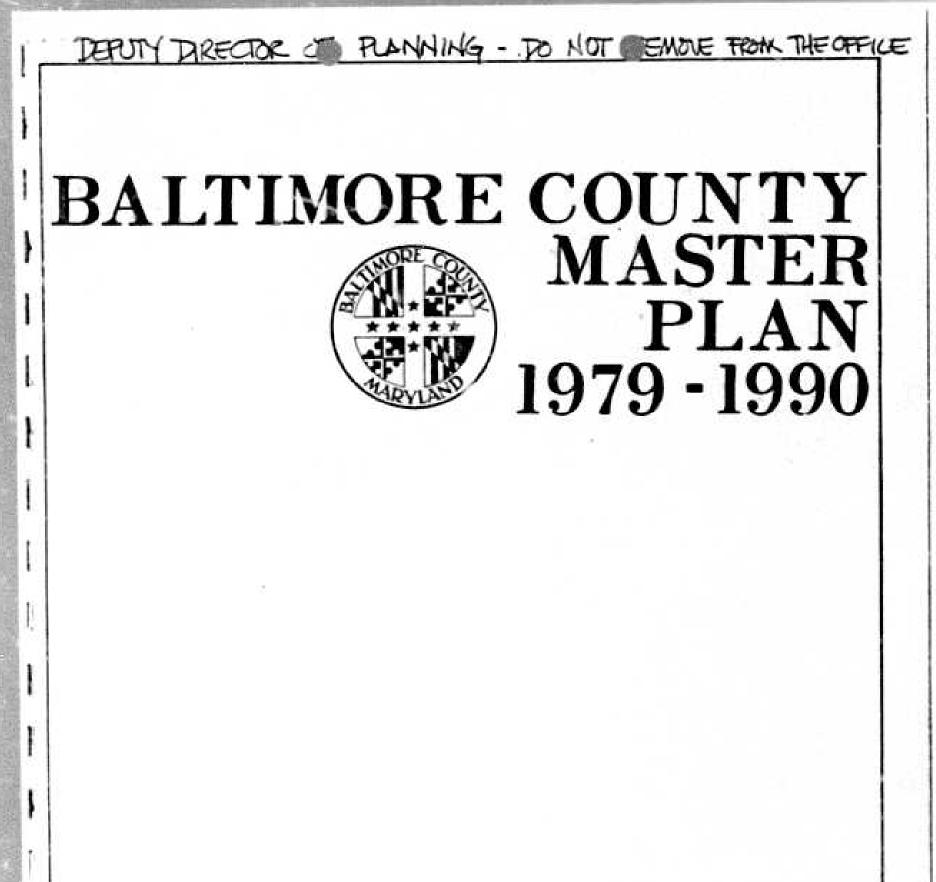
It is recognized that a strong demand exists in the Baltimore Metropolitan area for mobile home housing. The need and desirability for this form of housing is understood and supported. A number of suitable sites exist throughout the County. Unfortunately, mobile home developments are more likely to be located on marginal land or otherwise unsuitable sites as compared to conventional forms of development.

#### Zoning Petition - Arundel Corporation

The Arundel Corporation has petitioned to the Baltimore County Board of Appeals for a zoning change on their 62.36 acre property in eastern Baltimore County from DR-16 to DR-3.5 and for a special exception for a mobile home park. In addition, variances are being requested regarding the dimensional requirements of the individual lots which would reduce the required 75-foot setback from boundary lines to 15 feet and the space between units from 25 feet

County administration will make final decisions regarding the priority of purchases.

September 20, 1982



Objectives

In order to realize recommended policies concerning werlands, the County

Recognize all wetlands, tidal and non-tidal, as areas of critical concern;

Prohibit all developed land uses in wetlands, either by right or by special

Encourage low intensity recreational, educational/research, and open space uses, returning wetlands in undisturbed conditions;

Discourage the use of wetlands for rights-of-way for public and private utilities, sewer, and water supply lines;

Strictly enforce erosion control regulations in areas adjacent to and directly impacting wetlands;

Encourage on-site recharge in developed areas adjacent to and directly impacting wetlands; and

Require on-site treatment of urban and agricultural runoff in areas adjacent to and directly impacting wetlands. 1

CHESAPEAKE BAY AND ESTUARIES

Policies

The Master Plan states that "the coastal estuarine areas of Baltimore County function as an important natural resource. They are basic to the vitality of the entire Chesapeake Bay and are a potentially important recreational and open space resource. These valuable natural areas are very susceptible to spoiling by uncontrolled urban growth. Therefore, incompatible development should be prohibited within them so that they may continue to provide a habitat for the propogation of wildlife and be a source of human enjoyment."2

The Upper Chesapeake Bay was esignated as a critical area recommended for conservation and preservation in the draft Designation of Areas of Critical State Concern Within Baltimore County. This designation included the Bay and its estuaries and tidal wetlands.5

In December, 1977, the revised Coastal Zone Management Program of the State Department of Natural Resources was published, presenting a more detailed analysis of conditions of concern along the bay and its estutries and recommended policies addressing each of these concerns.

I Wallace, McHarg, Roberts and Todd, Baltimore County Growth Management Program, Technical Memorandum No. 7, Natural Environments Analysis, October, 1977, pp. 166-167, 203-204.

2 Baltimore County Master Plan, 1975, p. 17.

3 Baltimore County Office of Planning and Zoning, Designation of Areas of Critical State Concern Within Baltimore County, Draft, 1977, p. 19.



110 West Road Baltimore, Maryland 21204

July 28, 1983

Mr. William T. Hackett, Chairman Mr. William R. Evans, Member Ms. Joanne L. Suder, Member Baltimore County Board of Appeals Room 200 Baltimore County Court House Towson, MD 21204

301-296-6400

Case No. R-' 59-XA artnership

Dear Board Members:

The Arundel Corporation has been retained to provide engineering information and services for Lodge Forest Partnership in the above referenced zoning case. This letter is written in response to comments which were submitted to you on July 10, 1983 by Paul Solomon of the Office of Planning and Zoning.

land use element

Mr. solomon's comments offer little factual support for the generalized conclusory statements made in his presentation. His comments appear to be generally directed toward all development along the Baltimore County Waterfront rather than to the specific project before the Board. With respect to this particular site it should be noted that the current zoning classification, enacted after the issuance of the Master Plan, would result in more than two (2) times the number of units proposed in the current case. The record plat submitted in this case reflects an approved development of the site of over twice the number of residential units which are now being sought. Obviously the Office of Planning and Zoning in their previous reviews of the site felt that it could be reasonably developed in the public interest. Since the proposed use would involve a downshift in current zoning and a development plan less than half as intense as that currently permitted, it can not be said that this proposal would result in overdevelopment.

Unfortunately, it appears that Mr. Solomon's comments are reflective of prejudices held for years by planners when confronted with mobile home parks. There has been no mobile home park development in this County for over fifteen (15) years, and in that time the mobile home industry has changed greatly, yet Mr. Solomon refers to unsuitable sites as likely locations in general for this particular use. Except to the extent that planners have permitted the use by special exception in areas zoned for heavy industry and commercial uses, there is no current factual basis for this statement. These commercial and industrial zones are hardly appropriate locations for this form of residential living. This particular site, however, is ideally situated for mobile home park development adjacent to existing high density development and public services yet providing a buffer to less developed areas. It is my opinion that a mubile home development would be the most appropriate use for this site considering all factors including the current natural environment, community needs, and man-made environment.

THE ARLIDEL CORPORATION



Mr. William T. Hackett, Chairman July 28, 1983 Page Two

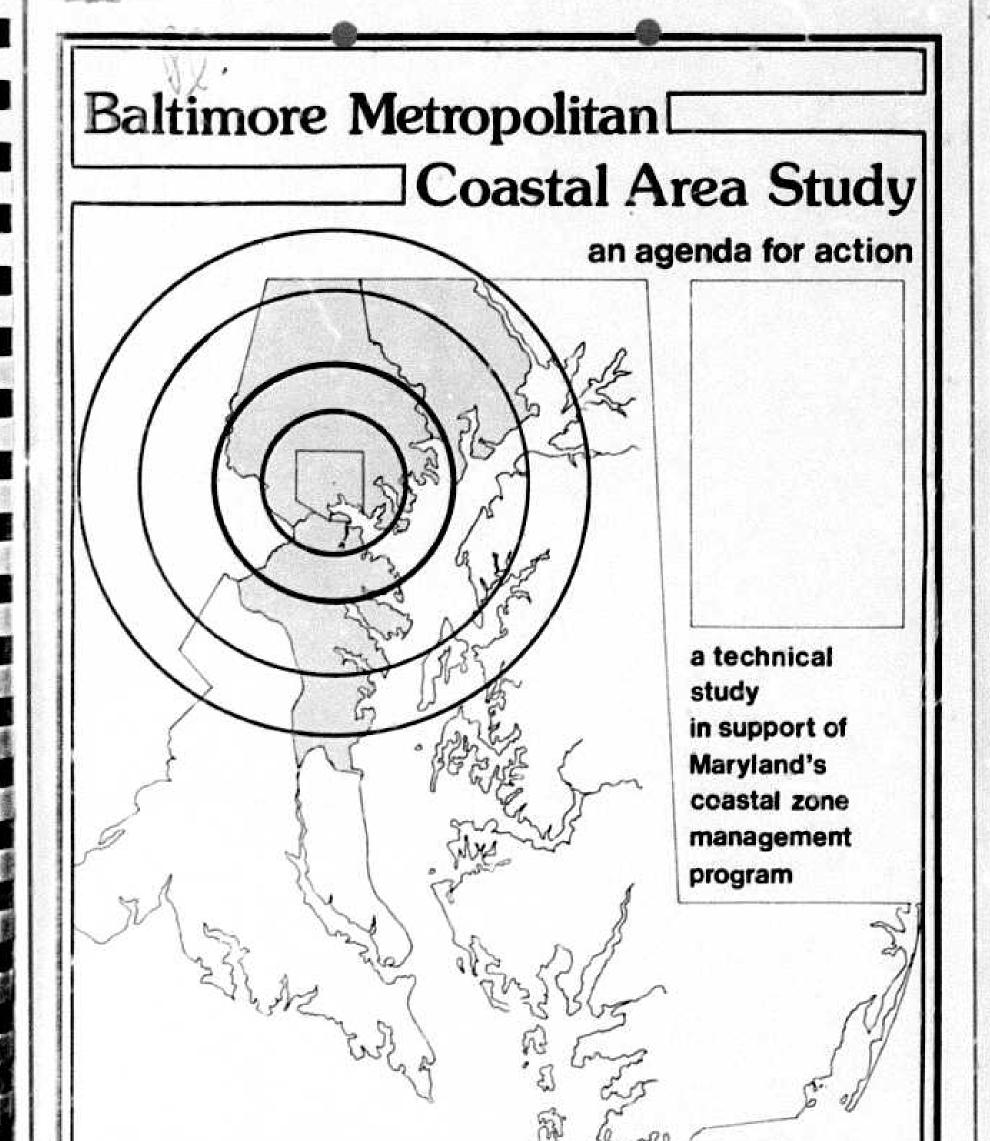
Mr. Solomon's characterization of the property as it now exists is inaccurate. As the photographs before the Board indicate, only a small percentage of the site is wooded (11%). Most of these woods as has been indicated, would be untouched by the development as proposed. Only thin strips of trees exist in much of the proposed development area. More important from an environment standpoint should be the quality of the woodland, but this has not been raised by the planning staff. Certainly, the subject site contains no dense forestation such as would commonly be signified by the term "woodland", except around the perimeter, and this would remain largely untouched. Thirty-eight percent (38%) of the property has been graded already for apartments, including much of the hydric soils identified in testimony, thereby reducing their significance. This large portion of the property has had its top soil stripped already, further development will improve, not detract from its appearance and full environmental impact. Finally, fifty-one percent (51%) of the property is in uncultivated and untended

The Board should also be aware that the subject site also contains public works improvements of over \$600,000.00 in furtherance of the apartment project. These improvements have irrevocably changed the character of the property and include a storm drain system, public sewerage lines, public water lines, curb and gutter, roadwork and grading and filling. The site is haruly in an untouched natural state.

If the question which Mr. Solomon is presenting to the Board is one of degree of impact, then I would suggest that the degree can not be determined until final development plans indicating water, sewer, grading, sedimentation control etc. have been prepared at the building permit stage. Obviously, at that stage we will have to satisfy the concerns of numerous county agencies who will all focus on something different in our ultimate designs. What these designs might be will depend on the particular characteristics of this site from an engineering point of view in relation to the proposed development. Generalizations may or may not apply when this particular site is studied at that stage.

For example, several generalizations used by Mr. Solomon are simply not applicable. The site does not have to be brought up to a ten (10) foot level everywhere. Under existing county requirements the first floor elevations must be above ten feet. The first floor of a mobile home are usually two feet above the ground, thereby providing for an eight, not ten foot, level. Furthermore, the homes are not usually located at the point of lowest elevation on each lot. This means that grading will be significantly less than that anticipated by Mr. Solomon.

In final design, conducted within the CRG process, the need for storm water management would be addressed. If management were necessary, detailed engineering studies would be required to determine the most effective strategy. Management by infiltration may not be a practical or even possible option. The Department of Public Works is the County agency responsible for review and approval of storm water management plans. In a letter dated June 3, 1983, the Director of that agency, Mr. Harry J. Pistel, commented to th. State Water Resources Administration regarding infiltration as follows:



HE ARLIDEL CORPORATION



Mr. William T. Hackett, Chairman July 28, 1983 Page Three

> "The practicality of infiltration needs to be demonstrated before it is mandated as the preferred method of management. Damage to aquifers and well supplies, damage to foundations and basements, possible flotation of structures, generation of spring heads at embarrassing or dangerous locations, ets. are an illustration.

The cost of geologic surveys could be enormous. Without these surveys, all concerned with the design and approval process are guessing and in peril personally and professionally should unwanted results be produced. Law suits could not be defended."

"In summary, we feel the Administration should not be mandating management methods such as infiltration that are relatively new and for which little actual field test data is available."

A copy of Mr. Pistel's complete comments are attached for your information.

The issue of grading already has been discussed with The Department of Public Works and we have indicated that no grades beyond those currently acceptable to public works will be used. To my knowledge nothing on the site plan submitted to the Board or on the preliminary grading study will conflict with Public Works requirements, and in fact the preliminary grading study in large part reflects public works comment. In addition, during the construction phase we intend to comply with whatever requirements are placed on the project by sediment control and public works. It should be pointed out that the flat and gently rolling topographic characteristics of the property alluded to by Mr. Solomon will in large measure work to minimize a sediment and erosion problem. We anticipate that federal, county, and state agencies will regulate the manner in which any grading on the site will be done, and they will require detailed erosion and sediment control plans.

Mr. Solomon's conclusions about the effects of grading on run-off are also unsupported by any facts. Further grading will not render the surface impervious to rainfall and run-off. The impervious area associated with each lot in the park would consist of the patio, two parking places, one-half the roadway fronting the lot, and to an extent the robile home. It should be recognized that the largest contribution to the total impervious area, the mobile home, does not really represent a wholly impervious area. The homes are not on permanent foundations, and because of the fact that they are located off the ground, they permit infiltration of run-off under the home itself. Any examination of any mobile home park will indicate that the area under the mobile home absorbs its share of rainfall. If we allow, therefore, for a maximum of one-half infiltration under the mobile home unit. only a small percentage of the total site would be impervious. In addition, unlike apartments built with large parking areas, permanent foundations, and curb and gutter, mobile home park development has dispersed parking areas, no curb and gutter but rather natural swale water carriers to maximize infiltration. We feel that our proposed plan will utilize natural infiltration.

gravel mining operations. In short, urbanization of the coastal zone has sulted in the preemption of natural areas for other land uses. It has also meant an increase in incompatible land uses adjacent to natural areas. thus reducing their value. The cumulative impact of encroaching urban land uses upon natural areas seriously threatens the performance of their ecological processes. Public benefits from coastal natural areas can only be assured if they are sufficiently protected

from incompatible land uses. Currently, Anne Arundel County is the only coastal justisdiction in the region which zones natural areas to prevent their development. However, the Anne Alundel County Open Space District applies only to those natural areas within the 'Natural Drainage System,' including wedlands, marshlands, swamplands, and ail lands within the 100-year floodplain. However, little of the 100 year floodplain has actually been designated as open space. One of the Baltimore County Resource Conservation Zones (R.C. 2) provides for the inclusion of wetlands, but the application of this Zone to a wetland area would still allow agricultural and large-lot residential uses. Both types of zoning have been applied to coastal natural areas in an extremely limited

Recommendation: Coastal counties should limit development in areas where development would adversely affect water quality, productive wildlife habiit, biotic systems or scenic and natural values.

-Tidal and non-tidal wetlands:

-100-year riverine and tidal floodplains -Upland natural areas having moderate to high-

value wildlife habitat: -Areas that provide habitat for rare or endangered plant or animal species:

-Slopes of 20% or greater: Unstable soil subject to slipping, mass movement,

or severe erosion, when these areas are two acres

or more in size; and -Natural areas of significant scenic or esthetic

Hartied Ballin, Bullin, A.A. Stee Co. Co. Co.; Co. RPC DNR DECD DIS DOT DHIMH MPA. THS. . . . . . .

Recommendation: Coastal jurisdictions should control development adjacent to significant and fragile natural areas. Development in areas adjacent to significant or fragile natural areas should be controlled carefully by the coastal jurisdictions to prevent adverse impacts which may significantly degrade the qualities of those areas. Specifically:

-Priority should be given to proposed development or activities that are complimentary to wildlife uses, such as wildlife or fishing preserves or ag-

ricultural or grazing lands that serve as auxiliary feeding areas for wildlife.

-New development should be of a type and intensity and set back to prevent significant adverse impact to these natural areas. No unnecessary disturbance or destruction of existing shoreline and intertidal natural areas or wetland vegetation should be permitted.

 New development, including new divisions of land and construction on existing lots, should be regulated to maintain a natural vegetation buffer strip along all ponds, bogs, lagoons, wetlands, and intermittent and perennial coastal rivers, creeks, and streams. The buffer strip should be as wide as necessary for protection of natural areas, but in no case less than 100 feet wide except for minor intrusions upon natural vegetation (e.g., small boat docks and utility pipelines). The buffer strip should normally consist of indigenous vegetation, but in partially developed areas appropriate landscaping may be acceptable where the natural area will not be adversely affected.

CO. CO. CO. CO. RPC DNR DECED TOP BOT DHMH MEA. ON. . . . . .

Because of their small size and the proximity to hous ing, commercial, and industrial development the region's coastal woodlands are generally unsuited for commercial logging; yet, they have values which cannot be mer sured in board feet. Woodlands exert strong influences upon the coastal environment and coastal ecological systems. They reduce the force of winds, increase humidity, moderate temperatures, produce oxygen, filter air poliutants and dirt, and serve as noise barriers. Woodlands influence the soil by generating humus, stabilizing the soil (reducing water and wind erosion), increasing the porosity of the soil (increasing water storage capabilities), and they function as a filter system to insure water quality. Coastal woodlands also protect the aquifer recharge areas, reduce flood peaks. and damages, and eliminate excess erosion and sedimentation. The existence of several Maryland Big Tree Champions in the coastal zone provide an irreplaceable natural heritage for existing and future generations Quite simply, wo dlands are an essential component of the general welfare of coastal communities.

Rapid growth, the spread of development, and increasing demands upon natural resources have encroached upon, despoiled, or eliminated many coastal trees and other forms of vegetation and have disturbed the natural processes associated with them. While local and state regulations have been developed to protect other critical environmental areas, woodlands have been relatively ignored even though they are vital to the public good. Although local erosion and sedimentation regulations play a part in protecting woodland resources, there are no provisions specifically directed

THE ARL/IDEL CORPORATION



Mr. William T. Hackett, Chairman July 28, 1983 Page Four

We certainly believe that we are in compliance with the Master Plan and with the Coastal Zone Management Program. Neither the plan nor the program are designed to stop needed development. Both indicate the need to protect the Day where necessary. At the particular location, water quality and estuarine quality are in compliance with current quality standards. Obviously, the existing apartment complex has had little adverse impact on the environment and on water quality. As was pointed out in our environmental impact statement, the publication Maryland Water Quality 1980 states: "Water quality in this segment is generally suited for maintenance of aquatic resources and recreational activities. Waters in this segment show a relatively healthy estuarine area with all water quality standards being met." This is an area which has coped with existing development and is capable of handling the proposed development.

Urban pollution from a developed site is directly proportional to the number of persons and automobiles located on and using that particular site. As a result, down-zoning the site and halving the number of permitted residences will certainly reduce the amount of pollutants generated from that currently permitted. As with any development or land use activity, this proposal will have some impact on water quality and on the environment. I do not believe, however, that the impact will not be significantly greater than that from a similar up-stream development. The short-time of flow in an open channel from such an upstream development would not greatly reduce the water-borne pollutant load.

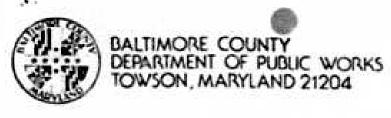
In conclusion, we would ask the Board to review the comments made with respect to our environmental impact in our pre-hearing submissions. No answer to the data contained therein was presented by the County, and no refutation of the conclusions made therein occurred. Mr. Solomon's generalized conclusionary statements are not in conformance with the data available for this particular site. We would, therefore, respectfully ask the Board to approve the site plan before it, without restrictions at this stage and to give us the lattitude to make reductions in the scope of the project if necessary as further planning engineering and the CRG process may require.

C. Robert Shinham, P.E. P.L.S.

CRS:nm

Attachment

cc: People's Counsel Mr. Robert J. Romadka



June 3, 1983

Mr. H. Earl Shaver, Chief Stormwater Management Division Water Resources Administration Tawes State Office Building Annapolis, Maryland 21401

Reference: WRA Regulations 08.05.05 Stormwater Management

Dear Mr. Shaver:

We have reviewed the proposed regulations and wish to offer the following

Section .01 Purpose and Scope

These regulations, by design criteria found in Section .08E, go beyond the prevention of problems from development and require that development "reduce stream channel erosion, pollution, siltation and sedimentation, and local flooding". We believe that such criteria would not stand a legal test. A more equitable method would be to require that existing development be retrofitted with storrwater management facilities and that agricultural operations be required to practice stormwater management. We feel that agricultural operations have a large impact on the streams and waters of the state. If the state is truly concerned with water quality and stream channel erosion, why has this problem been ignored?

2. Section .03 General Provisions C and D. (2)

What sanctions may the Administration impose if a county is found to not have an acceptable stormwater management program?

Section .03 General Provisions E.

The Administration should be required to approve or disapprove any county ordinance within 30 days. We feel that Baltimore County must have approval by February 1984 so that the County Council can conduct the necessary public hearings, make revisions and adopt the ordinance by April 1984. If the ordinance is not approved by April, the County Council will be involved in the annual budget process in which case the stormwater management ordinance may not be approved until after July 1984.

June 3, 1983 Page 2

Mr. H. Earl Shaver

- 4. Section .05 When Stormwater Management is Required,
  - B(1) Does this exemption apply only to the house or to detached
  - B(2) Do you mean disturbed area or new impervious area?

The term development is not defined in these regulations and therefore the activities exempt in (3) are not clear. Item (4) and (5) appear the same. They need further clarification if they are referring to different circumstances.

There appears to be no allowance for "grandfathering" approved subdivisions or management plans. Will plans that are in the review process prior to July 1, 1984 have to be revised to meet the new standards?

. The exemptions listed are for state-wide use while the impacts from similar developments may not be the same state-wide.

5. Section . 6 Minimum Control Requirements

(A) It appears that the Bay was used as a dividing line for setting the minimum control requirements. Is it really necessary for coastal areas and mountainous areas to provide identical management? For example, the impacts of identical developments in Baltimore County, one in the eastern coastal section, and one in the rolling hills of northern Baltimore County, will have very different impacts.

We do not feel that 10-year frequency control is necessary in Baltimore County except at specific locations where existing inadequate drain facilities may need to be protected. The 10-year control in Baltimore County will do little to reduce stream channel erosion, pollution, siltation and sedimentation. The 10-year floodplain for most streams in Baltimore County is out of the natural stream channel and is almost as wide as the 100-year floodplain. Increases in peak discharges from development will change the stream velocities very little because most of the flow is out of the banks in the overbank floodplain areas which are normally well stabilized with vegetation.

(B) Most rural counties will not have the funding or manpower and expertise to investigate alternate minimum cortrol requirements. Will the State be able to assist in this work?

6. Section .07 Inter-jurisdictional Flood Hazard Watersheds

The State has been quite lax in its enforcement of approved flood management plans in the Gwynns Falls, specifically the MTA and N.W. Expressway. Should we expect future enforcement of the flood management plans?

Mr. H. Earl Shaver June 3, 1983 Page 5

In summary, we feel the Administration should not be mandating management methods such as infiltration that are relatively new and for which little actual field test data is available.

The Administration would far better serve the citizens of the State went back to the legislature and requested a delay in implimentation of | regulations and requested funding to conduct several years of field resea testing of various storm water management devices to determine the actual benefits, if any, and the problems and costs. Baltimore County would support such legislation. Then, intelligent decisions could be made as to the future of storm water management in the State. For too long the State and counties have been perpetuating regulations and policies based on theoretical analysis and marginal field test data.

HJP: JAM: hhm

cc: Mr. B. Melvin Cole Mr. Norman E. Gerber Mr. Donald Brand Mr. James E. Markle

MLR-IN MH-IM DR-5.5 DR 5.5

Mr. H. Earl Shaver June 3, 1983 Page 3

> 100-year stormwater management is not necessary in all areas of the Gwynns Falls to maintain existing flood peaks.

> If this is documented in the flood management plan for the watershed with the appropriate supporting data, will the Administration waive the blanket 100-year management requirement?

7. Section .08 Stormwater Management Design Criteria

A. The practicality of infiltration needs to be demonstrated before it is mandated as the preferred method of management. Damage to aquifers and well supplies, damage to foundations and basements, possible flotation of structures, generation of spring heads at embarrassing or dangerous locations,

The cost of geologic surveys could be enormous. Without these surveys, all concerned with the design and approval process are guessing and in peril personally and professionally should unwanted results be produced. Law suits could not be defended.

Who must provide the justification for rejecting the preferred methods? This section is not clear. We would presume that the developer's engineer would have to justify the rejections of specific practices to Baltimore County. If so, the Administration should provide some very detailed quidelines unless the Administration wishes to assume the review responsibility.

B. and C. The detailed design criteria found in these two sections should not be in these regulations as they would be difficult to change without public hearings, etc. which are time consuming. Design Setails such as the minimum distance a practice should be from a well should be in a design manual that could easily be changed by the Administration, if necessary, as more practical experience is gained.

B.2. All infiltration systems including residential should be a minimum \_. of 100 feet from any water supply well.

C. The special requirements for off-site structures appear to be the desires of a special interest group. Why is a 400 acre drainage area critical? Why is the 1-year storm critical only in this case? Why is discharge into a trout stream prohibited? How far away from a trout stream must a facility be so as to not be considered as discharging into a trout stream? These regulations eliminate the future consideration of regional facilities in most watersheds.

The downstream analysis requirements will be quite difficult for many small consultants without computer modeling capability. This requirement will also be quite expensive. Many counties will not have the staff to review such work anyway. Will WRA accept the review responsibility or will Mr. H. Earl Shaver June 3, 1983 Page 4

> the State assist with funding that will be required for the additions. personnel?

C.3.c. If an approving agancy waives the use of detention or retention structures, will some other method of management be required?

E. Assuming that cropland is meadow may be valid when proof of long term agricultural use is not available. However, Baltimore County has aerial photography from the 1950's which can be used to document long term agricultural use.

I. Storm water management with 100-year controls will not be in accordance with approved Watershed Management Plans for the Gwynns Palls and Jones Falls watersheds.

L. The elimination of curb and gutter may appear to have certain advantages but the problems far outweigh the advantages. Density zoning in Baltimore County further complicates the issue. Light densities can still result in tightly compressed (clustered) development on a portion of a site. Swales or roadside ditches would be objectionable to most residents in such instances. Curbing is necessary for traffic control and proper drainage control in many cases.

For example, in many of the older subdivisions in Baltimore County the roadside ditches have been piped and/or filled in by residents or completely destroyed by off-street parking, etc. This results in drainage complaints of various degrees to Baltimore County, such as ponded water, flooded yards, flooded basements, etc. Usually the only acceptable solution is the construction of curb and gutter.

8. Section .09 Inspection Requirements During Construction

B.2.(d). A top course of "crushed stone" will not allow inflitration of storm water from the porous asphaltic concrete surface to the reservoir .

C. Notice of construction completion should be submitted to the Administration by the owner of the facility or his inspector, which may not be Baltimore County.

9. Section .10 Maintenance

A. How do you inspect infiltration systems?

Inspection of all storm water management facilities, at least once every three years, will become a massive undertaking in a very short time. In Baltimore County approximately 1500 homes or commercial projects are constructed each year. Even if only 10% of these have storm water management facilities, starting in the fourth year, 300 inspections would be required.

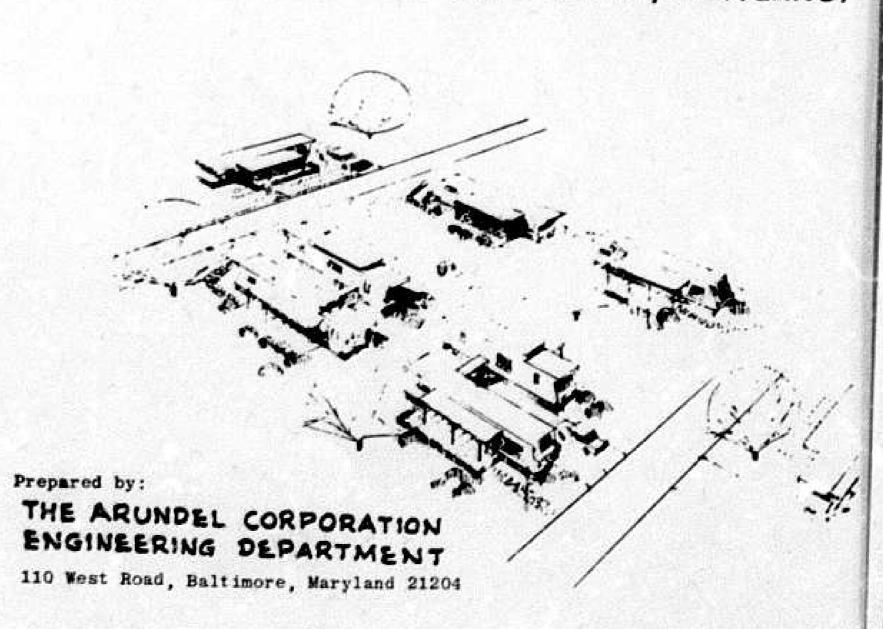
Is the State ready to assist counties in the cost of this entire storm water management program?

# ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT FOR

# GALWAY BAY

A WATERFRONT MOBILE HOME PARK ON SALTPETER CREEK

ELECTION DISTRICT No. 15 BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND.



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#### GALWAY BAY PARK EXISTING CONDITIONS

The existing property consists of 62.358 Acres together with 0.346 Acres or a total of 62.704 Acres presently zoned D.R. 16 and D.R. 5.5. It is bounded on the north by four large lots facing Marshy Point Road, and Section 3 and 4-A-I of Dundee Village a development of 981 low-cost rental townhouse apartments. On the east the site is bounded by a large estate known as Marshy Point, now occupied by a nursery, and the head waters of Saltpeter Creek. Along the south and west boundaries, the site binds on the waters of Saltpeter Creek.

Approximately half of the site has been cleared and graded in preparation for future apartment expansion and is lying bare and unproductive. The remainder of the tract is grown over pasture land leading down to the marshy edge of Saltpeter Creek.

There is some wood remaining along the east side of the property consisting of oak, scrub pine, american holly and gum.

The entrance to the site is through two 30 foot paved roads known as Dundee Village Creek leading southeasterly from Eastern Avenue, through the existing Dundee Village project. The developer intends to use the northeasternmost road as primary entrance to the site.

-2-

The apartments are drained westerly by pipe system to Saltpeter Creek at the northwestern corner of this site and by a 450 foot drain extension running southeasterly to Saltpeter Creek from the end of paving of Dundee Village Circle (east) at the southeasternmost corner of Section Three. There is also a graded swale running along the north and east sides of the property in an existing Drainage and Utility Easement shown on Exhibits I.S.-1 & I.S.-2. WILDLIFE:

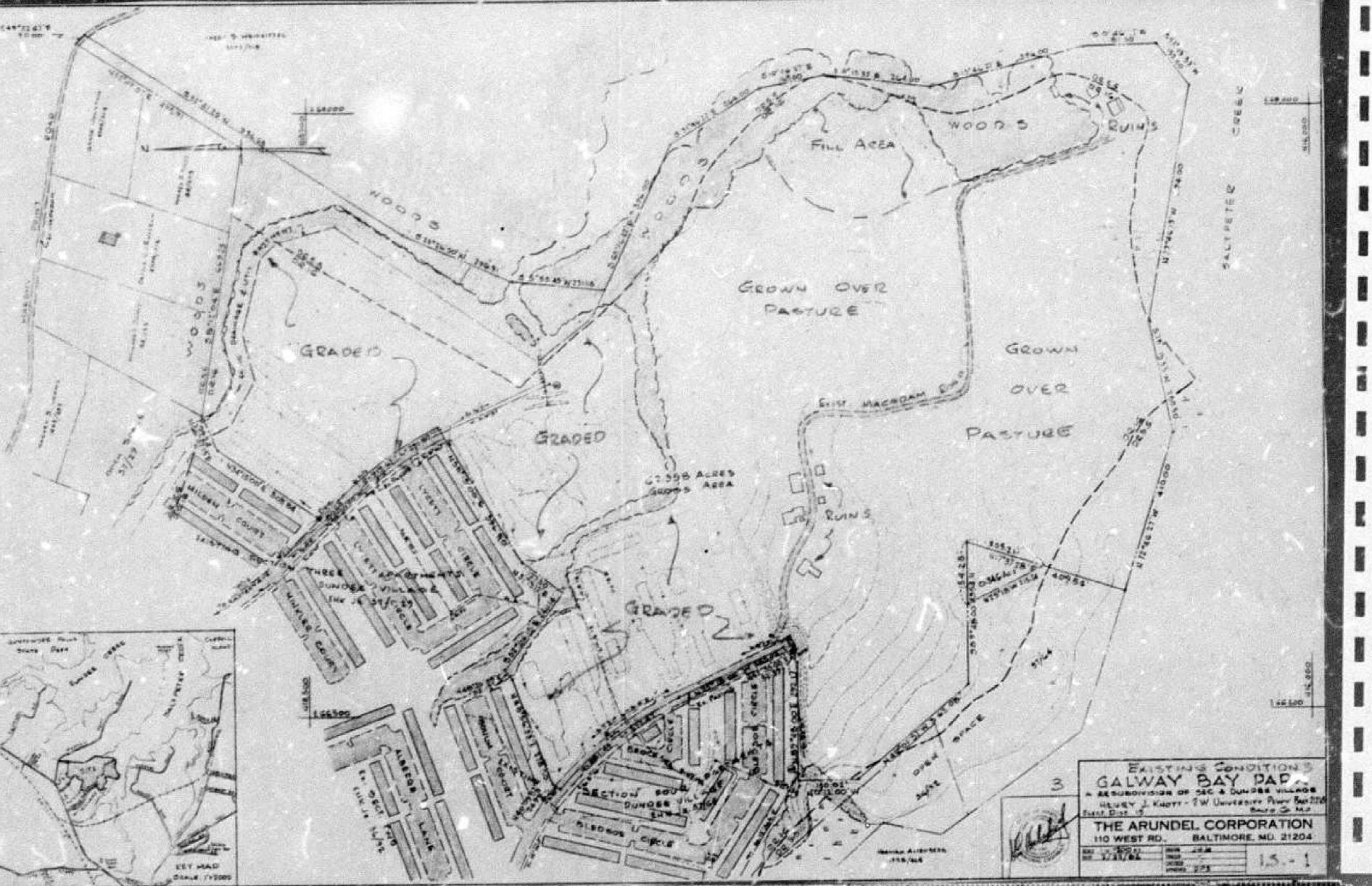
This undeveloped section was formerly a stock farm on which beef cattle and hogs were raised.

Some wildlife can be found such as raccoon, opossum, cottontail rabbit, field mice, ground hog, musk rat, gray and red squirrel and an occasional visit by white-tailed deer. Also present are domestic rats and nice, wild cats and dogs. Some upland bird life such as bobwhite, quail and morning dove abound together with migratory visits by many varieties of ducks and Canadian geese on Saltpeter Croek. Hawk, owl, shore birds, song birds, gull and turkey vultures can be found on or near the property.

Marine life such as white perch, yellow perch, large mouth bass, pike, pickerel, carp, blue gill and cat fish occasionally can be found in Saltpeter Creek in close proximity to the subject site.

The blue channel crab, once driven away by algi and milfoil congestion due to polution of the local water from septic systems and numerous waterfront cattle farms, are slowly returning due to reduced use of farms and sewer extension throughout the area by Baltimore County.

MITSON ST 6475m.(7 m/846/200 provided he of party DE 65 Area of 5 Describe to \$ 16 W Jan 27 27 EMALE ST TOUGH & Catherine comment of call others promiting appears "we call tothe Open Sent Arm proposed for stone More Little war Note: Regurses Off Street Foreign tourse Section & some themselves contra on S.S. St. or first AND DESIGNATIONS OF THE SECURE . 144.500 1897 Servicing Citation Continues to the State State on Appare Resident WNER'S CERTIFICATE The effective matter made shown harmon and the marrier frages? or days one for the purposes of description or in and the some ore Asia of then as for as they relate to the not interested to be despotedlish to problemate. The fact sompley follows medicing of this plat and is the neithing of the pully thereof is expressing reversed in the granters of the dead markers has been armous sch to which the year is allocated. They have and devices RECORD . AT - SECTION FOUR Consideration above to the portions been us f a Bottomore Dwinter of stone tension iteration DUNDEE VILLAGE Tra buildings, courts and profess scoon are proposed improving the and were not easily out on it receive said date, or autig in 1994, resistors dista-A 2 THIS CAME SHOWN WHERE MADE AFTER PLAY WAS PROCEDU APPROVED THE STATE APPROVED -15 2 . \*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*



The undisturbed portion of the property has a ridge running southeasterly generally along a 10 foot paved farm road passing through a compound of farm buildings, which have been demolished or burned out. This road terminates at a point at the southeast corner, where the remains are of what was once the farm house and its out buildings, and was once known as Reid Road. From this ridge the land slopes gently to the northeast and southwest to Saltpeter Creek. (See Exhibit I.S.-1 Existing Conditions).

The land has presently been laid out for an additional 921 apartment townhouses and is on Record in Baltimore County in Plat Book EJH, Jr 37, Folio 64 (See Exhibit I.S.-2 "Record Plat Section Four Dundee Village" revised July 15, 1974 to show outline of Section 4-A). A 13.211 Acre portion of this plat designated as Section 4-A-I has been developed with 176 apartments on Bonum Court, Brock Circle and Bledsoe Circle.

The property is served by a private sanitary sewer system which has been extended with two private 12" sanitary sewers through Dundee Village from the existing county sewer. This sewer runs through the apartment project to the Bowleys Quarters Pumping Station. The sewer is designed to accommodate the existing apartments and the 921 additional units which were proposed.

private water exists in both roads with minimum 8" water mains leading through the apartment project from the existing county water main in Eastern Avenue. This system is presently looped through the subject tract from Lycett Circle to Dundee Village Circle at Brock Circle.

Natural gas and electricity have been constructed to the site through the existing apartments.

-5

# SOILS

The land is made up of several classifications of soil, most of which have moderate to severe high water tables except for Sassafras series.

One can see from these soil characteristics that it was evident that septic systems in the area were not functioning (See Exhibit I.S.-3). The extension of santiary sewer now makes the land developable.

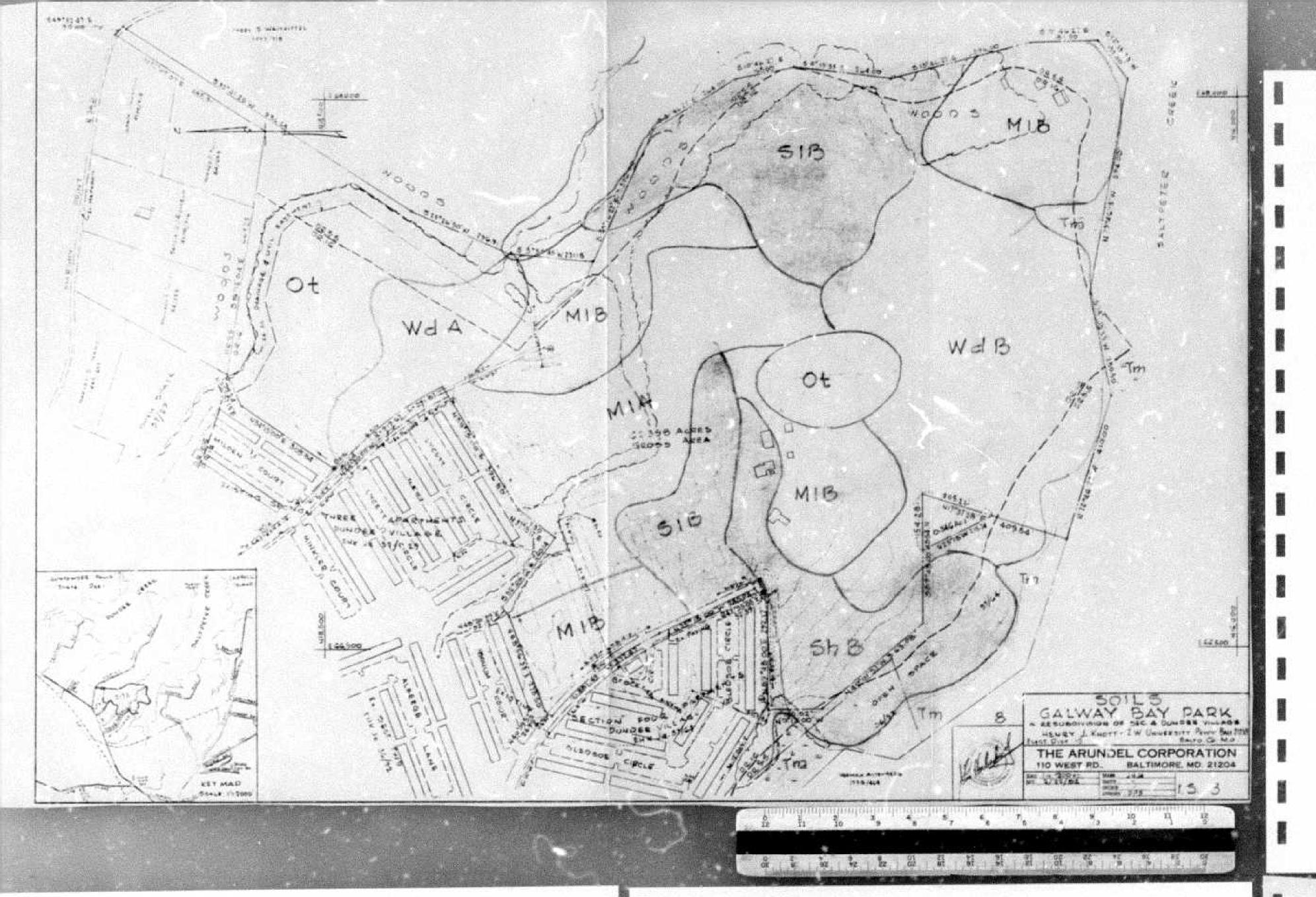
It should also be noted that all soils are primarily suited to either woodland or pasture use.

## TABLE 1 - SOIL LEGEND

- 1. MIA Mattapex Silt Loam 0 to 2% slopes
- 2. MIB Mattapex Silt Loam 2 to 5% slopes
- 3. Ot Othello Silt Loam.
- 4. SIB Sassafrass Loam 2 to 5% slopes
- 5. ShB Sassafras Sandy Loam 2 to 5% slopes
- C. Tm Tidal Marsh.
- 7. WdA Woodstown Sandy Loam 0 to 2% slopes
- WdB Woodstown Sandy Loam 2 to 5% slopes
   & 2. The Mattapex series consists of deep, moderately

well drained, nearly level to gently sloping soils on uplands of the Coastal Plain. These soils formed in old deposits of silty material underlain by older, coarser textured sediment. The native vegetation is mixed hardwoods that tolerate wetness.

In a representative profile the surface layer is dark grayish-brown silt loam about 9 inches thick. The subsoil, about 27 inches thick, is yellowish-brown and dark yellowish-brown silty clay loam and silt loam that is mottled in the lower part. The underlying material is yellowish-brown mottled silt loam.



Mattapex soils are fairly easy to work, but at times in spring they are not dry and warm soon enough for early planting.

Artificial drainage is needed for some crops, especially in the more nearly level areas. These soils are strongly acid to very strongly acid and have a high available moisture capacity.

Permeability is moderately slow. Seasonal wetness and impeded drainage impose moderate to severe limitations on Mattapex soils for many nonfarm uses. Erosion is a moderate hazard in sloping areas.

3. The Othello series - consists of deep, poorly drained, nearly level soils on upland flats of the Coastal Plain. These soils formed in old deposits of - lty material underlain by older sandy sediment. The negative vegetation is wetland hardwoods, mostly oaks, sweetgum, blackgum, red maple and holly.

In a representative profile the surface layer is grayish-brown silt loam about 10 inches thick. The subsoil, about 24 inches thick, is gray or light-gray silt loam or silty clay loam that is mottled with brown colors. The underlying material is grey or light-gray mottled loamy fine sand. Gray or light-gray silty clay is at a depth of about 46 inches.

Othello soils are not difficult to work at a favorable moisture content, but they should not be worked when the water table is near the surface. These soils have a high available moisture capacity. They are very strongly acid to extremely acid throughout. Permeability is moderately slow. Artificial drainage is needed for most crops and other uses. Poor internal drainage and the high water table severely limit the use of Othello soils for nonfarm purposes.

4. & 5. The Sassafras series - consists of deep,
well-drained, nearly level to steep soils on uplands of the Coastal
Plain. These soils formed in unconsolidated deposits of very old,
dominatly sandy sediment. The negative vegetation is mixed hardwoods,
mainly oak; Virginia pine has invaded some areas.

In a representative profile the surface layer is brown sandy loam about 10 inches thick. The subsoil, about 23 inches thick, is dark yellowish-brown sandy loam in the upper part, yellowish-red sandy clay loam in the middle part, and strong-brown sandy loam in the lower part. The underlying material is yellowish brown loamy sand that grades to sand.

Sassafras soils are easy to work. They have a moderate to high available moisture capacity and are moderately to highly productive under good management. Reaction is strongly acid to very strongly acid and permeability is moderate. The only important limitations to farming and for most nonfarm uses are those imposed by slope and by the hazard of erosion.

6. <u>Tidal Warsh</u> - consists of many small and a few fairly large areas covered regularly by tidal water. The areas border parts of Chesapeake Bay and parts of major estuaries and tidal streams. The soil material ranges from sand to clay, and in some places it is peaty or mucky. Most areas have a high content of salt, but a few are only brackish. Many areas contain sulfur compounds, and when these are drained or dried they are extremely acid. The vegetation is marsh grass, sedges, salt-tolerant herbs, and low shrubs.

-1

MARINE ALTERSAN

Tidal marsh is not suited to crops, pasture, or trees. It makes suitable habitat for many kinds of wildlife, and along with adjacent waterways, it is suitable for some kinds of outdoor recreation. Capability unit VIIIw-1; woodland subclass not applicable.

well drained, nearly level to gently sloping soils on uplands of the Coastal Plain. These soils formed in unconsolidated deposits of very old sandy materials containing moderate amounts of silt and clay. The native vegetation is mixed hardwoods that tolerate wetness; mainly oak, hickory, some maple and holly.

about 9 inches thick. This layer is very dark brown in the upper part and yellowish brown in the lower part. The subsoil, about 28 inches thick, is yellowish-brown sandy clay loam and sandy loam that is mottled with grayish colors in the lower part. The underlying material is light yellowish-brown, mottled and streaked, loamy fine sand that extends to a depth of 60 inches or more.

Woodstown soils are easy to work, but seasonal wetness sometimes prevents early plowing and planting. Reaction is very strongly acid to extremely acid. Available moisture capacity is moderate to high. Permeability is moderate. Seasonal wetness and the seasonal high water table impose moderate to severe limitations on the use of Woodstown soil for some nonfarm purposes.

#### TOPOGRAPHY

The site slopes gently to the northeast south and southwest from a high point elevation of 25 ft. above sea level. This high point is located just southeast of the end of paving of Dundee Village Circle (west) just south of Bledsoe Circle (See I.S.-4).

Grades vary from 0% to 5% on all undisturbed areas.

The northern portion of the site has been graded for townhouses, see layout on I.S.-2 with cut grades averaging 2%+.

There is a cleared and graded fill area in the southeast corner of the property that is also graded to an average of 2% grade with 2:1 slopes along the east and south sides where it meets existing grade.



-11-

# PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT GALWAY BAY PARK

The Galway Bay Park consisting of 62.704 Acres under this proposal, is to be converted from a low-cost townhouse apartment complex of 921 units to a modern mobile home park of 427 lots. The lots proposed will average 3,600 square feet in area and will be designated for 70' x 14' mobile homes. Each lot will be provided with a concrete patio and hard surface offstreet parking for two vehicles.

Access to these lots will be by a 30 foot bituminous concrete roadway with easy grades and winding alignment designed to discourage speeding.

Storm water drainage will be collected in pipe systems and discharged directly into tide water to minimize erosion.

Private sanitary sewer will be extended to each lot and flow by gravity into the two existing 12" sewer lines at the east and west sides of the tract.

Private water will be provided for each lot from the existing water system in Dundee Village. The entire development will have adequate fire protection by installation of fire hydrants throughout.

Underground natural gas and electric service will be provided to each lot as an extension of the existing system.

Telephone service will also be provided to those owners so desiring this service.

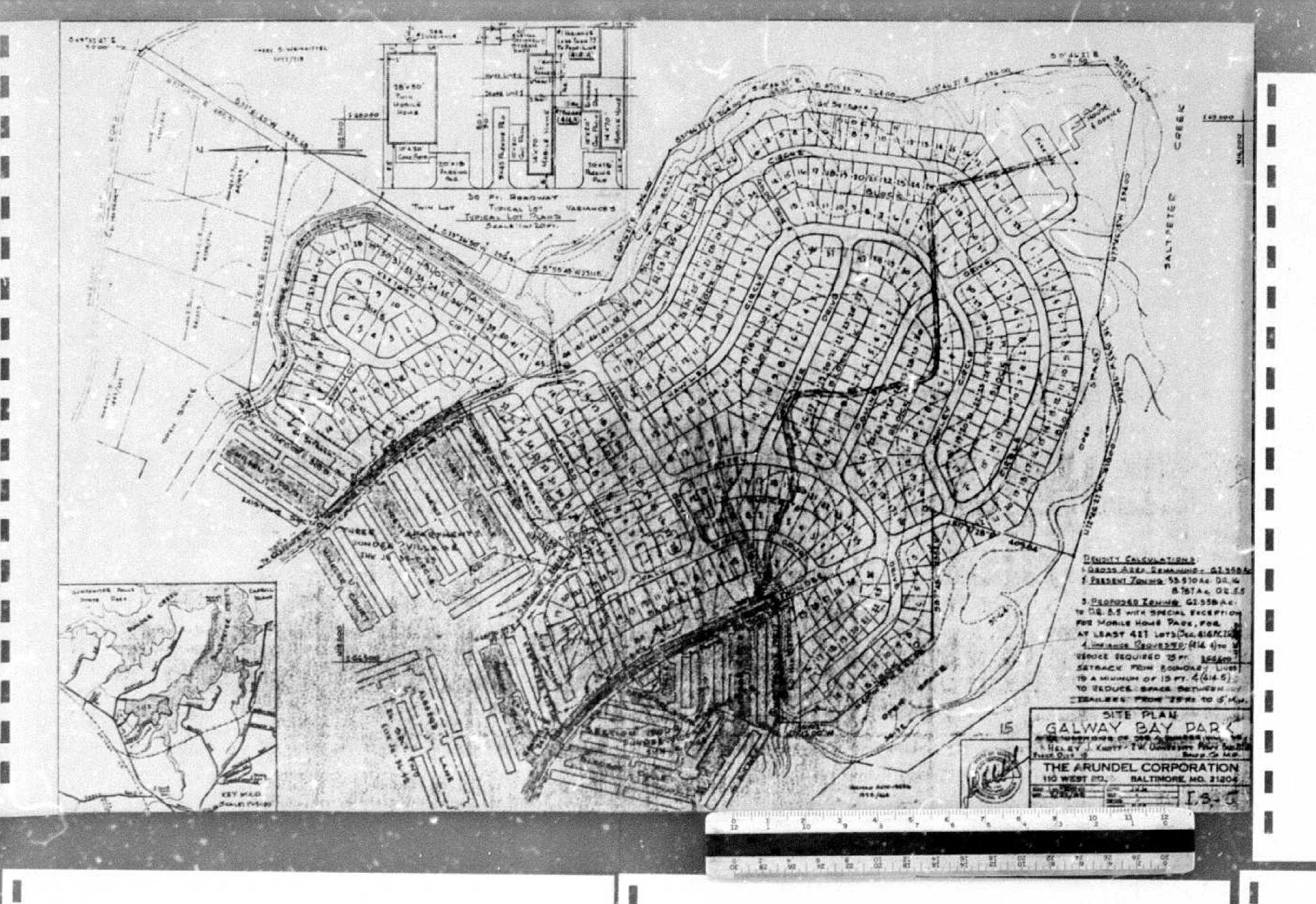
-14-

Although the affordable cost of mobile homes is certainly attractive, it often is not a major criterion in the selection of the mobile home alternative. Many people now living in mobile home parks have previously owned more expensive housing but have grown weary of mowing lawns or cleaning many rooms or lonely in the vastness of large homes after children have grown and moved away. These people, however, currently have no open alternative other than apartment dwelling which involves a wholly different lifestyle from home ownership.

In this proposal certain design controls are proposed to add to the aesthetic appeal of the mobile home park. The minimum lot size is twenty percent (20%) greater than the minimum lot size required by B.C.Z.R. section 414.2. Natural buffer woodland will be preserved, and additional planting will be undertaken in open space areas. Of course, the natural resource of Saltpeter Creek will be preserved, and the shoreline enhanced where appropriate. A variance has been sought from Section 414.5 of the B.C.Z.R. purposefully to meet the concern noted in the Master Plan for design flexibility in the orientation of mobile homes. 3 Master Plan at 16.

The need for practical affordable housing is greater in the vicinity of the proposed mobile home park than in other areas of the county. The Master Plan projected a 98% increase in housing in the Chase-Bird River area over the next tem (10) years. 3 Master Plan 33. Both the 1980 Census Report and the Master Plan indicate, however, that most of the existing families in the area have low-to-moderate incomes, and that over haif of the dwelling units in the area are not owner-occupied. 3 Master Plan 24, 33-34. If the Master Plan's assumption that the price of housing demand for owner-occupied units is twice the annual household income, then clearly mobile home units are the only alternatives for most of the people drawn to the area who seek a form of home ownership.

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#### IMPACT OF GALWAY BAY PARK ON THE ENVIRONMENT

The development of this area presently a run-down farm, ps .ially graded will certainly clean up the environment.

The runoif irom areas pre-graded for apartments prior to sediment control requirements is causing some erosion to the detriment of Saltpeter Creek. This creek is just recovering from severe degradation caused by non-point contamination attributed to failing sertic systems, stock farm run off and siltation which caused a complete choking of this and other estuaries in the area with milfoil and algae to a point that they were almost completely unnavigable.

It should also be noted that unattended, vacant land is an attractive nuisance welcoming undesirable activies such as:

- dumping of trash; abandoment of junk cars and equipment.
- 2. An attractive gathering place for undesirable
- A harbor for undesirable wildlife such as rats, mice; abandoned cats and dogs, racoon and opossum.
- 4. A breeding place for filth and disease. 5. An attractive place for children to gather and get in trouble.

It is our belief that the development of this property with clean, orderly occupant owned mobile homes, will do nothing but eliminate most of these existing problems.

Of course, some desirable wildlife will be displaced and run off will be slightly increased, however these impacts can not be avoided as long as development of any type is expected.

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#### ALTERNATIVE TO DEVELOPING GALWAY BAY PARK

If the subject 62.704 Acres are not developed as requested into a mobile home park, the ower would still be able to continue construction of Dundee Village Section Four. Under the existing D.R. 15 and D.R. 5.5 zoning, there is sufficient density to construct 921 additional townhouse apartments as laid out on Exhibit I.S. -2 "Record Plat - Section Four Dunee Village" recorded in Plat Book EHK. Jr. 33, Folio 64.

These low-cost rental units although necessary, has proven to not attract the most desirable tenants. Mobile homes will on the other hand be owned by the occupants and although low cost would give that pride of ownership that is so necessary to keep up a community.

Construction of apartments in lieu of mobile homes would more than double the density and almost all other demands on public facilities except for impervious area. The mobile homes have a roof area of 67 x 14 or 938 square feet compared with two story townhouse apartments of 14' x 26' or 364 square feet per average unit. For comparison see Table #2.

Cable television will be available at the site which will eliminate the need for unsightly television aerials. Since this service is available its use will be made a part of restrictive covenants in the development.

Decorative street lights will be installed along all roadways together with attractive street signs.

The existing woodland along the east boundary will be preserved. Lawns and landscaping will be developed along the waterfront and around community clubhouse and administrative office. Compact white pine screen planting will be used in all areas adjacent to the existing Dundee Village and a chainlink security fence will be constructed along all adjoining property lines. New landscaping will be done along Dundee Village Circle (east) to provide as pleasing an entrance as possible.

Variances are requested to provide a more interesting variety in layout and housing types within the park; however, stringent restrictive covenants will be enforced to maintain a well-planned, orderly park with varied setbacks. See I.S.-5.

The fact that these mobile homes will be privately owned by the occupant, will certainly attract much more desirable residents with pride of ownership and permanency.

Mobile home parks appeal to a large variety of people. Ease of maintenance and upkeep is of particular appeal to the elderly. Young couples are attracted to mobile homes because of their appeal as m "starter home" where the pros and cons of home ownership are first discovered. Mobile homes also attract middle-aged couples whose children have grown and may not be accustomed to the emptiness of a large house or may want the freedom to travel more without the worry of home maintenance.

-16-

-20-

Please note that most impacts and overall densities for the proposed development would be less than half of what was originally proposed, where the living space, lot area (to the center of access roads) and open space for the proposed development are greater than Dundee Village by as much as almost 3 times. Paved area is more than one half of Dundee Village as off street parking for mobile homes is provided for 2 car spaces per dwelling unit where apartments only provide for an average of slightly in access of 1.53 car spaces per dwelling unit.

Therefore, it can be seen that impacts on density and effect on public familities are far less and living space is far greater than the Dundee Village alternate.

-21-

# BALTIMORE COUNTY OFFICE OF PLANNING & ZONING

County Office Building 111 W. Chesapeake Avenue Towson, Maryland 21234

Your Petition has been received this Filing Fee \$ 50,00 William E. Hammond, Zoning Commissioner

Petitioner's Attorney College College Reviewed by Reviewed by \*This is not to be interpreted as acceptance of the Petition for assignment of a hearing date.

Submitted by Rock Connellis

### CERTIFICATE OF POSTING ZONING DEPARTMENT OF BALTIMORE COUNTY

11=		-120192
District2	Date of I	Posting 9/29/83
Posted for: Peliting for Gerdites	nd Pedaenbartion	Execut Escation I
Petitioner: Folge Frest Par	Tresslus	1/2 riena
Location of property: NE 15 Ac		de. 295'
9 from Gestern 1	lee.	
acted facing Rushe	2 Runda linde upp	nd Lyutt Cerde
acted - Jacing Runder	cerell openile le	ledrol and
Remarks:		
Posted by 180 2 100	Date of return:	1/3/42
Number of Signs:		

Special Exception and Variances

15th Election District

ZONING: Petition for Conditional Reclassifica-tion. Special Exception and Variances LOCATION: Northeast side of Dundee Village Cir-cle. 785 ft. South from Eastern Avenue DATE & TIME: Thurs-day, Sept. 16, 1982 at 10:00

mum of 16 ft. and to reduce

the required 25 ft to 15 ft The Zoning Regulation to be excepted as follows

distance from bounds.

All that parcel of land i

sured along the said north

east side of said Dund Village Circle from the

nue 50' wide as shown on plat entitled "Record Pla-

1973 and recorded among

being N 18474.57

363.84° (2) N 66° 57° 13° 1 39.24° (3) S 81° 12° 94° 1

669 23' and (4) N 32° 49' 57" E 485.91' to the center of Marshy Point Road, 30'

wide, thence binding of the center of reid road ! 49° 32' 47" E 36.01' thence

binding a the east side of said Section Four the three following courses and dis-tances vis: (i) S 32° 41' 20"

W 936.65" (2) S 23° 26" 56" W 296.91 and (3) S 5° 55 45" W 231.18' to the waters of Saltpeter Creek thence binding on Saltpeter Creek the ten following courses

46' 27" E 264.00" (3) 5 10

46' 27" E 165.00' (4) S 6" 13" 33" W 264.00" (5) S 13° 46"

27" E 181.50' (7) S 52" 13"

13" W. 102.00" (8) N 79º +6"

13" W 594.00" (9) S 78" 13" 33" W 280.60' and (10) N.

thence binding the seven

199.83" (4) N. 40" 01" 57" W

292.17' and 17| N 47° 35"

of E 52.39 to the cen-terline of Dundee Village Circle thence binding on the centerline of said Dun-dee Village Circle as sow constructed 30 wide the a following courses and

distances viz: (1) N 25° 18'
06" W 205.5" and (2)
northwesterly slong a
curve to the left with a radius of 881.47" for a distance of 377.47 said curve
being subtended by a
chord bearing N 37°34 64"
W 374.59" thence leaving
said road and binding on
the north side of Section
Four the six following
courses and distances viz.

courses and distances viz. (1) N 40° 66' 52" E 24.9' (2) N 68° 56' 31" E 278.50' (3) N 48° 20' 36" E 32 12' (4) S 52° 96' 18" E 260.14' (5) N 57° 13' 12" E 127.20' and (6) N 58° 15' 00" E "96.80'

to the northeast side of Dundee Village Circle

tlence binding on the northeast side of said Dun-dee Village Circle as now

constructed 30' wide the two following courses and distances viz: (1) north-

westerly along a curve to the left with a radius of

919.67" for a distance of

291.87 said curve being subtraded by a chord bearing N 35° 24° 30" W 290.64° and (2) N 44° 35

00" W 80.54" to the place of

Containing 62.704 Acres

Being the property of Lodge Forest Partnership, as shown on plat plan filed with the Zoning Depart-

Village Fris as now constructed and distances wir: (1) northwesterly along a curve to the left with a radius of \$15.67 for a distance of \$15.67 said surve being subtended by a chord bearing N 25° 26° 50° W 250.64° and (2) N 44° 27° 50° W 85.64° to the place of beginning.

Hearing Date: Thursday, September 16, 1962 at 10:00 A.M.
Profile Hearing: Room BB, Courthouse, Towson, Maryland
By Order of
WILLIAM T. HACKETI
Chairman
County Buerd of Appeals
of Baltimore County
Aug. 26

**Qe Times** 

This is to Certify, That the annexed

was inserted in the Times, a newspaper printed and published in Baltimore County, once in each successive

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND OFFICE OF FINANCE - REVENUE DIVISION MISCELLANEOUS CASH RECEIFT

No. 105762

50.00M

MECRIVED ROPERT KETMENTHE

VALIDATION OF SIGNATURE OF CASHIER

CA83-59-XA

# CERTIFICATE OF PUBLICATION

TOWSON, MD. \_\_\_\_\_ August 26\_\_\_\_, 19.82\_

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, that the annexed advertisement was published in THE JEFFERSONIAN, a weekly newspaper printed and published in Towson, Baltimore County, Md. XIXEN TOWSON September ... 1982 ... the first publicatio... appearing on the 26th day of ..... August 19...82

THE JEFFERSONIAN,

Cost of Advertisement, 8



OFFICE OF PLANNING & ZONING TOWSON, MARYLAND 21204

GROMMAH 3 MAILEW ZONING COMMISSIONER

September 8, 1982

Robert J. Romac a, Esquire John B. Gontrum, Esquire 809 Eastern Boulevard Baltimore, Maryland 21221

> Re: Petitions for Conditional Reclassification, Special Exception and Variances NE/S Dundee Village Cir., 785' S from Eastern Avenue Lodge Forest Partnership - Petitioners Case #CR-83-59-XA Cycle III - Item #4

Dear Sirs:

This is to advise you that \$280.27 is due for advertising and posting of the above property.

Please make the check payable to Baltimore County, Maryland, and remit to Arlene January, Zoning Office, Room 113, County Office Building, Towson, Maryland 21204, before the hearing.

Very truly yours,

WILLIAM E. HAMMOND Zoning Commissioner

BALTIMORE COUNT . MARYLAND OFFICE OF FINANCE - REVENUE DIVISION MISCELLANEOUS CASH RECEIPT

No. 112307

DATE 10/6/82 ACCOUNT R-01-615-000

rice John B. Gentrum, Esquire

AMDUNT \$280.27 Advertising & Posting Case #R-83-59-XA C 157\*\*\*\*28027:b F080A VALIDATION OR SIGNATURE OF CASH OR

